POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

1) <u>Heading of the Part</u>: General Rules

8

2) <u>Code Citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101

3)	Section Numbers:	Proposed Actions
5)	<u>101.100</u>	Proposed Actions: Amendment
	101.106	Amendment
	101.108	Amendment
	101.110	
	101.112	Amendment
	101.112	Amendment
	101.200	Amendment
		Amendment
	101.202	Amendment
	101.300	Amendment
	101.302	Amendment
	101.304	Amendment
	101.306	Amendment
	101.308	Amendment
	101.400	Amendment
	101.402	Amendment
	101.404	Amendment
	101.406	Amendment
	101.500	Amendment
	101.502	Amendment
	101.504	Amendment
	101.508	Amendment
	101.510	Amendment
	101.512	Amendment
	101.514	Amendment
	101.516	Amendment
	101.518	Amendment
	101.520	Amendment
	101.522	Amendment
	101.602	Amendment
	101.604	Amendment
	101.606	Amendment
	101.608	Amendment
	101.610	Amendment
	101.612	Amendment
	101.616	Amendment



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POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

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101.618	Amendment
101.620	Amendment
101.622	Amendment
101.624	Amendment
101.626	Amendment
101.627	New Section
101.628	Amendment
101.630	Amendment
101.700	Amendment
101.800	Amendment
101.902	Amendment
101.904	Amendment
101.906	Amendment
101.908	Amendment
101.1000	Amendment
101.1010	Amendment
101.1020	Amendment
101.1030	Amendment
101.1060	Amendment
101.1070	Amendment
101.APPENDIX I	Amendment

- 4) <u>Statutory Authority</u>: Implementing and authorized by Section 26 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/26] and Section 10-75 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/10-75].
- 5) <u>A Complete Description of the Subjects and Issues Involved</u>: On April 11, 2019, the Board issued an opinion and order proposing first-notice amendments to Part 101 of its procedural rules [35 III. Adm. Code 101]. Part 101 contains the Board's general rules of procedure, which apply to all types of Board proceedings. The proposed amendments cover four subjects. First, a person offering an exhibit at an adjudicatory or time-limited water quality standard (TLWQS) hearing must e-file the exhibit after hearing, unless the hearing officer determines that it is not practicable for the person to do so. Second, under PA 100-880 (eff. Jan. 1, 2019), the Board will e-mail serve its final adjudicatory orders on parties consenting to e-mail service, except for final enforcement orders. Third, the Board specifies Part 101's applicability to TLWQS proceedings, which do not fall within either of the traditional types of Board proceedings – rulemakings and adjudicatory cases. Fourth, the Board clarifies, updates, and streamlines Part 101 consistent with the Board's regulatory review initiative.

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

The Board's first-notice opinion and order in this rulemaking (Proposed Amendments to General Procedural Rules [35 Ill. Adm. Code 101], docket R19-19) may be viewed and downloaded on the Board's website (pcb.illinois.gov).

- 6) <u>Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this</u> <u>rulemaking</u>: None
- 7) <u>Will this rulemaking replace an emergency rule currently in effect?</u> No
- 8) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date</u>? No

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- 9) <u>Does this rulemaking contain incorporations by reference</u>? No
- 10) Are there any other rulemakings pending on this Part? No
- 11) <u>Statement of Statewide Policy Objective</u>: The Board expects that this rulemaking will not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act [30 ILCS 805/3(b)].
- 12) <u>Time, Place, and Manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed</u> <u>rulemaking</u>: The Board will accept written public comment on the proposed amendments for a period of 45 days after the date of their *Illinois Register* publication. Each public comment must identify the docket number of this rulemaking, R19-19, and be e-filed through the Clerk's Office On-Line (COOL) on the Board's website (pcb.illinois.gov). If e-filing your public comment through COOL is not practicable, the Clerk may grant you permission to file your public comment by another means. Questions about e-filing and COOL may be directed to the Clerk's Office at 312/814-3620 or PCB.Clerks@Illinois.Gov.
- 13) <u>Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis</u>:
 - A) <u>Types of small businesses, small municipalities and not-for-profit corporations</u> <u>affected</u>: Any small business, small municipality, or not-for-profit corporation that practices before the Board.
 - B) <u>Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance</u>: None beyond those required to comply with the current procedural rules.
 - C) <u>Types of professional skills necessary for compliance</u>: None beyond those required to comply with the current procedural rules.

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POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

- 14) <u>Small Business Impact Analysis</u>: The Board expects that this rulemaking will not have an adverse impact on small business.
- 15) <u>Regulatory Agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized</u>: This rulemaking was not included on either of the two most recent agendas because it was prompted by PA 100-880, which did not become effective until January 1, 2019.

The full text of the Proposed Amendments begins on the next page:



1 2 3		TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE A: GENERAL PROVISIONS
3 4		CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
5		PART 101
6		GENERAL RULES
7		
8		SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS
9 10	Section	
11	101.100	Applicability
12	101.100	Severability
13	101.104	Repeals
14	101.106	Board Authority
15	101.108	Board Proceedings
16	101.110	Public Participation
17 18	101.111	Informal Recordings of Board Meetings
18	101.112 101.114	Bias and Conflict of Interest Ex Parte Communications
20	101.114	Ex I are communications
21		SUBPART B: DEFINITIONS
22		
23	Section	
24	101.200	Definitions Contained in the Act
25	101.202	Definitions for Board's Procedural Rules
26 27		SUBPART C: COMPUTATION OF TIME, FILING, SERVICE
28		OF DOCUMENTS, AND STATUTORY DECISION DEADLINES
29		
30	Section	
31	101.300	Computation of Time
32	101.302	Filing of Documents
33	101.304	Service of Documents
34 35	101.306 101.308	Incorporation of Documents from Another Proceeding Statutory Decision Deadlines and Waiver of Deadlines
36	101.508	Statutory Decision Deadmines and Warver of Deadmines
37		SUBPART D: PARTIES, JOINDER, AND CONSOLIDATION
38		
39	Section	
40	101.400	Appearances, Withdrawals, and Substitutions of Attorneys in Adjudicatory
41	101 400	Proceedings Intermention of Partice
42 43	101.402 101.403	Intervention of Parties Joinder of Parties
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44	101.404	Agency as a Party in Interest
45	101.406	Consolidation of Claims
46	101.408	Severance of Claims
47		
48		SUBPART E: MOTIONS
49		
50	Section	
51	101.500	Filing of Motions and Responses
52	101.502	Motions Directed to the Hearing Officer
53	101.504	Contents of Motions and Responses
54	101.506	Motions Attacking the Sufficiency of the Petition, Complaint, or Other Pleading
55	101.508	Motions to Board Preliminary to Hearing
56	101.510	Motions to Cancel Hearing
57	101.512	Motions for Expedited Review
58	101.514	Motions to Stay Proceedings
59	101.516	Motions for Summary Judgment
60	101.518	Motions for Interlocutory Appeal from Hearing Officer Orders
61	101.520	Motions for Reconsideration
62	101.522	Motions for Extension of Time
63		
64		SUBPART F: HEARINGS, EVIDENCE, AND DISCOVERY
65		
66	Section	
67	101.600	Hearings
68	101.602	Notice of Board Hearings
69	101.604	Formal Board Transcript
70	101.606	Informal Recordings of the Proceedings
71	101.608	Default
72	101.610	Duties and Authority of the Hearing Officer
73	101.612	Schedule to Complete the Record
74	101.614	Production of Information
75	101.616	Discovery
76	101.618	Admissions
77	101.620	Interrogatories
78	101.622	Subpoenas and Depositions
79	101.624	Examination of Adverse, Hostile, or Unwilling Witnesses
80	101.626	Information Produced at Hearing
81	101.627	Electronic Filing of Hearing Exhibits After Adjudicatory or TLWQS Hearing
82	101.628	Statements from Participants
83	101.630	Official Notice and Evidence Evaluation
84	101.632	Viewing of Premises
85		-
86		SUBPART G: ORAL ARGUMENT

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87			
88	Section		
89	101.700	Oral Argument	
90	1011100	Crai i ingeniterit	
91		SUB	PART H: SANCTIONS
92			
93	Section		
94	101.800	Sanctions for Failure to	Comply with Procedural Rules, Board Orders, or Hearing
95		Officer Orders	
96	101.802	Abuse of Discovery Pro	cedures
97	1011002		
98	S	UBPART I: REVIEW OF	F FINAL BOARD OPINIONS AND ORDERS
99	5		Three borned of intons much of below
100	Section		
101	101.902	Motions for Reconsidera	ation
102	101.904	Relief from Final Opinio	
103	101.906	Judicial Review of Boar	
104	101.908	Interlocutory Appeal	
105	1011200	interrocatory rippedi	
106		SUBPART I ELECTI	RONIC FILING AND E-MAIL SERVICE
107			
108	Section		
109	101.1000	Electronic Filing and E-	Mail Service
110	101.1010	Electronic Filing Author	
111	101.1020	Filing Electronic Docum	
112	101.1030	Form of Electronic Doc	
113	101.1040	Filing Fees	
114	101.1050	-	Paper or Excluded from Electronic Filing
115	101.1060	E-Mail Service	
116	101.1070	Consenting to Receipt o	f E-Mail Service
117		B	
118	101.APPENI	DIX A Captions	
119			nforcement Case
120			itizen's Enforcement Case
121	101.I		ariance
122			djusted Standard Petition
123			bint Petition for an Adjusted Standard
124	101.I		ermit Appeal
125	101.I		Inderground Storage Tank Appeal
126			ollution Control Facility Siting Appeal
127			dministrative Citation
128			dministrative Citation Under Section 23.1 of the Public
129			Vater Supply Operations Act
			The second secon

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130	101.ILLUSTRATION K General Rulemaking
131	101.ILLUSTRATION L Site-specific Rulemaking
132	101.APPENDIX B Appearance Form
133	101.APPENDIX C Withdrawal of Appearance Form
134	101.APPENDIX D Notice of Filing
135	101.APPENDIX E Affidavit or Certificate of Service
136	101.ILLUSTRATION A Service by Non-Attorney
137	101.ILLUSTRATION B Service by Attorney
138	101.APPENDIX F Notice of Withdrawal (Repealed)
139	101.APPENDIX G Comparison of Former and Current Rules (Repealed)
140	101.APPENDIX H Affidavit or Certificate of E-Mail Service
141	101.ILLUSTRATION A E-Mail Service by Non-Attorney
142	101.ILLUSTRATION B E-Mail Service by Attorney
143	101.APPENDIX I Consent to Receipt of E-Mail Service
144	
145	AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 5, 7.1, 7.2, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40,
146	40.1, 40.2, 41, and 58.7 of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) [415 ILCS 5] and authorized
147	by Sections 26 and 27 of the Act [415 ILCS 5] and Section 25-101 of the Electronic Commerce
148	Security Act [5 ILCS 175].
149	
150	SOURCE: Filed with Secretary of State January 1, 1978; codified 6 Ill. Reg. 8357; Part
151	repealed, new Part adopted in R88-5A at 13 Ill. Reg. 12055, effective July 10, 1989; amended in
152	R90-24 at 15 Ill. Reg. 18677, effective December 12, 1991; amended in R92-7 at 16 Ill. Reg.
153	18078, effective November 17, 1992; old Part repealed, new Part adopted in R00-20 at 25 Ill.
154	Reg. 446, effective January 1, 2001; amended in R04-24 at 29 Ill. Reg. 8743, effective June 8,
155	2005; amended in R06-9 at 29 Ill. Reg. 19666, effective November 21, 2005; amended in R07-
156	17 at 31 Ill. Reg. 16110, effective November 21, 2007; amended in R10-22 at 34 Ill. Reg. 19566,
157	effective December 3, 2010; amended in R12-22 at 36 Ill. Reg. 9211, effective June 7, 2012;
158	amended in R13-9 at 37 Ill. Reg. 1655, effective January 28, 2013; amended in R14-21 at 39 Ill.
159	Reg. 2276, effective January 27, 2015; amended in R15-20 at 39 Ill. Reg. 12848, effective
160	September 8, 2015; amended in R16-17 at 40 Ill. Reg. 7912, effective May 20, 2016; amended in
161	R17-18 at 41 Ill. Reg. 9930, effective July 5, 2017; amended in R19-19 at 43 Ill. Reg,
162	effective
163	
164	SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS
165	
166	Section 101.100 Applicability
167	
168	a) This Part sets forth the rules generally applicable to proceedings before the
169	Illinois Pollution Control Board (Board), and should be read in conjunction with
170	procedural rules for the Board's specific proceedings, found at 35 Ill. Adm. Code
171	102 through 130, and the Board's Administrative Rules, found at 2 Ill. Adm. Code
172	2175. <u>If In the event of a conflict between</u> the rules of this Part and those found in

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173		subsequent Parts conflict, the more specific requirement applies.
174 175 176 177 178 179	b)	Except when the Board's procedural rules provide otherwise, the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5] and the Supreme Court Rules [Ill. S. Ct. Rules] do not apply to proceedings before the Board. However, the Board may look to the Code of Civil Procedure and the Supreme Court Rules for guidance when the Board's procedural rules are silent.
180 181 182	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
182	Section 101.1	.06 Board Authority
184		
185 186 187 188	a)	The Board has the authority to determine, define and implement the environmental control standards applicable in the State of Illinois and may adopt rules and regulations in accordance with Title VII of the Act. [415 ILCS 5/5(b)]
189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	b)	The Board has the authority to conduct proceedings upon complaints charging violations of the Act, any rule or regulation adopted under the Act, any permit or term or condition of a permit, or any Board order; upon administrative citations; upon petitions for variances <u>or</u> adjusted standards <u>or</u> or time-limited water quality <u>standards</u> ; upon petitions for review of the Agency's final determinations on permit applications in accordance with Title X of the Act; upon petitions for review of final determination which are made pursuant to the Act or Board rules and which
197 198 199 200		involve a subject which the Board is authorized to regulate. The Board may also conduct other proceedings as may be provided by the Act or any other statute or rule. [415 ILCS 5/5(d)]
201 202 203	c)	In addition to subsections (a) and (b), the Board has the authority to act as otherwise provided by law.
204 205	(Sourc	e: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
206 207	Section 101.1	08 Board Proceedings
208 209 210 211 212 213	a)	Board proceedings can generally be divided into <u>2</u> two categories: <u>rulemakings</u> rulemaking proceedings and adjudicatory proceedings. <u>However, a</u> <u>time-limited water quality standard proceeding (35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subtitle E)</u> <u>is a non-adjudicatory proceeding that is not subject to the procedural requirements</u> for rulemakings. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (l).)
214 215	b)	The following are examples of Board <u>rulemakingsrulemaking proceedings</u> : Identical-in-Substance, Clean Air Act/Fast Track, Federally Required

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216 217 218		Rulemaking, General Rulemaking, and Site-Specific Rulemaking. Procedural rules for these types of proceedings can be found at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.
210 219 220 221 222 223 224 225	c)	The following are examples of Board adjudicatory proceedings: Enforcement Proceedings (35 III. Adm. Code 103), Variance Petitions (35 III. Adm. Code 104), Adjusted Standard Petitions (35 III. Adm. Code 104), Permit Appeals (35 III. Adm. Code 105), Leaking Underground Storage Tank Appeals (35 III. Adm. Code 105), Pollution Control Facility Siting Appeals (35 III. Adm. Code 107), and Administrative Citations (35 III. Adm. Code 108).
223 226 227 228 229	d)	Board decisions will be made at meetings open to the public. Except as provided in subsection (e), 3 members of the Board <u>formconstitute</u> a quorum, and 3 affirmative votes are required to adopt a Board decision.
230 231 232 233 234	e)	At a hearing under Section 34(d) of the Act to determine whether a seal should be removed, at least one Board <u>memberMember</u> shall be present, and those Board <u>membersMembers</u> present may render a final decision without regard to the requirements of Section 5(a) of the Act. [415 ILCS 5/34(d)]
235 236	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
237 238	Section 101.	110 Public Participation
238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246	a)	General. The Board encourages public participation in all-of its proceedings. The extent to which the law allows for the participation varies, depending on the type of Board proceeding involved, the party status of the person or persons seeking to participate, and the rules governing that type of proceeding. Public participation in particular proceedings may be more specifically delineated by Board or hearing officer order consistent with the provisions of applicable law and the Board's procedural rules. (See Sections 101.114 and 101.628.)
247 248 249	b)	Party/Non-Party Status. The issue of who <u>isconstitutes</u> a proper party in each type of adjudicatory proceeding before the Board is addressed in the rules. A person
250 251 252 253 254 255		who wishes to participate in a Board adjudicatory proceeding and <u>who</u> is not a party will be <u>considereddeemed</u> a participant and will have only those rights specifically provided in these rules. A person who wishes to participate in a Board regulatory <u>or time-limited water quality standard</u> proceeding will be <u>considereddeemed</u> a participant and will have only those rights specifically provided in <u>this Partthese rules</u> .

259 260 261 262 263 264 265	d)	only a procee Board of the	nd <u>mus</u> eding. A only as Board .	the Board, but not as of right. The briefs must consist of argument tmay not raise facts that are not in evidence in the relevant Amicus curiae briefs, and any responses, will be considered by the s time allows. The briefs will not delay the Board's decision-making (See also Section 101.302(k).)
265 266 267 268 269	u)	remar make	ks, any	person physically present, once recognized by the Chairman, may remarks to the Board concerning a proceeding listed on that
270 271 272 273 274		1)	each E public	In Sheet. Beginning at least 15 minutes before the scheduled start of Board meeting, a public remarks sign-in sheet will be available to the e at the meeting. Anyone who wishes to make public remarks at the ng must provide the following information on the sign-in sheet:
275 276			A)	Full name;
277 278 279 280			B) C)	Any person he or she is representing; and The docket number of the proceeding on which he or she would like to make public remarks.
281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 288 289		2)	Board public remar signed procee	Limits. A-time period of up to 30 minutes at the beginning of each l meeting, as designated on the meeting agenda, is reserved for c remarks. The Chairman may extend the duration of the public ks portion of the meeting as necessary to accommodate persons who d in under subsection (d)(1). A person's public remarks on a given eding must not exceed 5 five minutes in length, but this time period be extended with the Chairman's permission.
290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300		3)	affirm are rel by the consti Board other <u>stopee</u> Person	e of Public Remarks. Public remarks are not made under oath or nation and are not subject to cross-examination. Public remarks that levant to the proceeding for which they are made may be considered a Board, but factual statements made during public remarks <u>aredo</u> not atute evidence in the proceeding. The public remarks portion of a l meeting is not a hearing and cannot be used to offer documentary or physical evidence to the Board. The Chairman may direct persons to ease public remarks that are irrelevant, repetitious, or disruptive. Ins engaging in disorderly conduct may be asked by the Chairman to the meeting.

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301 302 303 304 305		4) Transcription. The Board will arrange for public remarks to be transcribed. Transcripts of public remarks will be made a part of the record of the proceeding to which the remarks correspond. (See 5 ILCS 120/2.06(g).)
305 306 307	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
308 309	Section 101.1	12 Bias and Conflict of Interest
310 311 312	a)	No Board <u>memberMember</u> or Board employee may represent any other person in any Board proceeding.
312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322	b)	No former Board <u>memberMember</u> or Board employee may represent any other person in any Board proceeding in which he or she participated personally and substantially as a Board <u>memberMember</u> or Board employee, unless the Board and, as applicable, all parties <u>in the adjudicatory proceeding</u> , <u>allor</u> proponents <u>in</u> <u>the rulemaking</u> , or <u>all petitioners</u> in the <u>time-limited water quality standard</u> proceeding consent in writing after disclosure of the participation. For <u>purposes of</u> subsections (a) and (b), representation includes consulting on legal or technical matters, and Board employee means a person the Board employs on a full-time, part-time, contract, or intern basis.
323 324 325	c)	The Board, on its own motion or the motion of any party, may disqualify a hearing officer for bias or conflict of interest as provided by Section 10-30(b) of the IAPA [5 ILCS 100/10-30(b)].
326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333	d)	In <u>complianceaccordance</u> with Section 128 of the federal Clean Air Act, at least a majority of Board members must represent the public interest and must not derive any significant portion of their income from persons subject to permits or enforcement orders under the Clean Air Act or Illinois Environment Protection Act. Any potential conflicts of interests by Board members must be adequately disclosed.
334 335	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
336 337	Section 101.	114 Ex Parte Communications
338 339 340 341 342 343	a)	For the purposes of this Section, "interested person or party" means a person or entity whose rights, privileges, or interests are the subject of or are directly affected by a regulatory, quasi-adjudicatory, investment, or licensing matter. [5 ILCS 430/5-50(d)] For this definition, a time-limited water quality standard proceeding is considered a regulatory matter.

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- b) For the purposes of this Section, "Executive Ethics Commission" means the 345 commission created by the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act [5 ILCS 346 430]. 347
- 348 c) Adjudicatory, and Regulatory, and Time-Limited Water Quality Standard 349 Proceedings. Board membersMembers and Board employees must not engage in 350 an ex parte communication designed to influence their action regardingwith 351 respect to an adjudicatory, a-or regulatory, or a time-limited water quality 352 standard proceeding pending before or under consideration by the Board. (See 353 definition of "ex parte communication" in Section 101.202.) Whenever 354 practicable, an interested person or party or his or her official representative or 355 attorney should make all communications regarding with respect to an adjudicatory, or regulatory, or time-limited water quality standard proceeding 356 357 pending before or under consideration by the Board in writing and address them 358 to the Clerk rather than to individual Board membersMembers or Board 359 employees. (See Sections 101.110 and 101.628.)
- 361 d) Nothing in this Section precludes Board membersMembers or Board employees 362 from receiving informal complaints about individual pollution sources, or forbids 363 the administrative contacts as would be appropriate for judges and other judicial 364 officers. Information about a pollution source included in the record of a 365 regulatory or time-limited water quality standard proceeding is not an ex parte 366 communication regarding with respect to any adjudicatory proceeding concerning 367 the pollution source.
- 369 When the Clerk on behalf of the Board, a Board member, or a Board employee e) 370 receives an ex parte communication from an interested person or party or his or 371 her official representative or attorney, the recipient, in consultation with the 372 Board's ethics officer or his or her designee, willmust promptly memorialize the 373 communication and make it part of the record of the proceeding. To make an oral 374 ex parte communication part of the record, the substance of the oral 375 communication, along with the identity of each person involved in the communication, will be either statedset forth in a memorandum and placed in the 376 377 record or announced on the record at a public hearing.
- 379 f) When the Clerk on behalf of the Board, a Board member, or a Board employee 380 receives an ex parte communication, other than an ex parte communication 381 received from an interested person or party or his or her official representative or 382 attorney, that communication willmust be promptly reported to the Board's ethics 383 officer or his or her designee by the recipient of the communication and by any 384 other employee of the Board who responds to the communication. 385

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386 387 388 389 390	1)	of the <i>comn</i>	<i>thics officer</i> or his or her designee, in consultation with the recipient e ex parte communication, <u>willmust</u> ensure <i>that the ex parte munication is promptly made part of the record of the proceeding.</i> [5 430/5-50(c)]
391 392 393 394	2)	of the	<i>thics officer</i> or his or her designee, in consultation with the recipient e ex parte communication, <u>willmust</u> promptly file the ex parte nunication with the Executive Ethics Commission, including:
395 396		A)	All written communications;
397 398		B)	All written responses to the communications;
399 400 401		C)	A memorandum prepared by the ethics officer stating the nature and substance of all oral communications;
402 403		D)	The identity and job title of the person to whom each communication was made;
404 405		E)	All responses made;
406 407		F)	The identity and job title of the person making each response;
408 409 410		G)	The identity of each person from whom the written or oral ex parte communication was received;
411 412		H)	The individual or entity represented by that person;
413 414 415		I)	Any action the person requested or recommended; and
415 416 417		J)	Any other pertinent information.
418 419	3)		isclosure shall also contain the date of any ex parte communication. CS 430/5-50(c)]
420 421 422	(Source: An	nended	at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
422 423 424			SUBPART B: DEFINITIONS
424 425 426	Section 101.200 D	efinitio	ns- Contained in the Act
427 428			in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 <u>through</u> -130, or unless a different meaning om the context, the definitions of the Act apply to the Board's

429	procedural rules, found in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 through 130.
430	
431 432	(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
433	Section 101.202 Definitions for Board's Procedural Rules
434	Section 101.202 Definitions for Doard STrocedural Kuies
435 436	Unless otherwise provided in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101-130, or unless a different meaning of a word or term is clear from the context, the following definitions also apply to the Board's
437 438	procedural rules, found in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 through 130:
439 440	"Act" means the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5].
441	"Adjudicatory proceeding" means an action of a quasi-judicial nature brought
442	before the Board under authority granted to the Board by Section 5(d) of the Act
443	or as otherwise provided by law. Adjudicatory proceedings include enforcement,
444	variance, permit appeal, pollution control facility siting appeal, Underground
445	Storage Tank (UST) Fund determination, water well set back exception, adjusted
446	standard, and administrative citation proceedings. Adjudicatory proceedings do
447	not include regulatory, quasi-legislative, or informational, or time-limited water
448	quality standard proceedings.
449	
450	"Adjusted standard" or "AS" means an alternative standard granted by the Board
451 452	in an adjudicatory proceeding under Section 28.1 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subpart D. The adjusted standard applies instead of the rule or
453 454	regulation of general applicability.
455	"Administrative citation" or "AC" means a citation issued by the Agency or by a
456	unit of local government acting as the Agency's delegate. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code
457	108.)
458	
459	"Administrative citation review" or "administrative citation appeal" means a
460	petition for review of an administrative citation. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108.)
461	
462	"Affidavit" means a sworn, signed statement witnessed by a notary public.
463	
464	"Agency" means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency as established by
465	Section 4 of the Act.
466	
467	"Agency recommendation" means the document filed by the Agency under
468	Section 28.1(d)(3), Sections $37(a)$, or $38.5(g)$ and $28.1(d)(3)$ of the Act in which
469	the Agency provides its recommended disposition of a petition for variance or an
470	adjusted standard, a variance, or a time-limited water quality standard,
471	respectively. This includes a recommendation to deny, or a recommendation to

472 473 474	grant with or without conditions. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.218, and 104.416, and 104.550.)
475 476	"Amicus curiae brief" means a brief filed in a proceeding by any interested person who is not a party. (See Sections 101.110 and 101.628.)
477 478 479	"Applicant" means any person who submits, or has submitted, an application for a permit or for local siting approval under any of the authorities to issue permits or
480 481 482	granting of siting approval identified in Sections 39, 39.1, and 39.5 of the Act.
482 483 484 485 486	"Article" means any object, material, device or substance, or whole or partial copy thereof, including any writing, record, document, recording, drawing, sample, specimen, prototype, model, photograph, culture, microorganism, blueprint or map. [415 ILCS 5/7.1]
487 488 489	"Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the State of Illinois or <u>his or</u> <u>her</u> representatives thereof.
490 491 492	"Authorized representative" means any person who is authorized to act on behalf of another person.
493 494 495	"Board" means the Illinois Pollution Control Board as created in Section 5 of the Act or, if applicable, its designee.
496 497 498 499	"Board decision" means an opinion or an order voted in favor of by at least <u>3</u> three members of the Board at an open Board meeting except in a proceeding to remove a seal under Section 34(d) of the Act.
500 501 502 503	"Board designee" means an employee of the Board who has been given authority by the Board to carry out a function for the Board (e.g., the Clerk, Assistant Clerk of the Board, or hearing officer).
504 505 506	"Board meeting" means an open meeting held by the Board under Section 5(a) of the Act in which the Board makes its decisions and determinations.
507 508 509	"Board's procedural rules" means the Board's regulations set forth at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 through 130.
510 511 512	"Brief" means a written statement that <u>summarizescontains a summary of</u> the facts of a proceeding, <u>states</u> the pertinent laws, and <u>arguesan argument of</u> how the <u>laws apply</u> to the facts supporting a position.
513 514	"CAAPP" means the Clean Air Act Permit Program, as adopted in Section 39.5 of

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515	the Act.
516	
517	"Certificate of acceptance" means a certification, executed by a successful
518	petitioner in a variance proceeding, in which the petitioner agrees to be bound by
519	all terms and conditions that the Board has affixed to the grant of variance.
520	
521	"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board designated by the Governor under
522	Section 5(a) of the Act.
523	
524	"Citizen's enforcement proceeding" means an enforcement action brought before
525	the Board under Section 31(d) of the Act by any person who is not authorized to
526	bring the action on behalf of the People of the State of Illinois.
527	
528	"Clean Air Act" or "CAA" means the federal Clean Air Act, as now and hereafter
529	amended (42 USC 7401 et seq.). [415 ILCS 5/39.5]
530	
531	"Clean Water Act" means the federal Clean Water Act (33 USC 1251 et seq.).
532	
533	"Clerk" means the Clerk of the Board.
534	
535	"Clerk's Office On-Line" or "COOL" means the Board's web-based file
536	management system that allows electronic filing of and access to electronic
537	documents in the records of the Board's adjudicatory, and regulatory, and time-
538	limited water quality standard proceedings. COOL is located on the Board's
539	website at pcb.illinois.govhttp://www.ipcb.state.il.us/COOL/ external/.
540	
541	"Complaint" means the initial filing that begins an enforcement proceeding under
542	Section 31 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103.
543	
544	"Compliance plan" means a detailed description of a program designed to achieve
545	compliance with the Act and Board regulations.
546	· ·
547	"Copy" means any facsimile, replica, photograph or other reproduction of an
548	article, and any note, drawing or sketch made of or from an article. [415 ILCS
549	5/7.1]
550	
551	"Counter-complaint" means a pleading that a respondent files statingsetting forth
552	a claim against a complainant in an enforcement proceeding. (See 35 Ill. Adm.
553	Code 103.206.)
554	
555	"Cross-complaint" means a pleading that a party files <u>statingsetting forth</u> a claim
556	against a co-party in an enforcement proceeding. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code
557	103.206.)

550	
558 559	
	"Cross-media impacts" means impacts that concern multiple environmental areas,
560	such as air, land <u>, and-and/or</u> water.
561	
562	"Decision date" means the date of the Board meeting immediately preceding the
563	decision deadline.
564	
565	"Decision deadline" means the last day of any decision period, as established by
566	law, within which the Board <u>must decide</u> is required to render a decision in an
567	adjudicatory proceeding. (See Subpart C. See also Sections 38(a), 40, and 40.1 of
568	the Act that establish 120-day decision deadlines for variances, permit appeals,
569	and review of pollution control facility siting decisions respectively.)
570	
571	"Decision period" means the timeframeperiod of time established by the Act
572	within which the Board <u>mustis required to</u> make a <u>finalBoard</u> decision in
573	specifiedcertain adjudicatory proceedings. (See Subpart C. See also Sections
574	38(a), 40, and 40.1 of the Act, which that establish 120-day decision deadlines for
575	variances, permit appeals, and review of pollution control facility siting decisions,
576	respectively.)
577	
578	"Deinked stock" means paper that has been processed to remove inks, clays,
579	coatings, binders and other contaminants. [415 ILCS 20/2.1]
580	
581	"Delegated unit" means the unit of local government to which the Agency has
582	delegated its administrative citation or other function under Section 4(r) of the
583	Act.
584	
585	"Digital signature" means a type of electronic signature created by transforming
586	an electronic document using a message digest function and encrypting the
587	resulting transformation with an asymmetric cryptosystem using the signer's
588	private key such that any person having the initial untransformed electronic
589	document, the encrypted transformation, and the signer's corresponding public
590	key can accurately determine whether the transformation was created using the
591	private key that corresponds to the signer's public key and whether the initial
592	electronic document has been altered since the transformation was made. A
593	digital signature is a security device. [5 ILCS 175/5-105]
594	
595	"Discovery" means a pre-hearing process that can be used to obtain facts and
596	information about the adjudicatory proceeding in order to prepare for hearing.
597	The discovery tools include depositions upon oral and written questions, written
598	interrogatories, production of documents or things, and requests for admission.
599	
600	"DNR" means the Illinois Department of Natural Resources.
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601	
602	"DOA" means the Illinois Department of Agriculture.
603	
604	"Duplicative" means the matter is identical or substantially similar to one brought
605	before the Board or another forum.
606	
607	"Electronic" includes electrical, digital, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, or
608	any other form of technology that entails capabilities similar to these
609	technologies. [5 ILCS 175/5-105]
610	
611	"Electronic document" means any notice, information, or filing generated,
612	communicated, received or stored by electronic means to use in an information
613	system or to transmit from one information system to another. (See 5 ILCS
614	175/5-105.)
615	
616	"Electronic signature" means a signature in electronic form attached to or
617	logically associated with an electronic document. [5 ILCS 175/5-105]
618	
619	"Environmental Management System Agreement" or "EMSA" means the
620	agreement between the Agency and a sponsor, entered into under Section 52.3 of
621	the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 187, that describes the innovative environmental
622	measures to be implemented, schedules to attain goals, and mechanisms for
623	accountability.
624	
625	"Enforcement proceeding" means an adjudicatory proceeding brought upon a
626	complaint filed under Section 31 of the Act by the Attorney General, State's
627	Attorney, or other persons, in which the complaint alleges violation of the Act,
628	any rule or regulation adopted under the Act, any permit or term or condition of a
629	permit, or any Board order.
630	
631	"EPRR Act" means the Electronic Products Recycling and Reuse Act [415 ILCS
632	150].
633	
634	"Ex parte communication" means any written or oral communication by any
635	person that imparts or requests material information or makes a material
636	argument regarding potential action concerning regulatory, quasi-adjudicatory,
637	investment, or licensing matters pending before or under consideration by the
638	Board. For this definition, a time-limited water quality standard proceeding is
639	considered a regulatory matter. "Ex parte communication" does not include the
640	following:
641	
642	statements by a person publicly made in a public forum, including
643	pleadings, transcripts, public comments, and public remarks made part of

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644	the proceeding's record;
645	
646	statements regarding matters of procedure and practice, such as format,
647	the number of copies required, the manner of filing, and the status of a
648	matter; and
649	
650	statements made by a State employee of the Board to Board members or
651	other employees of the Board. [5 ILCS 430/5-50(b)] For purposes of this
652	definition, "Board employee" means a person the Board employs on a full-
653	time, part-time, contract or intern basis. (See Section 101.114.)
654	
655	"Fast-Track rulemaking" means a Clean Air Act rulemaking conducted under
656	Section 28.5 of the Act.
657	
658	"Federally required rule" means a rule that is needed to meet the requirements of
659	the federal Clean Water Act, Safe Drinking Water Act, Clean Air Act (including
660	required submission of a State Implementation Plan), or Resource Conservation
661	and Recovery Act, other than a rule required to be adopted under subsection (c)
662	of Section 13, Section 13.3, Section 17.5, subsection (a) or (d) of Section 22.4, or
663	subsection (a) of Section 22.40. [415 ILCS 5/28.2]
664	
665	"Filing" means the act of delivering a document or article into the custody of the
666	Clerk with the intention of incorporating that document or article into the record
667	of a proceeding before the Board. The Clerk's Office is located at 100 West
668	Randolph Street, Suite 11-500, Chicago IL 60601. Electronic filing is done
669	through COOL on the Board's website.
670	through COOL on the Doard's website.
671	"Final order" means an order of the Board that terminates the proceeding leaving
672	nothing further to litigate or decide and that is subject to judicial review. (See
673	Subpart I.)
674	Subpart I.)
675	"Frivolous" means a request for relief that the Board does not have the authority
676	to grant, or a complaint that fails to state a cause of action upon which the Board
677	can grant relief.
678	call graint fellet.
679	"Usering" means a public presseding conducted by a bearing officer when where
680	"Hearing" means a public proceeding conducted by a hearing officer when where the partice and other interacted persons, as provided for by law and the Board's
	the parties and other interested persons, as provided for by law and the Board's
681	procedural rules, present evidence and argument regarding their positions.
682	"Usering officer" means a nerson licensed to prestice low in the State of Illingia
683	"Hearing officer" means a person licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois
684	who presides over hearings and otherwise carries out record development
685	responsibilities as directed by the Board.
686	

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687	"IAPA" means the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100].
688	
689	"Identical-in-substance rules" or "identical-in-substance regulations" means State
690	regulations which require the same actions with respect to protection of the
691	environment, by the same group of affected persons, as would federal regulations
692	if USEPA administered the subject program in Illinois. [415 ILCS 5/7.2]
693	
694	"Initial filing" means the filing that initiates a Board proceeding and opens a
695	docket. For instance, the initial filing in an enforcement proceeding is the
696	complaint; in a permit appeal it is a petition for review; and in a regulatory
697	proceeding it is the proposal.
698	
699	"Innovative environmental measures" means any procedures, practices,
700	technologies or systems that pertain to environmental management and are
701	expected to improve environmental performance when applied. (See 35 Ill. Adm.
702	Code 106.Subpart G.)
703	
704	"Inquiry hearing" means a hearing conducted by the Board to seekfor the purpose
705	of seeking input and comment from the public regarding the need for a
706	rulemaking <u>onproceeding in</u> a specific <u>subjectarea</u> .
707	
708	"Interlocutory appeal" means an appeal of a Board decision to the appellate court
709	that is not dispositive of all the contested issues in the proceeding. (See Section
710	101.908.) An interlocutory appeal may also be the appeal of a hearing officer
711	ruling to the Board. (See Section 101.518.)
712	
713	"Intervenor" means a person, not originally a party to an adjudicatory proceeding,
714	who voluntarily participates as a party in the proceeding with the permission of
715	the Board. (See Section 101.402.)
716	
717	"Intervention" means the procedure by which a person, not originally a party to an
718	adjudicatory proceeding, voluntarily comes into the proceeding as a party with the
719	permission of the Board. (See Section 101.402.)
720	
721	"JCAR" means the Illinois General Assembly's Joint Committee on
722	Administrative Rules established by the IAPA (see 5 ILCS 100/5-90).
723	
724	"Joinder" means the procedure by which the Board adds a person, not originally a
725	party to an adjudicatory proceeding, as a party to the proceeding. (See Section
726	101.403 and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103.206.)
727	·
728	"Misnomer" means a mistake in the name of a, giving an incorrect name in a
729	complaint or other document with respect to any properly included party.

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720	
730 731	"Motion" means a request made to the Board or the hearing officer for the
732	purposes of obtaining a ruling or order directing or allowing some act to be done
732	in favor of the movant. (See definition of "movant" in this Section.)
733	in lavor of the movant. (See definition of movant in this Section.)
735	"Movant" means the person who files a motion.
736	wovant means the person who mes a motion.
737	"New pollution control facility" means a pollution control facility initially
738	permitted for development or construction after July 1, 1981; or the area of
739	expansion beyond the boundary of a currently permitted pollution control facility;
740	or a permitted pollution control facility requesting approval to store, dispose of,
741	transfer or incinerate, for the first time, any special or hazardous waste. [415
742	ILCS 5/3.330(b)]
743	
744	"Non-disclosable information" means information which constitutes a trade
745	secret; information privileged against introduction in judicial proceedings;
746	internal communications of the several agencies; information concerning secret
747	manufacturing processes or confidential data submitted by any person under the
748	Act. [415 ILCS 5/7(a)]
749	
750	"Notice list" means the list of persons in a regulatory or time-limited water quality
751	standard proceeding who will receive all Board opinions and orders and all
752	hearing officer orders. Persons on a notice list generally do not receive copies of
753	motions, public comments, or testimony. (See definition of "service list" in this
754	Section. See also 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.422 and 104.520(b)(4).)
755	
756	"Notice to reinstate" means a document filed that <u>restartsrecommences</u> the
757	decision period after a decision deadline waiver has been filed. The notice will
758	give the Board a full decision period in which to make a decision. (See Section
759	101.308.)
760 761	"Oral argument" means a formal verbal statement of advocacy on a proceeding's
761 762	legal questions made at a Board meeting with the Board's permission. (See
762	Section 101.700.)
764	
765	"OSFM" means Office of the State Fire Marshal.
766	
767	"OSFM appeal" means an appeal of an OSFM final decision concerning
768	eligibility and deductibility made under Title XVI of the Act.
769	
770	"Participant" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who takes
771	part in an adjudicatory proceeding <u>butwho</u> is not a party, or a person who takes
772	part in a regulatory or other quasi-legislative proceeding or a time-limited water

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773 774 775 776 777 778 778	<u>quality standard proceeding</u> before the Board. A person becomes a participant in any of several ways, including filing a comment, being added to the <u>proceeding's</u> notice list-of a particular proceeding, testifying at hearing, or making public remarks at a Board meeting. <u>The participants in a time-limited water quality</u> <u>standard proceeding include the petitioner and the Agency and are further</u> <u>described at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.520(b).</u>
779 780 781 782 783	"Participant in a CAAPP Comment Process" means a person who takes part in a Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) permit hearing before the Agency or comments on a draft CAAPP permit.
785 784 785 786 787	"Party" means the person by or against whom an adjudicatory proceeding is brought or who is granted party status by the Board through intervention or joinder.
788 789 790 791	"Party in interest" means the Agency when asked to conduct an investigation under Section 30 of the Act during an ongoing proceeding. (See Section 101.404.)
792 793 794 795 796	"Peremptory rulemaking" means any rulemaking that is required as a result of federal law, federal rules and regulations, or an order of a court, under conditions that preclude compliance with the general rulemaking requirements of Section 5-40 of the IAPA and that preclude the exercise by the Board as to the content of the rule it is required to adopt. [5 ILCS 100/5-50]
797 798 799 800	"Permit appeal" means an adjudicatory proceeding brought before the Board under Title X of the Act.
801 802 803 804 805	"Person" means any individual, partnership, co-partnership, firm, company, limited liability company, corporation, association, joint stock company, trust, estate, political subdivision, state agency, or any other legal entity, or their legal representative, agent or assigns. [415 ILCS 5/3.315]
806 807 808 809	"Petition" means the initial filing in an adjudicatory proceeding (other than an enforcement proceeding) or a time-limited water quality standard proceeding, including permit appeals, OSFM appeals, UST appeals, appeals of pollution control facility siting decisions, variances and adjusted standards.
810 811 812 813 814	"Pilot project" means an innovative environmental project that covers one or more designated facilities, designed and implemented in the form of an EMSA. (See Section 52.3 of the Act.)
814 815	"Pollution control facility" is defined at Section 3.330(a) of the Act for purposes

816	of this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 107.
817	
818	"Pollution control facility siting appeal" means an appeal of a decision made by a
819	unit of local government filed with the Board under Section 40.1 of the Act.
820	
821	"Postconsumer material" means paper, paperboard, and fibrous wastes from
822	retail stores, office buildings, homes, and so forth, after the waste has been
823	passed through its end usage as a consumer item, including used corrugated
824	boxes, old newspapers, mixed waste paper, tabulating cards, and used cordage.
825	Additionally, it includes all paper, paperboard, and other fibrous wastes that are
826	diverted or separated from the municipal solid waste stream. [415 ILCS
827	20/3(f)(2)(i) and (ii)] (See also definition of "recycled paper" in this Section.)
828	
829	"Prehearing conference" means a meeting held in an adjudicatory case or a time-
830	limited water quality standard proceeding to determine the status of the
831	proceedings. A prehearing conference may also be a meeting held in a regulatory
832	proceeding prior to the hearing, the purposes of which shall be to maximize
833	understanding of the intent and application of the proposal, if possible, and to
834	attempt to identify and limit the issues of disagreement among participants to
835	promote efficient use of time at hearing. [415 ILCS 5/27(d)] (See 35 Ill. Adm.
836	Code 102.404 and 102.406.)
837	
838	"Proceeding" means an action conducted before the Board under authority granted
838 839	"Proceeding" means an action conducted before the Board under authority granted <u>byunder</u> Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings
839 840 841	byunder Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings
839 840 841 842	byunder Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally</u> of <u>2two</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry
839 840 841 842 843	<u>byunder</u> Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally</u> of <u>2two</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water</u>
 839 840 841 842 843 844 	byunder Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally</u> of <u>2two</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water</u> quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (l).)
 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 	<u>byunder</u> Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally of 2two</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water</u> <u>quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking</u> <u>procedural requirements</u> . (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (1).) "Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a
 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 	byunder Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally</u> of <u>2two</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water</u> quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (l).)
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 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 	 byunder Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are generally of 2two types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (l).)</u> "Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a regulatory proposal to the Board for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation. "Provisional variance" means a short-term variance sought by an applicant and
 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 	byunder Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are generally of 2two types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water</u> quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (l).) "Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a regulatory proposal to the Board for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation.
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 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 	 <u>byunder</u> Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally of 2two</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). A time-limited water quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (1).) "Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a regulatory proposal to the Board for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation. "Provisional variance" means a short-term variance sought by an applicant and issued by the Agency under Section 35(b) of the Act. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subpart C.)
 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 	 <u>byunder</u> Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally of 2two</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (l).)</u> "Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a regulatory proposal to the Board for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation. "Provisional variance" means a short-term variance sought by an applicant and issued by the Agency under Section 35(b) of the Act. (See 35 III. Adm. Code
 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 	 <u>byunder</u> Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally of 2</u>two types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (1).)</u> "Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a regulatory proposal to the Board for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation. "Provisional variance" means a short-term variance sought by an applicant and issued by the Agency under Section 35(b) of the Act. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subpart C.) "Public comment" means information submitted to the Board during a pending proceeding either by oral statement made at hearing or written statement filed
839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855	 <u>byunder</u> Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are <u>generally of 2two</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). <u>A time-limited water quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (l).)</u> "Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a regulatory proposal to the Board for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation. "Provisional variance" means a short-term variance sought by an applicant and issued by the Agency under Section 35(b) of the Act. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subpart C.)
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839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857	 byunder Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are generally of 2two types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). A time-limited water quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (l).) "Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a regulatory proposal to the Board for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation. "Provisional variance" means a short-term variance sought by an applicant and issued by the Agency under Section 35(b) of the Act. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subpart C.) "Public comment" means information submitted to the Board during a pending proceeding either by oral statement made at hearing or written statement filed with the Board.
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859 860	(See Section 101.110(d).)
861	"PWSO Act" means the Public Water Supply Operations Act [415 ILCS 45].
862	
863	"Qualitative description" means a narrative description pertaining to attributes and
864	characteristics.
865	
866	"Quantitative description" means a numerically based description pertaining to
867	attributes and characteristics.
868	
869	"RCRA variance" means a variance from a RCRA rule or a RCRA permit
870	required under Section 21(f) of the Act.
871	
872	"Record" means the official collection, as kept by the Clerk, of all documents and
873	exhibits including pleadings, transcripts, and orders filed during the course of a
874	proceeding.
875	
876	"Recycled paper" means paper <u>thatwhich</u> contains at least 50% recovered paper
877	material. The recovered paper material must contain at least 45% deinked stock
878	or postconsumer material. (See also "postconsumer material" in this Section.)
879	
880	"Regulatory hearing" or "proceeding" means a hearing or proceeding held under
881	Title VII of the Act or other applicable law <u>regardingwith respect to</u> regulations.
882	"Regulatory relief mechanisms" means variances, provisional variances, and
883 884	adjusted standards, and time-limited water quality standards. (See 35 Ill. Adm.
885	Code 104.)
886	Code 104.)
887	"Representing" means, for purposes of Part 130, describing, depicting,
888	containing, constituting, reflecting or recording. [415 ILCS 5/7.1]
889	containing, constituting, reflecting or recorating. [413 ILCS 5/7.1]
890	"Requester" means, for purposes of Part 130, the person seeking from the agency
891	the material claimed or determined to be a trade secret (see 415 ILCS 5/7.1).
892	
893	"Resource Conservation and Recovery Act" or "RCRA" means the Solid Waste
894	Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of
895	1976 (42 USC 6901 et seq.).
896	
897	"Responsible Operator in Charge" means an individual who is designated as a
898	Responsible Operator in Charge of a community water supply under Section 1 of
899	the PWSO Act.
900	
901	"Rulemaking" or "rulemaking proceeding" means a proceeding brought under

902 903	Title VII of the Act or other applicable law <u>to adopt, amend, or repeal</u> for the purpose of adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation.
904 905 906 907	"Sanction" means a penalty or other mechanism used by the Board to provide incentives for compliance with the Board's procedural rules, Board orders or hearing officer orders. (See also Subpart H.)
908 909	"SDWA" means the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (42 USC 300f et seq.).
910 911 912	"Service" means delivery of a document upon a person. (See Sections 101.300(c) and 101.304.)
913 914 915	"Service list" means the list of persons designated by the hearing officer or Clerk in a regulatory, or adjudicatory, or time-limited water quality standard proceeding
916 917 918	upon whom parties or participants must serve motions, prefiled questions, and prefiled testimony, and any other documents that the parties or participants file with the Clerk unless the hearing officer otherwise directs. (See definition of
919 920 921	"notice list" in this Section. See also 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.422.) "Severance" means the separation of a proceeding into <u>2</u> two or more independent
922 923	proceedings, each of which terminates in a separate, final judgment.
924 925 926	"Site-specific rule or regulation" means a proposed or adopted regulation, not of general applicability, that applies only to a specific facility, geographic site, or activity. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.208.)
927 928 929	"Sponsor" means the proponent of a pilot project that enters into an EMSA with the Agency.
930 931 932	"State enforcement proceeding" means an enforcement proceeding, other than a citizen's enforcement proceeding, that is brought under Section 31 of the Act.
933 934 935	"Stay" means a temporary suspension of the regular progress of a proceeding under an order of the Board or by operation of law. (See Section 101.514.)
936 937 938 930	"Subpoena" means a command to appear at a <u>specified</u> certain time and place to <u>testify ongive testimony upon</u> a <u>specified</u> certain matter.
939 940 941	"Subpoena duces tecum" means a document that compels the production of specific documents and other items at a specified time and place.
942 943 944	"Summary judgment" means the disposition of an adjudicatory proceeding without hearing when the record, including pleadings, depositions and admissions

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945 946 947 948	on file, together with any affidavits, shows that there is no genuine issue of material fact, and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. (See Section 101.516.)
949 950 951 952	"Third-party complaint" means a pleading that a respondent files <u>statingsetting</u> forth a claim against a person who is not already a party to the <u>enforcement</u> proceeding. (See 35 III. Adm. Code 103.206.)
953 954 955 956	"Time-Limited Water Quality Standard" or "TLWQS" means a time-limited designated use and criterion for a specific pollutant or water quality parameter that reflects the highest attainable condition during the term of that relief. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subtitle E.)
957 958 959 960 961	"Trade secret" means the whole or any portion or phase of any scientific or technical information, design, process (including a manufacturing process), procedure, formula or improvement, or business plan which is secret in that it has not been published or disseminated or otherwise become a matter of general
962 963 964 965 966	public knowledge, and which has competitive value. A trade secret is presumed to be secret when the owner thereof takes reasonable measures to prevent it from becoming available to persons other than those selected by the owner to have access thereto for limited purposes. [415 ILCS 5/3.490]
967 968 969	"Transcript" means the official recorded testimony from a hearing or public remarks from a Board meeting.
970 971 972	"USEPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency. "Underground storage tank appeal" or "UST appeal" means an appeal of an
973 974 975	Agency final decision made under Title XVI of the Act. "UST" means underground storage tank.
976 977	"Variance" means a temporary exemption from any specified regulation,
978 979 980 981	requirement, or order of the Board granted to a petitioner by the Board under Title IX of the Act upon presentation of adequate proof that compliance with the rule or regulation, requirement or order of the Board would impose an arbitrary or unreasonable hardship. [415 ILCS 5/35(a)]
982 983 984 985 986	"Waiver" means the intentional relinquishing of a known right, usually <u>regarding</u> with respect to a hearing before the Board or entry of a Board decision within the decision period. (See also Section 101.308.)
987 988	"Website" means the Board's computer-based informational and filing service accessed on the Internet at <u>pcb.illinois.gov</u> http://www.ipcb.state.il.us.

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990	(Sour	ce: Ame	ended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)					
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992		SUBF	PART C: COMPUTATION OF TIME, FILING, SERVICE					
993			CUMENTS, AND STATUTORY DECISION DEADLINES					
994			,					
995	Section 101.3	300 Cor	nputation of Time					
996			•					
997	a)	Compu	utation of Time. Computation of any period of time prescribed in the Act,					
998		other a	pplicable law, or this Subpart will begin with the first calendar day					
999		follow	ing the day on which the act, event, or development occurs and will run					
1000			ne close of business on the last day, or the next business day if the last day					
1001		is a Sa	turday, Sunday, or national or State legal holiday.					
1002								
1003	b)	Date of	f Filing. Documents will be considered filed with the Clerk only if they are					
1004		filed in	a compliance with Section 101.302 and any other filing requirements					
1005		specifi	ed elsewhere in the Board's procedural rules (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101					
1006		throug	h 130). Subpart J statessets forth when electronic documents submitted to					
1007		COOL	will be considered filed.					
1008								
1009		1)	If a document is submitted to the Clerk for filing in person, by U.S. Mail,					
1010			by e-mail or facsimile under Section 101.302(d), or by third-party					
1011			commercial carrier, the document is considered filed on the date it is					
1012			received by the Clerk, except as provided in subsection (b)(2). However, a					
1013			document received by the Clerk after 4:30 p.m. is considered filed on the					
1014			next business day. The Clerk will mark the filing date on each filed					
1015			document.					
1016								
1017		2)	If Notwithstanding subsection $(b)(1)$, if the Clerk receives a document by					
1018			U.S. Mail or third-party commercial carrier after a filing deadline date, the					
1019			document will be <u>considered</u> deemed filed on:					
1020								
1021			A) The date <u>on which the document was provided to the U.S. Postal</u>					
1022			Service; or					
1023								
1024			B) The date <u>on which</u> the document was provided to the third-party					
1025			commercial carrier for delivery to the Clerk within <u>3</u> three business					
1026			days.					
1027		2)	For-purposes of subsection (b)(2), documentation of when the document					
1028		3)						
1029			being filed was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party					
1030			commercial carrier consists of the affidavit or certificate required by Section 101 $204(d)(2)(A)$ or $(d)(A)$ and must accompany the document					
1031			Section 101.304(d)(2)(A) or (d)(4) and must accompany the document					

1032 1033 1034 1035 1036			being filed. In addition, for delivery by a third-party commercial carrier, the affidavit or certificate must contain the filing party's representation that the charge for delivery to the Clerk within <u>3three</u> business days was prepaid.
1037 1038 1039		4)	For purposes of Board decision deadlines, the decision period does not begin until the date marked by the Clerk on the initial filing.
1040 1041 1042 1043 1044	c)	they a requir	of Service. Documents will be considered served upon another party only if are served in compliance with Section 101.304 and any other service ements specified elsewhere in the Board's procedural rules. The date of e is determined as follows:
1045 1046 1047 1048 1049 1050		1)	Personal Service. Personal service of a document is complete on the date <u>on which</u> the document was delivered, as specified in either the affidavit or certificate of service signed by the person who made personal delivery or the declaration of service signed by the process server who made personal delivery.
1050 1051 1052 1053 1054 1055 1056		2)	Service by U.S. Mail or Third-Party Commercial Carrier with Recipient Signature. If a recipient's signature is recorded by the U.S. Postal Service or a third-party commercial carrier upon delivery of a document, service is complete on the date <u>on which</u> the document was delivered, as specified in the signed delivery confirmation.
1057 1058 1059 1060 1061 1062 1063 1064		3)	Service by E-Mail or Facsimile. Service of a document by e-mail or facsimile is complete on the date <u>on which</u> the document was successfully transmitted, as specified in the affidavit or certificate of service, signed by the party to the proceeding who is serving the document. However, a document successfully e-mailed or faxed on a Saturday or Sunday, on a national or State legal holiday, or after 5:00 p.m. on a weekday is <u>considered</u> served on the next business day.
1065 1066 1067 1068 1069 1070 1071		4)	Service by U.S. Mail or Third-Party Commercial Carrier without Recipient Signature. If a recipient's signature is not recorded by the U.S. Postal Service or a third-party commercial carrier upon delivery of a document, service is presumed complete <u>4</u> four days after the date <u>on</u> <u>which the document was provided to the U.S.</u> Postal Service or the third- party commercial carrier.
1072 1073 1074			A) The presumption applies only if an affidavit or certificate of service, signed by the party to the proceeding who is serving the document, states the following: the date, the time by when, and

1075 1076 1077 1078 1079		the place the document was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier; the address appearing on the envelope or package containing the document; and that proper postage or the delivery charge was prepaid.
1080 1081 1082		B) The presumption can be rebutted by proper proof, which may include delivery tracking information from the website of the U.S. Postal Service or the website of the third-party commercial carrier.
1083 1084	d) Date	of Board Decision and Date of Service of Final Board Decision.
1085	1	
1086	1)	For <u>apurposes of</u> statutory decision deadline <u>proceedingproceedings</u> , the
1087		date of the Board decision is the date of the Board meeting at which a final
1088		Board order was adopted.
1089	2)	For numerous of experime a final adjudication desision of the Doord the
1090 1091	2)	For purposes of appealing a final adjudicatory decision of the Board, the date of service of the final decision is the date on which the party receives
1091		the Board's certified mailing of the decision. If a motion for
1092		reconsideration is timely filed under Section 101.520, the date of service
1095		of the final decision is the date on which the party receives the Board's
1094		certified mailing of the Board order ruling upon the motion.
1096		contined maning of the Board order runnig upon the motion.
1097	3)	For purposes of appealing a final rulemaking decision of the Board in
1098	-)	which a rule is adopted, amended, or repealed, a person is
1099		considered deemed to have been served with the final decision on the date
1100		on which the new rule, the amendment, or the repealer becomes effective
1101		under the IAPA. For purposes of appealing a final rulemaking decision in
1102		which no rule is adopted, amended, or repealed, the date of service of the
1103		final decision is the date on which the participant receives the Board's
1104		mailing of the decision. If a motion for reconsideration is timely filed
1105		under the Board's procedural rules (35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.700 and
1106		102.702), the date of service of the final decision is the date on which the
1107		participant receives the Board's mailing of the Board order ruling upon the
1108		motion.
1109		
1110	<u>4)</u>	For appealing a final decision of the Board in a TLWQS proceeding, a person is considered to have been served with the final decision on the
1111 1112		
1112		date on which the decision is first published on the Board's website. (See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(j).)
1113		<u>113 1100 3/30.3(J).</u>
1114	(Source: Am	nended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1115		
1117	Section 101.302 Fi	ling of Documents

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1118 1119 1120 1121 1122 1123 1124	a)	This Section contains the Board's general filing requirements. Additional requirements may exist for specific proceedings elsewhere in the Board's procedural rules (see 35 III. Adm. Code 101 through 130). The Clerk will refuse for filing any document that does not comply with the minimum requirements of this Section.					
1125	b)	All documents to be filed with the Board must be filed with the Clerk.					
1126							
1127		1) If allowed by the Board, the hearing officer, the Clerk, or the procedural					
1128		rules to be filed in paper under subsection (h), documents must be filed at					
1129		the following address:					
1130							
1131		Pollution Control Board, Attn: Clerk					
1132		100 West Randolph Street					
1133		James R. Thompson Center, Suite 11-500					
1134		Chicago, Illinois 60601-3218					
1135							
1136		2) All documents filed with the Clerk must provide the name and signature of					
1137		the person seeking to file the document and identify the name of the					
1138		person on whose behalf the document is being filed. If a paper document					
1139		is submitted for filing, the original must bear the original pen-and-ink					
1140		signature of the person seeking to file the document. Signatures for					
1141		purposes of electronic filings through COOL are addressed in Section					
1142		101.1010.					
1143							
1144		3) Each document being filed with the Clerk must be accompanied by a					
1145		notice of filing (see Appendix D) and documentation of service (see					
1146		Section 101.304(d)).					
1147		Socion 101.50 ((d)).					
1148		4) The date on which a document is considered to have been filed is					
1149		determined under Section 101.300(b).					
1150							
1151		5) <u>ServingService of a document upon a hearing officer does not qualify</u>					
1152		asconstitute filing it with the Clerk unless the document is submitted to the					
1152		hearing officer during the course of a hearing.					
1155		nouning onitor auting the course of a nouring.					
1154	c)	Electronic documents may be filed through COOL under Subpart J. Paper					
1155	0)	documents may be filed with the Clerk by U.S. Mail, in person, or by third-party					
1150		commercial carrier.					
1157							
1150							

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1159 d) A filing by e-mail or facsimile will only be allowed with the prior approval of the Clerk of the Board or the hearing officer assigned to the proceeding. Any prior 1160 1161 approval by the Clerk or hearing officer applies only to the specified filing. 1162 1163 e) The initial filings listed in this subsection require filing fees and will only be 1164 considered filed when accompanied by the appropriate fee. The fee may be paid in the form of government voucher, money order, or check made payable to the 1165 1166 Illinois Pollution Control Board, or electronically through COOL with a valid 1167 credit cardin accordance with Section 101.1040(b)(1), but cannot be paid in cash. 1168 1169 1) Petition for Site-Specific Regulation, \$75; 1170 1171 2) Petition for Variance, \$75; 1172 1173 3) Petition for Review of Agency Permit Decision, UST Decision, or any other appeal filed under Section 40 of the Act, \$75; 1174 1175 Petition to Review Pollution Control Facility Siting Decisions, under 1176 4) 1177 Section 40.1 of the Act, \$75; and 1178 1179 5) Petition for Adjusted Standard, under Section 28.1 of the Act, \$75; and-1180 Petition for TLWQS, under Section 38.5, \$75. 1181 6) 1182 For each document filed with the Clerk, the filing party must serve a copy of the 1183 f) document upon the other parties and, if a hearing officer has been assigned, upon 1184 1185 the hearing officer in compliance accordance with Section 101.304. 1186 All documents filed with the Board must contain the relevant proceeding caption 1187 g) and docket number. All documents must be submitted on or formatted to print on 1188 $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$ inch paper, except as provided in subsection (j). Paper documents must 1189 1190 be submitted on recycled paper as defined in Subpart B, and double sided. All pages in a document must be sequentially numbered. All documents created by 1191 1192 word processing programs must be formatted as follows: 1193 1194 1) The margins must each be a minimum one inch on the top, bottom, and 1195 both sides of the page; and 1196 The size of the type in the body of the text must be at leastno less than 12-1197 2) point font, and in footnotes at leastno less than 10-point font. 1198 1199 Unless the Board, the hearing officer, the Clerk, or the procedural rules provide 1200 h) 1201 otherwise, all documents must be filed through COOL electronically.

1202						
1203	1)	If a do	cument	is filed in paper, the original and $2two$ copies of the		
1204	-/			total) are required. If a document is filed through		
1205				plianceaccordance with Subpart J, no paper original or copy		
1206				nt is required.		
1207		01 010	uceunie			
1208	2)	The fo	llowing	documents must be filed through COOL or on compact disk		
1209	2)		-	ble electronic data storage device, <u>comply withmeet the</u>		
1210				→ Section 101.1030(g), and, to the extent technically		
1210				text-searchable Adobe PDF:		
1212		icasioi	c, oc m	text-searchable Adobe 1 D1.		
1212		A)	The A	gency record required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 105.212,		
1213		"		2, or 105.410, or 35 Ill. Adm. Code 125.208 (see 35 Ill.		
1214				Code 105.116);		
1215			Aum.	code 105.110),		
1210		B)	The O	SFM record required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 105.508 (see 35		
1217		Б)		m. Code 105.116);		
1218			III. Au	m. Code 105.110),		
1219		C)	The lo	cal siting authority record required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code		
1220		C)		2 (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 107.304); and		
1221			107.50	2 (see 55 m. Adm. Code 107.504), and		
1223		D)	Δ netit	tion filed under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104 or 35 Ill. Adm. Code		
1223		D)		ee 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.106 and 35 Ill. Adm. Code		
1225			106.10			
1225			100.10	0).		
1220	3)	A door	imont o	ontaining information claimed or determined to be a trade		
1228	3)			•		
1228		secret, or other non-disclosable information under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130, is prohibited from being filed electronically and must instead be filed only				
1229		in paper. The version of the document that is redacted under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130 must be filed through COOL.				
1230						
1231			JU mus	a be med unough COOL.		
1232	4)	When	filing a	rulemaking proposal, if any document protected by		
1233	7)		-	(17 USC 101 et seq.) is proposed under Section 5-75 of the		
1235				5 100/5-75] to be incorporated by reference, the copyrighted		
1235						
1230				rohibited from being filed electronically, but the remainder		
1237				ing proposal must be filed through COOL. In addition, the		
1238		rutema	iking pr	oponent must:		
		۸)	Eile e	one original of the conversion to decourse of The malanceling		
1240 1241		A)	-	paper original of the copyrighted document. The rulemaking		
1241			propos	al also must include:		
1242			i)	The convergent opposed a written such as a far the D		
1243			i)	The copyright owner's written authorization for the Board to make at no charge to the Board no more than a total of		
1277				to make, at no charge to the Board, no more than a total of		

a a

1245 1246 1247 1248 1249				<u>2</u> two paper copies of the copyrighted document if the Board is required by State law to furnish a copy to JCAR, a court, or a member of the public during or after the rulemaking; or
1250 1251			ii)	The proponent's representation that it will, at its own expense, promptly acquire and deliver to the Clerk's Office
1252				no more than a total of 2 two paper originals of the
1253				copyrighted document if the Clerk's Office notifies the
1254				proponent in writing that the Board is required by State law
1255				to furnish a copy to JCAR, a court, or a member of the
1256				public during or after the rulemaking; or
1257				
1258		B)		license or similar documentation of access that, at no charge
1259				Board, gives the Board the rights, during and after the
1260				aking, to do the following: electronically access the
1261				ighted document from the sole designated computer at the
1262				's Chicago office; print a single copy of the copyrighted
1263				nent to maintain at the Board's Chicago office; and print no
1264				than a total of 2two copies of the copyrighted document if the
1265 1266				l is required by State law to furnish a copy to JCAR, a court, nember of the public.
1200			or a n	lember of the public.
1267	i)	No written dise	coverv	, including interrogatories, requests to produce, and requests
1269	1)		•	<i>r</i> response to written discovery, may be filed with the Clerk
1270			•	with permission or direction of the Board or hearing officer.
1271				st under these rules to any nonparty must be filed with the
1272		• •	-	a <u>compliance accordance</u> with subsection (h).
1273				
1274	j)	Oversized Exh	nibits.	When reasonably practicable, oversized exhibits must be
1275	57	reduced to con	form t	to or be formatted to print on $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$ -inch paper for filing
1276		with the Clerk	's Offi	ce. However, even when an oversized exhibit is so reduced
1277				ginal oversized exhibit still must be filed with the Clerk's
1278				ceaccordance with 2 Ill. Adm. Code 2175.300, the original
1279		oversized exhi	bit ma	y be returned to the person who filed it.
1280				
1281	k)			motion, brief in support of a motion, or brief may exceed 50
1282				s curiae brief may exceed 20 pages, without prior approval of
1283			•	officer. These limits do not include appendices containing
1284				wever, materials that may be readily available to the Board,
1285				opinions and orders, federal regulations, and statutes, need
1286		not be include	u in ap	openaices.
1287				

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1288	1)	Documents filed that do not comply withmeet the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm.
1289		Code.Subtitle A may be rejected by the Clerk or the hearing officer. Any
1290		rejection of a filing will include a description of the Board's rules that have not
1291		been met.
1292		
1293	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1294	C	
1295	Section 101.3	304 Service of Documents
1296		
1297	a)	Service Requirements. This Section contains the Board's general service
1298	7	requirements. However, the more specific Part for a proceeding type may contain
1299		additional requirements.
1300		
1301	b)	Duty to Serve and When to Initiate Service. A party filing a document with the
1302	0)	Clerk under Section 101.302 must also serve one copy of the document upon each
1303		of the other parties to the adjudicatory proceeding and, if a hearing officer has
1304		been assigned, upon the assigned hearing officer. Service of a document must be
1305		initiated concurrently with submitting the document to the Clerk for filing.
1306		initiated concurrently with submitting the document to the Clerk for ming.
1307		1) Service of a document upon a party must be made upon a person
1308		authorized by law to receive service on behalf of the party. If a party is
1309		
1310		represented by an attorney who has filed an appearance, service upon the
1310		party is made by serving the document upon the party's attorney. If more
1312		than one attorney appears for a party, service upon one of the party's
1312		attorneys is sufficient.
		2) Each decument hains comed (a surface on formation of the stitles for
1314		2) Each document being served (e.g., enforcement complaint, petition for
1315		review) must be accompanied by a notice of filing (see Appendix D) and a
1316		copy of the documentation of service (see subsection (d)).
1317		2) The data on which commiss of a decomment is considered to have have
1318		3) The date on which service of a document is considered to have been
1319		completed is determined under Section 101.300(c).
1320		4) A manual disc is subject to discussed and the Cline and is a list to
1321		4) A proceeding is subject to dismissal, and the filing party is subject to
1322		sanctions, if service is not timely initiated or completed.
1323		
1324		5) Whether service of a document was proper may be challenged by the party
1325		allegedly served. To avoid waiving the right to contest personal
1326		jurisdiction, any challenge to service must be made under Section
1327		101.400(a)(5).
1328	ς.	
1329	c)	Methods of Service. A document must be served in one of the following ways:
1330		

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1331 1332		1)	Except as provided in subsection (c)(2), service of documents may be made by any of the following methods:			
1333 1334			A)	Personal service;		
1335						
1336			B)	U.S. Mail;		
1337			-			
1338			C)	Third-party commercial carrier;		
1339						
1340			D)	E-mail in <u>compliance</u> accordance with Subpart J; and		
1341			-			
1342			E)	Facsimile, but only if the party being served has filed a notice		
1343				consenting to receipt of facsimile service and not filed a notice		
1344				revoking that consent.		
1345		•	a .			
1346		2)		e of enforcement complaints and EMSA statements of deficiency		
1347			upon 1	respondents must be made by:		
1348						
1349			A)	Personal service;		
1350			D \			
1351			B)	U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature recorded by the U.S. Postal		
1352				Service upon delivery; or		
1353						
1354			C)	A third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature		
1355				recorded by the third-party commercial carrier upon delivery.		
1356		2)	а ·			
1357		3)		ce of administrative citations must be made as required under 35 Ill.		
1358			Adm.	Code 108.		
1359	1	D				
1360	d)	Documentation of Service and When to File Documentation of Service. A party				
1361			serving a document upon another party must also file documentation of that			
1362				oceeding is subject to dismissal, and the filing party is subject to		
1363				locumentation of service is not timely filed with the Clerk.		
1364		Docu	menting	service and filing that documentation must be done as follows:		
1365			-			
1366		1)	-	ersonal service of a document, either an affidavit or certificate of		
1367				e signed by the person who made personal delivery or a declaration		
1368				vice signed by the process server who made personal delivery must		
1369				pany the document being filed with the Clerk. However, if the		
1370			•	affidavit, certificate, or declaration is not available to the filing		
1371			party	when the document is filed with the Clerk, the filing must include:		
1372						

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1373 1374 1375 1376 1377 1378 1379 1380		A)	An affidavit or certificate of service, signed by the filing party, stating that service has been initiated, but not yet completed, and providing the following: the date, the time by when, and the place the document was provided to the person making personal delivery; the address appearing on the envelope or package containing the document; and a statement that the delivery charge was prepaid; and
1381		B)	Within <u>7</u> seven days after it becomes available to the filing party,
1382 1383			the affidavit or certificate of service containing the signature of the
1384			person who made personal delivery or the declaration of service containing the signature of the process server, accompanied by a
1385			notice identifying the filed document to which the signed affidavit,
1386			certificate, or declaration corresponds. A copy of the signed
1387			affidavit, certificate, or declaration and the notice must be served
1388			under subsection (a).
1389			
1390	2)	For ser	vice of a document by U.S. Mail or third-party commercial carrier
1391	,		recipient's signature recorded by the U.S. Postal Service or the
1392			arty commercial carrier upon delivery, the delivery confirmation
1393		contair	ning the recipient's signature must accompany the document being
1394		filed w	ith the Clerk. However, if the delivery confirmation containing the
1395		recipie	nt's signature is not available to the filing party when the document
1396		is filed	with the Clerk, the filing must include:
1397			
1398		A)	An affidavit or certificate of service, signed by the filing party,
1399			stating that service has been initiated, but not yet completed, and
1400			providing the following: the date, the time by when, and the place
1401			the document was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-
1402			party commercial carrier; the address appearing on the envelope or
1403			package containing the document; and a statement that the proper
1404			postage or the delivery charge was prepaid; and
1405		D)	Within 7 and the form it has seen and it has she filling month.
1406 1407		B)	Within <u>7</u> seven days after it becomes available to the filing party,
1407			the delivery confirmation containing the recipient's signature, accompanied by a notice identifying the filed document to which
1409			the signed delivery confirmation corresponds. A copy of the
1410			delivery confirmation and the notice must be served under
1411			subsection (a).
1412			bubbetton (u).
1413	3)	For ser	vice of a document by e-mail or facsimile, an affidavit or certificate
1414	- /		ice must accompany the document being filed with the Clerk. An
1415			<i>i</i> t or certificate of e-mail service must comply with Section
			1 *

1416 1417 1418 1419 1420	-05		101.1060. An affidavit or certificate of facsimile service must include the date and time of the facsimile transmission, the telephone number to which the transmission was sent, the number of pages transmitted, and a statement that the document was served by facsimile.
1421 1422 1423 1424 1425 1426 1427 1428 1429 1430		4)	For service of a document by U.S. Mail or a third-party commercial carrier without a recipient's signature recorded by the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier upon delivery, an affidavit or certificate of service must accompany the document being filed with the Clerk. The affidavit or certificate must state the following: the date, the time by when, and the place the document was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier; the address appearing on the envelope or package containing the document; and that proper postage or the delivery charge was prepaid.
1431 1432 1433 1434 1435		5)	An affidavit of service must be notarized and is for use by a non-attorney. A certificate of service is for use by an attorney. Sample forms of an affidavit of service and a certificate of service are available in Appendices E and H.
1436 1437 1438 1439 1440 1441		6)	A certificate of service must bear an attorney's signature. Signatures in affidavits of service, declarations of service, and delivery confirmations must be written by hand. A handwritten signature in documentation of service filed with the Clerk may be a facsimile or digitized electronic signature.
1442 1443 1444 1445	e)	with t	ce of Amicus Curiae Briefs. Any person who files an amicus curiae brief the Board in any proceeding must serve copies of that brief on all parties in <u>lianceaccordance</u> with this Section.
1446 1447 1448 1449 1450	f)	<u>must</u> e	ce of Comments of Participants in an Adjudicatory Proceeding. Participants are required to serve comments upon the parties to the proceeding. The d will consider the comments as time and the Act or other applicable law
1451 1452 1453 1454 1455	g)	specif	ce on Agencies. Service must be at the addresses listed below unless a fic person has an appearance on file with the Board or has, in <u>lianceaccordance</u> with Section 101.1070, consented to e-mail service. Service on the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The Agency
1456 1457 1458			must be served at: Division of Legal Counsel

1459 1460 1461 1462 1463 1464	-45		Illinois Environmental Protection Agency 1021 North Grand Avenue East P.O. Box 19276 Springfield IL 62794-9276 epa.dlc@illinois.gov
1464 1465 1466 1467 1468 1469 1470		2)	Service on Office of State Fire Marshal. The OSFM must be served at: Division of Petroleum and Chemical Safety Office of the State Fire Marshal 1035 Stevenson Dr. Springfield IL 62703
1471 1472 1473 1474 1475 1476 1477 1478		3)	Service on the Illinois Attorney General. The Office of the Attorney General must be served at: Division Chief of Environmental Enforcement Office of the Attorney General 100 West Randolph St., Suite 1200 Chicago IL 60601
1479 1480 1481 1482 1483 1484		4)	enviro@atg.state.il.us Service on the Illinois Department of Natural Resources. DNR must be served at: Office of Legal Services
1485 1486 1487 1488 1489 1490		5)	Illinois Department of Natural Resources One Natural Resources Way Springfield IL 62702-1271 Service on the Illinois Department of Transportation. IDOT must be served at:
1491 1492 1493 1494 1495 1496			Office of Chief Counsel DOT Administration Building 2300 S. Dirksen Parkway, Room 300 Springfield IL 62764
1490 1497 1498 1499 1500 1501		6)	Service on Region V of the United States Environmental Protection Agency. USEPA Region V must be served at: USEPA, Region V 77 West Jackson

1502		Chicago IL 60604
1503 1504	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1505	(504	, chichard at 15 mi 106.
1506	Section 101.	306 Incorporation of Documents from Another Proceeding
1507		
1508	a)	Upon the separate written request of any person or on its own initiative, the Board
1509		or hearing officer may incorporate materials from the record of another Board
1510		docket into any proceeding. The person seeking incorporation must file the
1511		material to be incorporated with the Board in <u>compliance accordance</u> with Section
1512 1513		101.302(h). The person seeking incorporation must demonstrate to the Board or the bagging officer that the material to be incorporated is authentic, and the and
1515		the hearing officer that the material to be incorporated is authentic, credible, and relevant to the proceeding. Notice of the request must be given to all identified
1514		participants or parties by the person seeking incorporation.
1516		participants of partics by the person seeking meorporation.
1517	b)	The Board will give the incorporated matter the appropriate weight in light of the
1518	,	following factors: the standard of evidence under which the material was
1519		previously presented to the Board; the present purpose for incorporating the
1520		material; and the past and current opportunity for cross-examination of the
1521		matters asserted within the incorporated material.
1522	10	
1523	(Sour	rce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1524	Section 101	200 Statutory Decision Decilings and Waiver of Decilings
1525 1526	Section 101.	308 Statutory Decision Deadlines and Waiver of Deadlines
1520	a)	Petitions in the following proceedings each have a 120-day statutory decision
1527	u)	deadline: Variances (Section 38 of the Act), Permit Appeals and UST appeals
1529		(Section 40 of the Act), and Pollution Control Facility Siting Review (Section
1530		40.1 of the Act). Other adjudicatory proceedings may be subject to decision
1531		deadlines as provided by law.
1532		
1533	b)	When Where the petitioner does not waive the decision deadline, the Board will
1534		proceed expeditiously to establish all hearing and filing requirements. Willful or
1535		unexcused failure to follow Board requirements on the deadlines will subject the
1536		party to sanctions under Subpart H. This Section will be strictly construed when where there is a decision deadline unless the Board receives a waiver
1537 1538		<u>underas set out in</u> subsection (c).
1538		<u>under as set out in</u> subsection (c).
1540	c)	All waivers of a deadline for Board action must be filed as a separate document.
1541	- /	Waivers must be titled and state which type of waiver it is, identify the
1542		proceeding by name and docket number, and be signed by the party or by an
1543		authorized representative or attorney. A waiver of a statutory deadline does not
1544		preclude the Board from issuing an opinion or order prior to any decision

1545		deadli	ne, nor does it preclude the filing of a motion seeking a decision on the
1546		matter	
1547			
1548		1)	An open waiver waives the decision deadline completely and
1549			unequivocally until the petitioner elects to reinstate the 120-day decision
1550			period by filing a notice to reinstate. Upon proper filing of the notice, the
1551			decision period is reinstated. <u>UnderIn accordance with</u> Section
1552			101.300(b)(4), the decision period restarts on recommences as of the date
1553			on which the notice to reinstate is filed with the Board.
1554			
1555		2)	A time certain waiver must be expressed in length of days or to a specific
1556		_/	calendar date. If expressed in length of days, day one will be the first day
1557			after the date upon which the current time clock expires. If the petitioner
1558			files a time certain waiver before the hearing date, the waiver must be for
1559			at least 40 days. If the extension is not renewed for at least 40 days prior
1560			to the decision deadline, the Board will set the matter for hearing.
1561			to the decision dedamic, the Bourd will bet the matter for neuring.
1562	(Sour	ce: Am	ended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1563	(500	UU . 1 MIII	onded at 15 m. reg, onoenve)
1564		SUB	PART D: PARTIES, JOINDER, AND CONSOLIDATION
1565		500	The D. The field, for the consolidation
1566	Section 101	100 Am	pearances, Withdrawals, and Substitutions of Attorneys in
1567	Adjudicator		
1568	rujudicator	y 110cc	cumgs
1569	a)	Annea	rances. A person who is a party in a Board adjudicatory proceeding may
1570	u)	~ ~	as follows:
1570		appear	
1572		1)	Individuals may appear on their own behalf or through an attorney-at-law
1572		1)	licensed and registered to practice law. (See Section 1 of the Attorney Act
1574			[705 ILCS 205/1].)
1575			[/03 1205 205/1].)
1576		2)	When appearing before the Board, any person other than individuals must
1577		2)	appear through an attorney-at-law licensed and registered to practice law.
1578			(See Section 1 of the Corporation Practice of Law Prohibition Act [705
1578			ILCS 220/1] and Section 1 of the Attorney Act.)
1580			Thes 220/1] and section 1 of the Attorney Act.)
1580		3)	An out-of-state attorney may appear as counsel and provide legal services
1582		5)	in a particular proceeding before the Board only if the attorney has
1582			permission to do so under Illinois Supreme Court Rule 707. No Board
1585			order is required for an out-of-state attorney to appear and no motion to
1585			appear pro hac vice is necessary. The out-of-state attorney's appearance
			must include the following:
1586			must menude me fonowing.
1587			

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1588 1589 1590 1591			A)	A representation that the out-of-state attorney is in, and will maintain throughout the proceeding, compliance with Supreme Court Rule 707; and
1592 1593 1594 1595 1596			B)	Identification of the active status Illinois attorney associated with the out-of_state attorney under Supreme Court Rule 707 and the date on which the active status Illinois attorney filed an appearance in the proceeding.
1597 1598 1599 1600 1601		4)	writter of the	ttorney appearing in a representative capacity must file a separate n appearance with the Clerk, together with documentation of service appearance under Section 101.304(d) and notice of filing of the rance under Section 101.304(b)(2). The appearance must include:
1602 1603 1604 1605 1606			A)	For law firms, the Agency, and the Attorney General's Office, a lead attorney must be designated for purposes of phone and mail contact pertaining to the proceeding. Absent written notice, the Board will designate the attorney whose signature appears first on the party's first filing as the lead attorney.
1607 1608 1609 1610 1611			B)	The attorney's business address and designation of a primary e- mail address for service by e-mail. Up to $2two$ secondary e-mail addresses may also be included.
1612 1613 1614 1615		5)	motio	erson seeking to contest personal jurisdiction must do so by filing a n with the Board <u>consistentin accordance</u> with Section 2-301 of the of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5/2-301].
1616 1617 1618 1619 1620	b)	wishe the Cl	s to witl erk, tog	An attorney who has appeared in a representative capacity and who hdraw from that representation must file a notice of withdrawal with ether with documentation of service and notice of filing on all r representatives.
1621 1622 1623 1624 1625	c)	writte attorn consid	n appea ey for w lered wi	Any attorney who substitutes for an attorney of record must file a rance under subsection (a). That appearance must identify the whom the substitution is made. However, no attorney will be ithdrawn from a proceeding until a formal withdrawal is filed in cordance with subsection (b).
1626 1627 1628 1629 1630	d)	behalf	others i	nay appear on <u>his or her own</u> behalf of himself or <u>on others'</u> n a rulemaking <u>, consistent proceeding in accordance</u> with 35 Ill. 02.100(b) <u>, or in a TLWQS proceeding</u> .

1631	(Sourc	ce: Am	nended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1632	S	403 T.	
1633	Section 101.4	102 m	tervention of Parties
1634		The T	
1635	a)		Board may permit any person to intervene in any adjudicatory proceeding. If
1636 1637			son seeks to intervene in an adjudicatory proceeding, the person must file a
1638			on to do so with the Clerk and serve a copy of the motion on all parties to the
1639		proce	eding. The motion must stateset forth the grounds for intervention.
1640	b)	In dat	termining whether to grant a motion to intervene, the Board will consider the
1640	b)		iness of the motion and whether intervention will unduly delay, materially
1642			dice, or otherwise interfere with an orderly or efficient proceeding.
1642		preju	alce, of otherwise interfere with an orderry of efficient proceeding.
1644	c)	Subie	ect to subsection (b), the Board will permit any person to intervene in any
1645	0)	•	licatory proceeding if:
1646		aujuu	incatory proceeding it.
1640		1)	The person has an unconditional statutory right to intervene in the
1648		1)	proceeding; or
1649			proceeding, or
1650		2)	It may be necessary for the Board to impose a condition on the person.
1651		_)	
1652	d)	Subie	ect to subsection (b), the Board may permit any person to intervene in any
1653			licatory proceeding if:
1654		5	
1655		1)	The person has a conditional statutory right to intervene in the proceeding;
1656		,	
1657		2)	The person may be materially prejudiced absent intervention; or
1658			
1659		3)	The person is so situated that the person may be adversely affected by a
1660			final Board order.
1661			
1662	e)	An in	tervenor will have all the rights of an original party to the adjudicatory
1663		<u> </u>	eding, except that the Board may limit the rights of the intervenor as justice
1664			require. The limits may include providing that: the intervenor is bound by
1665			d and hearing officer orders already issued or by evidence already admitted;
1666			he intervenor does not control any decision deadline; and that the intervenor
1667			ot raise issues that were raised or might more properly have been raised at an
1668		earlie	er stage of the proceeding.
1669			
1670	(Sour	ce: An	nended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1671	a		
1672	Section 101.4	404 Ag	gency as a Party in Interest
1673			

4. J

1674	<u>a)</u>	Under Section 30 of the Act, the Board may request that the Agency investigate:
1675		
1676		1) <u>Anyany</u> alleged violation of the Act, <u>anythe</u> regulations <u>adopted under the</u>
1677		Act, any permit or term or condition of a permit granted by the Agency, or
1678		any Board order;term or condition of any such permit and
1679		
1680		2) <u>Anyany such other mattersinvestigations</u> as the Board <u>findsmay deem</u>
1681		advisable.
1682		
1683	<u>b)</u>	Upon <u>asuch</u> request <u>under subsection (a)</u> , the Board may designate the Agency as
1684		a party in interest in any ongoing proceeding <u>concerningin</u> that matter. The
1685		designation of the Agency as a party in interest does not require the Agency to
1686		take a position on the merits of the proceeding.
1687		
1688	(Sourc	e: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1689		
1690	Section 101.4	06 Consolidation of Claims
1691		
1692	The Board, up	bon the motion of any party or upon its own motion, may consolidate 2two or more
1693	proceedings f	or the purpose of hearing or decision or both. The Board will consolidate the
1694	· ·	f consolidation is in the interest of convenient, expeditious, and complete
1695		of claims, and if consolidation would not cause material prejudice to any party.
1696		ll not consolidate proceedings in whichwhere the burdens of proof vary.
1697		
1698	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1699	× ×	
1700		SUBPART E: MOTIONS
1701		
1702	Section 101.5	500 Filing of Motions and Responses
1703		O I
1704	a)	The Board may entertain any motion the parties wish to file that is permissible
1705		under the Act or other applicable law, this Partthese rules, or the Illinois Code of
1706		Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5].
1707		
1708	b)	All motions must be in writing, unless made orally on the record during a hearing
1709	0)	or during a status conference, and must state whether the motion is directed to the
1710		Board or to the hearing officer. <u>A party's oral</u> motion <u>made</u> to the Board
1711		made at hearing is waived if the party fails to file the motion must be filed in
1712		writing within 14 days after the Board receives the hearing transcriptor the motion
1712		is deemed waived. Motions that should be directed to the hearing officer are
1714		specified set out in Section 101.502. All motions must be filed and served in
1715		<u>compliance conformance</u> with Subparts C and J.
1716		<u>complaite</u> contoiniaitee mai baoparto o una s .
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1717	c)	Motions may be filed at any time unless otherwise specifically provided.
1718	1\	
1719	d)	Within 14 days after service of a motion, a party may file a response to the
1720		motion. If no response is filed, the party <u>waives</u> will be deemed to have waived
1721		objection to the granting of the motion, but the waiver of objection does not bind
1722		the Board or the hearing officer in its disposition of the motion. Unless undue
1723		delay or material prejudice would result, neither the Board nor the hearing officer
1724		will grant any motion before expiration of the 14-day response period expires.
1725		except in <u>decision</u> deadline driven proceedings <u>in whichwhere</u> no <u>decision</u>
1726		deadline waiver has been filed. Parties may request that the Board grant more
1727		time to respond by filing a motion for extension of time <u>before the response</u>
1728		period expires.
1729	ς.	
1730	e)	The moving person will not have the right to reply, except as permitted by the
1731		Board or the hearing officer <u>permits</u> to prevent material prejudice. A motion for
1732		permission to file a reply must be filed with the Board within 14 days after service
1733		of the response.
1734	(0	
1735	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1736	G (* 101 s	$\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{M} + $
1737	Section 101.5	502 Motions Directed to the Hearing Officer
1738	2)	The beging officer has the outbority to rule on all motions that are not dispositive.
1739	a)	The hearing officer has the authority to rule on all motions that are not dispositive of the proceeding. Dispositive motions include motions to dismiss, motions to
1740 1741		decide a proceeding on the merits, motions to strike any claim or defense for
		insufficiency or want of proof, motions claiming lack of jurisdiction, motions for
1742		consolidation, motions for summary judgment, and motions for reconsideration.
1743		
1744		Oral motions directed to a hearing officer at a status conference will be summarized in a written hearing officer order. The duties and authorities of the
1745 1746		hearing officer are further <u>specified</u> set out in Section 101.610.
1740		heating officer are further <u>specified set out</u> in Section 101.010.
1748	b)	At hearing, objections and hearing officer rulings must be made on the record. A
1749	0)	<u>party's An</u> objection to a hearing officer ruling made at hearing <u>is will be deemed</u>
1749		waived if the party fails to file the objection of filed within 14 days after the
1750		Board receives the hearing transcript.
1752		board receives the hearing transcript.
1752		Unless the Board orders otherwise ordered by the Board, neither the filing of a
1755	c)	motion, nor any appeal to the Board of a hearing officer order will stay the
1754		proceeding or extend the time to perform for the performance of any act. Unless
1755		otherwise provided, all hearing officer orders will remain in effect during the
1750		pendency of any appeal to the Board.
1758		pendency of any appear to the board.
1758	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1137	(Source)	te. 7 mienuou at +5 m. Reg, eneetive

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1760						
1761	Section 101.5	504 Contents of Motions and Responses				
1762		A				
1763	All motions and responses must state the grounds upon which the motion is made and must					
1764	<u>concisely state</u> contain a concise statement of the position or relief sought. Facts asserted that are					
1765		in the proceeding must be supported by oath, affidavit, or certification <u>consistentin</u>				
1766		ith Section 1-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5/1-109]. A brief or				
1767		in support of the motion or response may be included.				
1768						
1769	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)				
1770	× ×	°, · · · · · · · ·)				
1771	Section 101.5	508 Motions to Board Preliminary to Hearing				
1772		······································				
1773	Motions that	a party desires the Board to rule on before hearing should be filed at least 21 days				
1774		gularly scheduled Board meeting before the noticed hearing date. Any motion filed				
1775		bove prescribed time will be considered by the Board if time permits.				
1776						
1777	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)				
1778	× ×					
1779	Section 101.5	510 Motions to Cancel Hearing				
1780						
1781	a)	Time to File. Unless the Board or the hearing officer orders otherwise the hearing				
1782	,	officer may grant motions to cancel hearings that are filed no fewer than 10 days				
1783		or, if all parties agree to the motion, 5 days before the scheduled hearing date.				
1784		The hearing officer may grant a motion filed after the prescribed time only if the				
1785		movant demonstrates that the movant will suffer material prejudice if the hearing				
1786		is not canceled.				
1787						
1788	b)	Contents. All motions to cancel a hearing must stateset forth a proposed date to				
1789	,	reschedule the hearing and must be supported by an affidavit of the person or				
1790		persons with knowledge of the facts that support the motion. The affidavit must				
1791		include the factual basis for the request to cancel and a complete status report that				
1792		describes the progress of the proceeding and sets forth the number of cancellation				
1793		requests previously granted to the movant. The hearing officer will grant the				
1794		motion only if the movant demonstrates that the request to cancel is not <u>due tothe</u>				
1795		result of the movant's lack of diligence.				
1796						
1797	c)	In a proceeding with for which there is a decision deadline, the hearing officer will				
1798		deny a motion to cancel a hearing if the decision deadline does not allow enough				
1799		time for the Board to reschedule the hearing, provide the required notice of the				
1800		rescheduled hearing, complete the hearing, and deliberate and decide the matter.				
1801						
1802	d)	If the hearing officer grants a motion to cancel a hearing, the hearing officer will				

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1803		revise the schedule to complete the record in <u>complianceaccordance</u> with Section
1804		101.612. The hearing officer also will file the revised schedule with the Clerk and
1805		serve a copy of the revised schedule on all parties in <u>complianceaccordance</u> with
1806		Subpart C.
1807		
1808	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1809	(2044	, chichite)
1810	Section 101.	512 Motions for Expedited Review
1811		
1812	a)	Motions for expedited review must be directed to the Board. All motions for
1813)	expedited review must <u>completely statecontain a complete statement of</u> the facts
1814		and reasons for the request and must be accompanied by an oath or affirmation
1815		attesting that the facts cited are true.
1816		
1817	b)	In acting on a motion for expedited review, the Board will, at a minimum,
1818	0)	consider all statutory requirements and whether material prejudice will result from
1819		the motion being granted or denied.
1819		the motion being granted of defined.
1820	c)	The Board will grant a motion for expedited review consistent with available
1821	0)	resources and decision deadlines.
1822		resources and decision deadnines.
1823	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1825	(Sour	ce. Amended at 45 m. Reg, enective)
1825	Section 101	514 Motions to Stay Proceedings
1820	Section 101.	514 Motions to Stay Proceedings
1827		Motions to stay a proceeding must be directed to the Board and must be
1828	a)	
		accompanied by sufficient information detailing why a stay is needed, and in
1830		decision deadline proceedings, by a waiver of any decision deadline. A status
1831		report detailing the progress of the proceeding must be included in the motion.
1832		(See also Section 101.308.)
1833	1-)	If the metion to star is sweeted, at the along of the star, the nextice wast file a
1834	b)	If the motion to stay is granted, at the close of the stay, the parties must file a
1835		status report in <u>compliance</u> accordance with Subpart C. Additional requests for
1836		stay of the proceedings must be directed to the hearing officer.
1837	(0	
1838	(Sour	rce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1839	G 404	
1840	Section 101.	516 Motions for Summary Judgment
1841		
1842	a)	Any time after the opposing party has appeared (or after the expiration of time
1843		within which any party <u>mustis required to</u> appear), but no fewer than 30 days
1844		prior to the regularly scheduled Board meeting before the noticed hearing date, a
1845		party may move the Board for summary judgment for all or any part of the relief

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1846 1847 1848 1849 1850		sought. Any response to a motion for summary judgment must be filed within 14 days after service of the motion for summary judgment. The hearing officer may extend the filing and response deadlines contained in this subsection upon written motion by a party, consistent with any statutory deadlines.
1851 1852 1853 1854	b)	If the record, including pleadings, depositions and admissions on file, together with any affidavits, shows that there is no genuine issue of material fact, and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, the Board will enter summary judgment.
1855 1856 1857 1858	c)	Any party wishing to cancel a hearing pending decision on a motion for summary judgment must file a motion to cancel hearing under Section 101.510.
1859	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1860	Section 101	519 Metions for Interlocutory Anneal from Heaving Officer Orden
1861 1862	Section 101.	518 Motions for Interlocutory Appeal from Hearing Officer Orders
1862	A narty may	take to the Board an interlocutory appeal Interlocutory appeals from a hearing
1864		of the hearing officer may be taken to the Board by filing a motion within 14 days
1865	U	y receives receipt of the hearing officer's written order. However, if the hearing
1866		<u>s theofficer's</u> ruling is rendered on the record at hearing, any motion for
1867		appeal must be filed within 14 days after the <u>Board receives the hearing transcript</u> .
1868	•	on for interlocutory appeal will not postpone a scheduled hearing, stay the effect of
1869	•	fficer's ruling, or otherwise stay the proceeding. Failure of a party to timely file a
1870		terlocutory appeal constitutes a waiver of any objection to the hearing officer's
1870	ruling.	tendentially appear constitutes a warver of any objection to the hearing officers
1872	runng.	
1873	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1874	(504	ce. Thionded at 15 III. Reg, encentve
1875	Section 101	520 Motions for Reconsideration
1876		
1877	a)	Any motion for reconsideration or modification of a Board order must be filed
1878	"	within 35 days after the receipt of the order. (See Section 101.902.)
1879		
1880	b)	Any response to a motion for reconsideration or modification must be filed within
1881	0)	14 days after the filing of the motion.
1882		
1883	c)	A timely-filed motion for reconsideration or modification stays the effect of the
1884	- /	order until final disposition of the motion in accordance with Section
1885		101.300(d)(2) .
1886		
1887	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
1888	(5041	······································
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1889	Section 101.	522 Motions for Extension of Time			
1890					
1891	If a party's motion shows good cause, the The Board or hearing officer, for good cause shown on				
1892	a motion afte	er notice to the opposite party, may extend any deadline the time for filing any			
1893	document or	doing any act which is required by this Partthese rules to be done within a limited			
1894	period, The	motion may be filed either before or after the deadline expires expiration of time.			
1895					
1896	(Sour	rce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)			
1897					
1898		SUBPART F: HEARINGS, EVIDENCE, AND DISCOVERY			
1899	~				
1900	Section 101.	602 Notice of Board Hearings			
1901					
1902	a)	The <u>Clerkhearing officer</u> will <u>servegive</u> the parties <u>with the hearing officer'sat</u>			
1903		least 21 days written notice of a hearing at least 21 days before the hearing.			
1904					
1905	b)	The Clerk will provide notice of all hearings, except for administrative citation			
1906		hearings, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the facility			
1907		or pollution source is located, or where the activity in question occurred. Unless			
1908		otherwise required by applicable law, when a hearing is to be held to satisfy the			
1909		public hearing requirement of the Clean Air Act (42 USC 7401 et seq.) for State			
1910		Implementation Plan revisions, the Clerk will give notice of the hearing by			
1911		publication in the Illinois Register in lieu of newspaper notice. Notice must be			
1912		published at least 21 days before the hearing. If the proceeding involves federal			
1913		rules that the State has been delegated authority to administer, notice must be			
1914		published at least 30 days before the hearing.			
1915	ς.				
1916	c)	Whenever a proceeding before the Board may affect the right of the public			
1917		individually or collectively to the use of community sewer or water facilities			
1918		provided by a municipally owned or publicly regulated company, the Board shall			
1919		at least 30 days prior to the scheduled date for the first hearing in the proceeding,			
1920		give notice of the date, time, place, and purpose of the hearing by public			
1921		advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the State			
1922		concerned [415 ILCS $5/33(c)$].			
1923 1924	(Sour	nou Amondad at 12 III Dag			
1924	(Sour	rce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)			
	Section 101	604 Formal Board Transarint			
1926 1927	Section 101.	604 Formal Board Transcript			
1927	All Board ha	arings will be transcribed by a certified court reporter in <u>complianceaccordance</u> with			
1928		f the Act or other applicable law. Any party or witness may file a motion with the			
1929		er to correct the transcript within 21 days after the Board receives receipt of the			
1930	nearing offic	in to contest the transcript within 21 days after the board receives receipt of the			

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1931 transcript in the Clerk's Office. If a Failure of any party or witness fails to timely file a motion to

1932	correct the transcript, the party or witness waives constitutes a waiver of the right to correct,						
1933	unless material prejudice would resultresults.						
1934							
1935	(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)						
1936							
1937	Section 101.6	06 Informal Recordings of the Proceedings					
1938		5 5					
1939	Informal record	rding of Board proceedings is allowed as provided for in this Section. The hearing					
1940		rohibit audio or video recording at hearing if a witness refuses to testify on the					
1941		he witness <u>mustmay</u> not be compelled to testify if any portion of the testimony is to					
1942		or televised. If the hearing officer determines that recording is disruptive or					
1943		proper development of the record, the hearing officer may limit or prohibit audio					
1944	andand/or vid						
1945							
1946	(Sourc	e: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)					
1947	× ×						
1948	Section 101.6	08 Default					
1949							
1950	a)	If Failure of a party fails to appear at the hearing, or fails failure to proceed as					
1951	,	ordered by the Board or hearing officer ordered, the party defaults will constitute					
1952		default.					
1953							
1954	b)	If a respondent fails to appear at hearing, the complainant or petitioner must prove					
1955	,	its prima facie case in order to prevail on the merits.					
1956		1 1					
1957	(Sourc	e: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)					
1958							
1959	Section 101.6	10 Duties and Authority of the Hearing Officer					
1960							
1961	The hearing o	fficer has the duty to manage proceedings assigned, to set hearings, to conduct a					
1962	fair hearing, to take all necessary action to avoid delay, to maintain order, and to ensure						
1963	U ,	of a clear, complete, and concise record for timely transmission to the Board. The					
1964	hearing officer has all powers necessary to these ends, including the authority to:						
1965	6						
1966	a)	Require parties to proceed to hearing and establish a schedule for, and notice and					
1967	,	service of, any prefiled submission of testimony and written exhibits;					
1968		······································					
1969	b)	Administer oaths and affirmations;					
1970	- /						
1971	c)	Allow for the examination of or examine witnesses to ensure a clear and complete					
1972	-,	record;					
1973							
1974	d)	Regulate the course of the hearing, including controlling the order of proceedings;					

1975							
1976	e)	Establish reasonable <u>time</u> limits on the duration of the testimony and questioning					
1977	- /	of any witness, and limit repetitive or cumulative testimony and questioning;					
1978							
1979	f)	Determine that a witness is adverse, hostile, or unwilling under Section 101.624;					
1980	_/						
1981	g)	Issue an order compelling the answers to interrogatories or responses to other					
1982	0/	discovery requests;					
1983							
1984	h)	Order the production of evidence under Section 101.614;					
1985	/						
1986	i)	Order the filing of any required record or recommendation in a manner that which					
1987	-)	provides for a timely review and development of issues prior to the hearing and					
1988		consistent with any statutory decision deadline;					
1989							
1990	j)	Initiate, schedule, and conduct a pre-hearing conference;					
1991	57						
1992	k)	Order a briefing and comment schedule and exclude late-filed briefs and					
1993	,	comments from the record;					
1994		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
1995	1)	Rule upon objections and evidentiary questions;					
1996	,	1 J J 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
1997	m)	Order discovery under Sections 101.614 and 101.616;					
1998	,	•					
1999	n)	Rule on any motion directed to the hearing officer or deferred to the hearing					
2000	,	officer by the Board consistentin accordance with Section 101.502;					
2001							
2002	o)	Set status report schedules;					
2003	<i>,</i>						
2004	p)	Require all participants in a rulemaking or TLWQS proceeding proceeding to state					
2005		their positions regarding with respect to the proposal or petition, as applicable; and					
2006							
2007	q)	Rule upon offers of proof and receive evidence and rule upon objections to the					
2008	-	introduction of evidence.					
2009							
2010	(Sourc	e: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)					
2011							
2012	Section 101.6	12 Schedule to Complete the Record					
2013		·					
2014	a)	The hearing officer willmust establish a schedule to complete the record by					
2015	~	hearing officer order. The schedule may provide dates and deadlines for pre-					
2016		hearing conferences, discovery completion, and hearing and post-hearing					
2017		submissions (including public comments). The schedule must provide for a					

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2018		completed record at least 30 days before the decision date, unless the hearing					
2019		officer orders otherwise to prevent material prejudice. The hearing officer					
2020		willmust file the schedule with the Clerk and serve a copy of the schedule on all					
2021		parties in <u>complianceaccordance</u> with Subpart C.					
2022		·					
2023	b)	The hearing officer may rule upon any motion to revise the schedule to complete					
2024	- /	the record. The hearing officer may grant the motion to the extent that the revised					
2025		schedule provides for a completed record at least 30 days before the decision date					
2026		or to prevent material prejudice. If the hearing officer grants a motion to revise					
2020		the schedule, the hearing officer <u>willmust</u> file the revised schedule with the Clerk					
2027		and serve a copy of the revised schedule on all parties in <u>compliance</u>					
2028							
		with Subpart C. (See also Section 101.510(d).)					
2030	(0	A way dad at (2 III Dag					
2031	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)					
2032	G 404 /						
2033	Section 101.6	516 Discovery					
2034	end t t						
2035	-	hearing officer will set all time deadlines for discovery not already provided for in					
2036		consistent with Board deadlines. For purposes of discovery, the Board may look to					
2037		Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5] and the Illinois Supreme Court Rules for guidance					
2038		ne Board's procedural rules are silent (see Section 101.100(b)). All discovery					
2039	disputes will be handled by the assigned hearing officer.						
2040							
2041	a)	All relevant information and information calculated to lead to relevant					
2042		information is discoverable, excluding those materials that would be protected					
2043		from disclosure in the courts of this State under statute, Supreme Court Rules or					
2044		common law, and materials protected from disclosure under 35 Ill. Adm. Code					
2045		130.					
2046							
2047	b)	If the parties cannot agree on the scope of discovery or the time or location of any					
2048	-)	deposition, the hearing officer has the authority to order discovery or to deny					
2049		requests for discovery.					
2019		requests for also very.					
2050	c)	All discovery must be completed at least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing in					
2051	0)	the proceeding unless the hearing officer orders otherwise.					
		the proceeding unless the hearing officer orders otherwise.					
2053	/L	The bearing officer may on his or her own motion or on the motion of any next.					
2054	d)	The hearing officer may, on his or her own motion or on the motion of any party					
2055		or witness, issue protective orders that deny, limit, condition or regulate discovery					
2056		to prevent unreasonable expense, or harassment, to expedite resolution of the					
2057		proceeding, or to protect non-disclosable materials from disclosure consistent					
2058		with Sections 7 and 7.1 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130.					
2059							
2060	e)	Unless a claim of privilege is asserted, it is not a ground for objection that the					

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2061 2062 2063 2064 2065		testimony of a deponent or person interrogated will be inadmissible at hearing, if the information sought is reasonably calculated to lead to relevant information. Any appeals of rulings by the hearing officer regarding discovery must be in writing and filed with the Board prior to hearing.
2005 2066 2067 2068	f)	Failure to comply with any order regarding discovery may subject the offending persons to sanctions under Subpart H.
2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074	g)	If any person serves any request for discovery or answers to discovery for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation, or knowingly gives a false answer to discovery questions, the Board, on its own motion or the motion of a party, may impose sanctions under Subpart H.
2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080	h)	A party must amend any prior responses to interrogatories, requests for production, or requests for admission if the party learns that the response is in some material respect incomplete or incorrect, and the additional or corrected information has not otherwise been made known to the other parties during the discovery process or in writing.
2081 2082	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2082 2083 2084	Section 101.6	518 Admissions
2085 2086 2087 2088	a)	General. All requests to admit must be served upon a party no later than 35 days before hearing. All answers or objections to requests to admit must be served upon the party requesting the admission within 28 days after the service of the request.
2089 2090 2091 2092 2093	b)	Extension of Time. <u>Under In accordance with</u> Sections 101.522 and 101.610, the hearing officer may extend the time for filing any request, answer, or objection either before or after the expiration of time.
2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099	c)	Request to Admit. Any party serving a request to admit <u>underin accordance with</u> subsection (d) or (e) must include the following language in the first paragraph of the request:- "Failure to respond to the following requests to admit within 28 days may have severe consequences. <u>If you failFailure</u> to respond to the following requests, you will <u>be considered to have admitted thatresult in</u> all the facts requested <u>arebeing deemed admitted as</u> true for this proceeding. If you have any
2100 2101 2102		questions about this procedure, you should contact the hearing officer assigned to this proceeding or an attorney."

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2104		admission of the truth of specific statements of fact on any other party.
2105 2106 2107 2108 2109	e)	Request for Admission of Genuineness of Document. A party may serve a written request for admission of the genuineness of documents on any other party. Copies of the document must be served unless the document has already been furnished in the present proceeding.
2110 2111 2112 2113 2114 2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120	f)	<u>Admitted If Not DeniedAdmission in the Absence of Denial</u> . Each of the matters of fact and the genuineness of each document of which admission is requested is admitted unless, within 28 days after service, the party to whom the request is directed serves upon the party requesting the admission either a sworn statement denying specifically the matters of which admission is requested or <u>statingsetting</u> forth in detail the reasons why the party cannot truthfully admit or deny those matters, or written objections on the ground that some or all of the requested admissions are privileged or irrelevant or that the request is otherwise improper in whole or in part. If written objections to a part of the request are made, the remainder of the request must be answered within the period designated in the
2121 2122 2123 2124	g)	request. A denial must fairly address the substance of the requested admission. Partial Denial or Qualification. If good faith requires that a party deny a part of a matter for which an admission is requested, or if a part requires qualification, the
2125 2126 2127		party must specify the part <u>that which</u> is denied or qualified and admit only the remainder.
2128 2129 2130 2131	h)	Objection. Any objection to a request or to any answer must be stated with specificity, and will be heard by the hearing officer upon notice and motion of the party making the request.
2131 2132 2133 2134 2135 2136	i)	Effect of Admission. Any admission made by a party <u>tounder</u> a request under this Section is for the purpose of the pending proceeding only. It <u>isdoes</u> not-constitute an admission by the party for any other purpose and <u>mustmay</u> not be used against him <u>or her</u> in any other proceeding.
2130 2137 2138	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2139 2140	Section 101.6	520 Interrogatories
2141 2142 2143 2144	a)	Unless ordered otherwise by the hearing officer orders otherwise, a party may serve a maximum of 30 written interrogatories, including subparts, on any other party, no later than 35 days before hearing.
2145 2146	b)	Within 28 days after service, the party to whom the interrogatory is directed must serve the answers and objections, if any, upon the party submitting the

2147 2148 2149 2150 2151 2152		interrogatories. Each interrogatory must be answered separately and fully in writing under oath, unless it is objected to. Answers must be signed by the person making them and objections must be signed by the attorney making them or, <u>ifin</u> the event of an individual <u>representsrepresenting</u> himself or herself, the individual making them.
2153	c)	Grounds for an objection to an interrogatory must be stated with specificity, and
2154 2155		be accompanied by a copy of the interrogatory. Any ground that is not stated in a
2155		timely objection is waived unless <u>waiver would resultit results</u> in material prejudice or good cause for the delay is shown.
2157		projudice of good eduse for the delay is shown.
2158	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2159		
2160	Section 101.	622 Subpoenas and Depositions
2161		Linear request has every negative a constant of successful to the Class will income
2162 2163	a)	Upon request by any party to a contested proceeding, the Clerk will issue
2163		subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses at a hearing or deposition. Subpoena forms are available at the Board's Chicago office. The person requesting the
2165		subpoena is responsible for completing the subpoena and serving it upon the
2165		witness.
2167		
2168	b)	Service of the subpoena on the witness must be completed no later than 10 days
2169	~	before the date of the required appearance. A copy of the subpoena must be filed
2170		with the Clerk and served upon the hearing officer within 7 days after service
2171		upon the witness. Failure to serve both the Clerk and the hearing officer
2172		makeswill render the subpoena null and void. Service and filing must complybe
2173		in accordance with Subpart C.
2174	Υ.	
2175 2176	c)	Subpoenas may include a command to produce books, papers, documents, or
2170		other tangible things designated <u>in the subpoenatherein</u> and relevant to the matter under consideration.
2177		
2179	d)	The hearing officer, upon motion made promptly and in any event at or before the
2180		time specified in the subpoena for compliance, may quash or modify the subpoena
2181		if it is unreasonable or irrelevant. The hearing officer, under the standards of
2182		Section 101.614, will rule upon motions to quash or modify material requested in
2183		the subpoena under subsection (c) in accordance with the standards articulated in
2184		Section 101.614.
2185		
2186	e)	Each witness subpoenaed by a party under this Section is entitled to receive
2187		witness fees from that party as provided in Section 4.3 of the Circuit Courts Act
2188 2189		[705 ILCS 35 /4.3].
2107		

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2190 2191 2192 2193 2194 2195 2196 2197	f)	Unless the hearing officer orders otherwise, any witness subpoenaed for a deposition may be required to attend only in the county in which he <u>or she</u> resides or maintains an office address. <u>ConsistentIn accordance</u> with <u>Illinois</u> Supreme Court Rule 206(d), all depositions must be limited to 3 hours in length unless the parties and the non-party deponent by stipulation agree to a longer time frame or unless the hearing officer orders otherwise after a showing of good cause. <u>(See Ill. S. Ct. Amended Rule 206(d).)</u>
2198 2199 2200 2201 2202 2203	g)	Failure of any witness to comply with a subpoena will subject the witness to sanctions under this Part, or the judicial enforcement of the subpoena. The Board may, upon proper motion by the party requesting the subpoena, request the Attorney General to pursue judicial enforcement of the subpoena on behalf of the Board.
2204	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2205 2206	Section 101	624 Examination of Adverse, Hostile, or Unwilling Witnesses
2200	Section 101.	1024 Examination of Adverse, mostile, of Onwinning witnesses
2208	a)	Adverse Witnesses. At hearing, upon motion granted by the hearing officer, any
2209		party, or any person for whose immediate benefit the proceeding is prosecuted or
2210		defended, or any officers, directors, managing agents, or foremen of any party
2211		may be called as an adverse witness consistent with Section 2-1102 ofas allowed
2212		by the Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5/2-1102]. (See Section 2-1102 of the
2213		Code of Civil Procedure.) Adverse witnesses may be examined as if under cross-
2214		examination. The party calling the adverse witness may rebut the testimony and
2215		may impeach the witness.
2216		
2217	b)	Hostile or Unwilling Witnesses. If the hearing officer determines that any witness
2218		is hostile or unwilling, the witness may be examined by the party calling the
2219		witness as if under cross-examination.
2220		
2221	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2222		
2223	Section 101.	626 Information Produced at Hearing
2224		
2225		eaccordance with Section 10-40 of the IAPA, the hearing officer will admit
2226		t is admissible under the rules of evidence as applied in the civil courts of Illinois,
2227	except as oth	erwise provided in this Part.
2228		
2229	a)	Evidence. The hearing officer may admit evidence that is material, relevant, and
2230		would be relied upon by prudent persons in the conduct of serious affairs, unless
2231		the evidence is privileged.
2232		

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2233 b) Admissibility of Evidence. When the admissibility of evidence depends upon a 2234 good faith argument as to the interpretation of substantive law, the hearing officer 2235 will admit the evidence. 2236 2237 c) Scientific Articles and Treatises. Relevant scientific or technical articles. 2238 treatises, or materials may be introduced into evidence by a party. The materials 2239 are subject to refutation or disputation through introduction of documentary 2240 evidence or expert testimony. 2241 2242 d) Written Testimony. Written testimony may be introduced by a party in a hearing 2243 only if provided to all other parties of record before prior to the date of the hearing 2244 and only after the opposing parties have had an opportunity to object to the 2245 written testimony and to obtain a ruling on the objections beforeprior to its 2246 introduction. Written testimony may be introduced by a party only if the persons whose written testimony is introduced are available for cross-examination at 2247 2248 hearing. 2249 2250 e) Admission of Business Records. A writing or record, whether in the form of any 2251 entry in a book or otherwise made as a memorandum or record of any act, 2252 transaction, occurrence, or event, may be admissible as evidence of the act, 2253 transaction, occurrence, or event. To be admissible, the writing or record must have been made in the regular course of business, if provided it was the regular 2254 2255 course of business to make the memorandum or record at the time of the act, 2256 transaction, occurrence, or event, or within a reasonable time afterwards. All 2257 other circumstances of the making of the writing or record, including lack of 2258 personal knowledge by the entrant or maker, may be admitted to affect the weight 2259 of the evidence, but will not affect admissibility. The term "business," as used in this subsection (e), includes businesses, professions, occupations, and callings of 2260 2261 every kind. 2262 2263 Prior Inconsistent Statements. Prior statements made under oath may be admitted f) to impeach a witness if the statement is inconsistent with the witness' testimony at 2264 2265 hearing. 2266 2267 Oral and Written Statements. Oral and written statements from participants may g) 2268 be taken at hearing underin accordance with Section 101.628. 2269 (Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____) 2270 2271 2272 Section 101.627 Electronic Filing of Hearing Exhibits After Adjudicatory or TLWQS 2273 Hearing 2274

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2275 2276	<u>a)</u>	each ex	xhibit o	an adjudicatory or TLWQS hearing, an accurate reproduction of ffered for admission at the hearing must be electronically filed
2277		throug	<u>h COOI</u>	L under Subpart J by the party or participant who offered the
2278		<u>exhibit</u>	t, unless	the hearing officer determines that it is not practicable for the
2279		offerin	g party	or participant to do so.
2280			·	
2281		1)	This el	ectronic filing requirement:
2282				
2283			<u>A)</u>	Applies regardless of whether the hearing exhibit was admitted by
2284				the hearing officer; and
2285				
2286			<u>B)</u>	Does not apply to a hearing exhibit that contains information
2287			<u> </u>	claimed or determined to be a trade secret or other nondisclosable
2288				information under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130, but it does apply to the
2289				version of the exhibit that is redacted under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130.
2290				version of the exhibit that is reducted under 55 m. Flam. Code 150.
2291		<u>2)</u>	When	practicable, the offering party or participant must:
2292		<u>~)</u>		practication, the offering party of participant must.
2293			<u>A)</u>	Reduce an oversized hearing exhibit to conform to or be formatted
2294				to print on $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$ -inch paper; and
2295				to print on 072 A 11 mon paper, and
2296			<u>B)</u>	Electronically file the version of the oversized exhibit reduced
2297			<u></u>	under subsection (a)(2)(A).
2298				
2299	<u>b)</u>	Timing	The c	offering party or participant must comply with subsection (a) within
2300	<u>07</u>			e last day of the hearing at which the exhibit was offered. Upon
2301		-		own, the hearing officer may extend this deadline.
2302		<u>Boou c</u>	uuse bii	own, are nearing onreer may extend and dedame.
2303	<u>c)</u>	Certifi	cation	The electronic filing under subsection (a) must include a
2304	<u> </u>			which the offering party or participant certifies that each hearing
2305				filed is an accurate reproduction of the corresponding exhibit
2306				hearing.
2307				invaring.
2308	<u>d)</u>	Fyhihi	t Numh	er. The offering party or participant must mark each hearing
2309	<u>u/</u>			onically filed under subsection (a) with the number assigned to that
2310		2000 Contraction Contraction Contraction		hearing officer.
2311		<u>ennon</u>		hearing officer.
2312	<u>e)</u>	Form	Fach h	earing exhibit electronically filed under subsection (a) must comply
2313	<u></u>			01.1030, except as follows:
2314		with D		
2315		<u>1)</u>	The ex	hibit must, to the extent technically feasible, be in a text-searchable
2315		<u>+</u> /	format	•
2317			10111141	

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2318 2319		<u>2)</u>	Multiple exhibits may be filed as a single electronic file, subject to the size limit of Section 101.1030(c).
2320			<u>Imme of Section 101.1050(c).</u>
2320	<u>f)</u>	Servic	e. The offering party or participant must serve the other parties or
2322	<u>+</u>].		pants and the hearing officer with its notice of filing the hearing exhibits
2323		-	subsection (a). (See Section 101.302(b)(3).) The offering party or
2323			pant is not required to serve the hearing exhibits, unless the hearing officer
2324		50	otherwise.
2325		oruers	oulei wise.
		Ohiost	tion and Decremen
2327	g)	Object	tion and Response
2328		1\	No later them 5 down often the offening porter or participant files a bearing
2329		<u>1)</u>	No later than 5 days after the offering party or participant files a hearing
2330			exhibit under subsection (a), any other party or participant may file an
2331			objection but only to allege that the filed exhibit is not an accurate
2332			reproduction of the exhibit offered at the hearing. Each hearing exhibit
2333			filed under this Section will be promptly posted to COOL by the Clerk's
2334			Office.
2335			
2336		<u>2)</u>	No later than 5 days after being served with an objection under subsection
2337			(g)(1), the offering party or participant may file a response to the
2338			objection.
2339			
2340		<u>3)</u>	Upon good cause shown or to avoid undue delay, the hearing officer may
2341			modify one or both deadlines under this subsection (g).
2342			
2343	(Sourc	ce: Add	led at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2344			
2345	Section 101.6	528 Sta	tements from Participants
2346			
2347	a)	Oral S	statements. The hearing officer may permit a participant to make oral
2348		statem	ents on the record when time, facilities, and concerns for a clear and
2349		concis	he hearing record so allow. The oral statements must be made under oath
2350		and ar	e subject to cross-examination. (See Sections 101.110 and 101.114.)
2351			
2352	b)	Writte	en Statements. Any participant may submit written statements relevant to
2353	,		bject matter at any time <u>beforeprior to</u> hearing or at hearing. <u>The</u>
2354			pantParticipants submitting the such a statement will be subject to cross-
2355		-	nation by any party. Written statements submitted without the availability
2356			ss-examination will be treated as public comment in <u>complianceaccordance</u>
2357			ubsection (c) and will be afforded lesser weight than evidence subject to
2358			examination.
2359			
2360	c)	Public	Comments or Amicus Curiae Briefs. Oral public comment may be made

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2361 2362 2363 2364 2365 2366 2367		on the record at a hearing and is not subject to cross-examination. Additionally, participants may file written public comments subject to the requirements of this Section and the hearing officer's schedule for <u>completingeompletion of</u> the record. The Board also allows for the filing of amicus curiae briefs by non-party participants. Amicus curiae briefs will be allowed in <u>complianceaccordance</u> with Section 101.110.			
2368 2369 2370 2371 2372 2373 2374 2375 2376 2377 2378		1)	Written public comments must be filed within 14 days after the close of the last hearing unless the hearing officer specifies a different date for submission of post-hearing comments. However, all public comments must be filed with the Board no later than 30 days before the decision date, unless the hearing officer orders otherwise to prevent material prejudice. Consistent with the burden of proof in <u>an adjudicatorya</u> proceeding or with the designation of the proponent in a rulemaking or the petitioner in a TLWQS proceeding, the hearing officer may provide for differing filing deadlines regarding with respect to post-hearing comments by different persons. Under hearing officer order, rebuttal public comments may be submitted.		
2379 2380 2381 2382		2)	All public comments must present arguments or comments based on evidence contained in the record. The comments may also present legal argument citing legal authorities.		
2383 2384 2385 2386		3)	Comments must be filed with the Board. Comments will be distributed to parties and the hearing officer by the Clerk's office.		
2387 2388	(Sourc	ce: Am	ended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)		
2389	Section 101.6	530 Of	ficial Notice <u>and Evidence Evaluation</u>		
2390 2391	<u>a)</u>	Offici	al notice may be taken of:		
2392 2393 2394 2395		<u>1)</u>	Mattersall facts of which the circuit courts of this State may take judicial notice; may be taken and of other		
2393 2396 2397 2398		<u>2)</u>	<u>Generally recognized technical or scientific</u> facts within the <u>Board's</u> specialized knowledge and experience of the Board.		
2399 2400 2401	<u>b)</u>		s will be notified of the material noticed under subsection (a) and they will en an opportunity to contest that material.		
2402 2403	<u>c)</u>		oard may use its experience, technical competence, and specialized ledge in evaluating evidence.		

a.

2404 2405 2406 2407	(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective) SUBPART G: ORAL ARGUMENT					
2408		Sobirati G. Olderatiooneliti				
2409	Section 101.7	700 Oral Argument				
2410						
2411	a)	The Board may hear oral argument upon written motion of a party or the Board's				
2412		own motion. The oral argument will be transcribed by a stenographer provided				
2413		by the Board and become part of the record of the proceedings before the Board.				
2414 2415		The purpose of oral argument is to address legal questions. Oral argument is not				
2415		intended to address new facts.				
2410	b)	Motions for oral argument must contain arguments supporting the grant of the				
2418	0)	motion for oral argument. In considering a motion for oral argument, the Board				
2419		will consider, but is not limited to considering, the uniqueness of the issue or				
2420		proceeding and whether the issue or proceeding involves a conflict of law.				
2421						
2422	c)	In any proceeding with a statutory decision deadline, the Board will deny the				
2423		request for oral argument if there is insufficient time to schedule oral argument				
2424		and allow time for the Board to issue its decision.				
2425						
2426	d)	If the Board grants the motion for oral argument, it will issue an order				
2427		statingsetting forth a schedule for oral argument that may include a briefing				
2428		schedule. The brief will be limited to the issues for which oral argument was				
2429		granted.				
2430 2431	(Sour	Amended at 12 III Dec.				
2431	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)				
2433		SUBPART H: SANCTIONS				
2434		SOBLART II. BARGEHOND				
2435	Section 101.8	800 Sanctions for Failure to Comply with Procedural Rules, Board Orders, or				
2436	Hearing Offi					
2437	8					
2438	a)	If any person unreasonably fails to comply with any provision of 35 Ill. Adm.				
2439	-	Code 101 through 130 or any order entered by the Board or the hearing officer,				
2440		including any subpoena issued by the Board, the Board may order sanctions. The				
2441		Board may order sanctions on its own motion, or in response to a motion by a				
2442		party.				
2443	• 、					
2444	b)	Sanctions include the following:				
2445		1) Further proceedings may be stayed until the order or rules are corrected				
2446		1) Further proceedings may be stayed until the order or rules are complied				

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2447			with, except in proceedings with a statutory decision deadline.
2448			Proceedings with a statutory decision deadline may be dismissed
2449			beforeprior to the date on which decision is due;
2450			
2451		2)	The offending person may be barred from filing any other pleading or
2452		,	other document relating to any issue to which the refusal or failure relates;
2453			
2454		3)	The offending person may be barred from maintaining any particular
2455		- /	claim, counterclaim, third-party complaint, or defense relating to that
2456			issue;
2457			
2458		4)	As to claims or defenses asserted in any pleading or other document to
2459		•)	which that issue is material, a judgment by default may be entered against
2460			the offending person or the proceeding may be dismissed with or without
2461			prejudice;
2462			
2463		5)	Any portion of the offending person's pleadings or other documents
2464		5)	relating to that issue may be stricken and, if appropriate, judgment may be
2465			entered as to that issue; and
2465			entered as to that issue, and
2460		6)	The witness may be barred from testifying concerning that issue.
2467		0)	The whitess may be barred from testifying concerning that issue.
2469	c)	In dec	ciding what sanction to impose, the Board will consider factors including:
2409	0)		lative severity of the refusal or failure to comply; the past history of the
2471			eding; the degree to which the proceeding has been delayed or prejudiced;
2472		-	the existence or absence of bad faith <u>byon the part of</u> the offending party or
2472		person	
2474		person	
2475	(Sour	ce Am	ended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2476	(5001)		ended at 15 m. reg, encentre)
2477	SI	IRPAR	RT I: REVIEW OF FINAL BOARD OPINIONS AND ORDERS
2478	5		
2479	Section 101	902 M	otions for Reconsideration
2480	Section 101.		
2480	In ruling upor	n a mot	ion for reconsideration, the Board will consider factors including new
2481	• •		e in the law, to conclude that the Board's decision was in error. (See also
2483			motion for reconsideration of a final Board order is not a prerequisite to
2485			eal of the final Board order.
2484	appearingion	ine app	
2485	(Sour	ce. Am	ended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2480 2487	Court	UC. AIII	ισπασα at τ3 m. reg, επεστηνε)
	Section 101 (004 D-	lief from Final Oninions and Orders
2488	Section 101.	904 Ke	lief from Final Opinions and Orders
2489			

2490	a)	Upon its own motion or motion of any party, the Board may correct clerical
2491	,	mistakes in orders or other parts of the record and errors in the record therein
2492		arising from oversight or omission before the appeal is docketed in the appellate
2493		court. While the appeal is pending, the mistakes may be corrected only with
2494		permission of the appellate court. Any corrected order will be <u>delivered</u> to
2495		all parties and participants in that proceeding.
2496		I man familie familie and familie a
2497	b)	On written motion, the Board may relieve a party from a final order entered in a
2498	-)	contested proceeding, for the following:
2499		concerne proceeding, for the formering.
2500		1) Newly-discovered evidence that existed at the time of hearing and that by
2501		due diligence could not have been timely discovered;
2502		aus ampende coura not nave been innery abeovered,
2502		2) Fraud (whether intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation, or other
2503		misconduct of an adverse party; or
2505		misconduct of an adverse party, of
2505		3) Void order, such as an order based upon jurisdictional defects.
2500		5) Vold order, such as an order based upon jurisdictional defects.
2508	c)	A motion under this Section does not affect the finality of a Board order or
2508	()	suspend the operation of a Board order. The motion must be filed in the same
2510		
2510		proceeding in which the order was entered but is not a continuation of the
		proceeding. The motion must be supported by oath or affidavit or other
2512		appropriate showing as to matters not of record. All parties or participants in the
2513		proceeding must be notified by the movant as provided by Section 101.304.
2514	۲ ۲	A meeting and an archaection (b) meet be filed with the Decademic this are seen a feature
2515	d)	A motion under subsection (b) must be filed with the Board within one year after
2516		entry of the order, except that a motion under subsection (b)(3) must be filed
2517		within a reasonable time after entry of the order.
2518	、 、	
2519	e)	Any response to a motion under this Section must be filed within 14 days after the
2520		filing of the motion.
2521	(5	
2522	(Sourd	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2523		
2524	Section 101.9	006 Judicial Review of Board Orders
2525		
2526	a)	Under Sections 29(a), 38.5(j), and 41(a) of the Act and Illinois Supreme Court
2527		Rule 335, judicial review of final Board orders is available <u>directly infrom</u> the
2528		appellate court. However, under Section 11-60 of the Property Tax Code [35
2529		ILCS 200/11-60], judicial review of final Board orders in tax certification
2530		proceedings is available from the circuit court.
2531		
2532	b)	For purposes of judicial review, a final Board order is appealable as of the date of

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2533		service of the final order upon the appealing person (see Section 101.300(d)).
2534 2535 2536 2537	c)	The procedure for stay of any final Board order during appeal will be as provided in <u>Supreme Court</u> Rule 335 of the Rules of the Supreme Court of Illinois (Ill. S. Ct. Rule 335).
2538 2539 2540	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2541 2542	Section 101.9	908 Interlocutory Appeal
2543 2544 2545	*	of any party, the Board may consider an interlocutory appeal <u>consistentin</u> vith <u>Illinois</u> Supreme Court Rule 308 . (III. S. Ct. Rule 308) .
2546 2547	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2548		SUBPART J: ELECTRONIC FILING AND E-MAIL SERVICE
2549	G 404	
2550	Section 101.	1000 Electronic Filing and E-Mail Service
2551 2552		The Board provides the opportunity to file and access documents electronically
2552	a)	through its Clerk's Office On-Line (COOL). COOL is located on the Board's
2555		website (pcb.illinois.gov)(www.ipcb.state.il.us). The Board has taken steps
2555		designed to ensure the integrity and security of COOL in <u>complianceaccordance</u>
2555		with State policies developed under the Electronic Commerce Security Act [5
2550		ILCS 175].
2558		ILCS 175].
2558	b)	To file an electronic document in awith the Board proceeding, a person must
2560	0)	upload the document on COOL. Electronic filing is not accomplished by sending
2561		a document to the e-mail address of the Clerk or hearing officer.
2562		a document to the c-mail address of the Clerk of hearing officer.
2563	c)	Except as provided in Section 101.302(h)(3), (h)(4), and (j) and Section 101.1050,
2564	0)	all documents must be filed through COOL. However, if filing through COOL is
2565		not-reasonably practicable, the Board, the hearing officer, or the Clerk may grant
2566		permission to file in paper.
2567		permission to me m paper.
2568	d)	Generally, the Clerk's Office will not accept paper documents for filing; however,
2569	а)	the Clerk's Office will convert paper-filed documents into electronic documents
2570		and place them on COOL, when permission to file a paper document is granted
2570		under subsection (c).
2572		
2572	e)	All documents filed with the Board may be served by e-mail except for
2574	0)	enforcement complaints, administrative citations, and EMSA statements of
2575		deficiency. (See Section 101.304(c) and Section 101.1060.)

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2576		
2577	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2578		
2579	Section 101.1	010 Electronic Filing Authorization and Signatures
2580		
2581	a)	A person seeking to upload a document on COOL for filing must have been
2582)	issued a State of Illinois digital signature certificate under Section 15-310 of the
2583		Electronic Commerce Security Act. (See 5 ILCS 175/15-310.) A link to the
2584		subscriber agreement and application for a State of Illinois digital signature
2585		certificate is available through COOL.
2586		
2587		1) Maintaining digital signature confidentiality is the responsibility of the
2588		holder of the digital signature certificate. The certificate holder is
2589		responsible for any document electronically filed by anyone using his or
2590		her digital signature certificate.
2591		
2592		2) The digital signature certificate holder is responsible for keeping his or her
2593		contact information current.
2594		
2595	b)	Each electronic document uploaded on COOL for filing must bear a facsimile
2596	,	electronic signature (i.e., scanned image of original pen-and-ink signature) or
2597		typographical electronic signature (i.e., "/s/ typed name") of the person
2598		authorizing the filing (e.g., attorney, participant, pro se party). However, if this
2599		electronic signature is absent, the document will be <u>considered</u> to have
2600		been signed by the holder of the digital signature certificate used to upload the
2601		document and the certificate holder will be <u>considered</u> to have authorized
2602		the filing. (See 5 ILCS 175/5-120.) To file an electronic document on behalf of
2603		another person in an adjudicatory proceeding, an electronic signature of a licensed
2604		and registered attorney is required. (See Section 101.400(a).)
2605		
2606	c)	If an electronic document or portion <u>of onethereof</u> requires the signatures of any
2607		persons in addition to those specified in subsection (b) (e.g., settlement
2608		agreement, witness' affidavit), the person authorizing the filing must:
2609		
2610		1) Confirm that the additional persons have approved the document or
2611		corresponding portion of itthereof and obtain their original pen-and-ink
2612		signatures before the document is uploaded on COOL for filing;
2613		
2614		2) Ensure that the document or corresponding portion <u>of it</u> thereof bears the
2615		facsimile electronic signatures of, and indicates the identity of, the
2616		additional persons;
2617		

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2618 2619		3)	-	d the document on COOL as a scanned image containing the sary signatures; and
2620 2621 2622 2623		4)	and-in	Retain the paper original of the document, including the original pen- ik signatures of the additional persons, for one year after the later of llowing:
2624				
2625			A)	The date on which the time period expires for appealing the final
2626				order of the Board; or
2627				
2628			B)	If the final order of the Board is appealed, the date on which the
2629 2630				time period expires for seeking any further review in the courts.
2630	(Sour	na. Am	andad a	t 12 Ill Peg effective
2632	(Sourc	c. Am	chucu a	t 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2632	Section 101.1	020 Fi	ling El	ectronic Documents
2634				
2635	a)	COOI	. To fi	le an electronic document through COOL, the document must first
2636		be upl	oaded c	on COOL.
2637		-		
2638	b)	Digita	l Signat	ture Certificate. Uploading a document on COOL requires a valid
2639		State of	of Illino	is digital signature certificate.
2640				
2641	c)	-	-	ours. Electronic documents may be uploaded on COOL 24 hours per
2642		day, e	very da	y.
2643			1	
2644	d)			pt. Uploading a document on COOL will generate an e-mail receipt
2645			Ũ	signature certificate holder. The receipt will verify the date and
2646 2647		time v	vnen the	e document was uploaded on COOL.
2648	e)	Time	of Filin	g. Subject to subsection (f), an electronic document uploaded on
2649	0)			e considered filed as of the date and time specified on the e-mail
2650				ated under subsection (d), except that:
2651		p	8	
2652		1)	A doc	ument uploaded on a Saturday or Sunday, on a national or State
2653				noliday, or after 4:30 p.m. on a weekday is <u>considered</u> deemed filed
2654			the ne	xt business day.
2655				
2656		2)		ument uploaded without one or more portions of the filing (e.g.,
2657				zed exhibit; trade secret or non-disclosable information; copyrighted
2658				nent proposed for incorporation by reference in a rule) or without a
2659			-	ed oath, affidavit, notarization, signature, or filing fee is considered
2660			filed c	on the date that the Clerk receives the document's last missing item,

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2661 2662 2663				receiv	as provided in subsection (e)(2)(A) or (e)(2)(B). If the Clerk es the document's last missing item by U.S. Mail or third-party ercial carrier after the document's filing deadline date, the document
2664					e considered filed on:
2665					
2666				A)	On the date that the Clerk receives the document's last missing
2667					item; or
2668					
2669				<u>A</u> B)	<u>TheOn the postmark date on whichof the document's last missing</u>
2670					item was provided to the U.S. Postal Service (see Section
2671					101.300(b)(3)); or if that item was sent by U.S. Mail, was received
2672					after the date of a filing deadline, and has a postmark date that
2673					precedes or is the same as the deadline date.
2674					
2675				<u>B)</u>	The date on which the document's last missing item was provided
2676					to the third-party commercial carrier for delivery to the Clerk
2677					within 3 business days (see Section 101.300(b)(3)).
2678					
2679	2		3)		ument consisting of multiple electronic files is considered filed as of
2680				the da	te and time specified on the e-mail receipt generated under
2681				subsec	ction (d) for the last file uploaded to complete the document.
2682					
2683		f)			e Clerk. The Clerk will review electronically each document
2684		f)	upload	led on (COOL, validate the proceeding information provided, and accept or
		f)	upload	led on (•
2684 2685 2686		f)	upload reject t	led on (the doc	COOL, validate the proceeding information provided, and accept or ument for filing.
2684 2685 2686 2687		f)	upload	led on (the doc If the	COOL, validate the proceeding information provided, and accept or ument for filing. Clerk accepts an uploaded document, the Clerk's Office will e-mail a
2684 2685 2686 2687 2688		f)	upload reject t	led on (the doc If the notice	COOL, validate the proceeding information provided, and accept or ument for filing. Clerk accepts an uploaded document, the Clerk's Office will e-mail a of acceptance to the digital signature certificate holder, indicating
2684 2685 2686 2687 2688 2689		f)	upload reject t	led on (the doc If the notice	COOL, validate the proceeding information provided, and accept or ument for filing. Clerk accepts an uploaded document, the Clerk's Office will e-mail a
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2704 2705 2706 2707 2708 2709 2710 2711		good cause shown, enter an order <u>rulingdeeming</u> the document uploaded under subsection (d) as of the date and time of the first attempted uploading. "Technical failure" as used in this subsection is limited to a system outage of COOL or other malfunction of the hardware, software, or telecommunications facilities of the Board or the Board's electronic filing provider. "Technical failure", therefore, does not include any malfunction of the equipment used by the person authorizing the filing or the digital signature certificate holder.
2712	h)	Clerk's Electronic Stamp. An electronic document uploaded on COOL and
2713	11)	accepted by the Clerk for filing will be endorsed by the Clerk with a file stamp
2714		statingsetting forth the date of filing. This file stamp will be merged with the
2715		electronic document and visible when the document is viewed on COOL.
2716		Electronically filed documents so endorsed have the same legal effect as paper
2717		documents file- stamped by the Clerk conventionally <u>underin accordance with</u>
2718		Section 101.300(b).
2719		Section 101.500(0).
2720	i)	Decision Deadlines. For purposes of Board decision deadlines, the decision
2721	-)	period does not begin until the date on which the electronic document constituting
2722		the initial filing is considered filed under this Section.
2723		
2724	j)	Filing Deadlines. The electronic filing of a document does not alter any
2725	37	applicable filing deadlines.
2726		
2727	(Sour	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
2728	,	
2729	Section 101.1	1030 Form of Electronic Documents for Filing
2730		
2731	a)	In addition to complying with the formatting requirements of Section 101.302(g)
2732		and (j), electronic documents uploaded on COOL for filing must be in one of the
2733		following electronic formats:
2734		
2735		1) Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF), version 2.0 or greater;
2736		
2737		2) Microsoft Word for Windows, version 6.0 or greater;
2738		
2739		3) Corel WordPerfect for Windows, version 6.0 or greater; or
2740		
2741		4) Microsoft Excel for Windows, version 4.0 or greater.
2742	. .	
2743	b)	Generally, electronic documents filed in <u>compliance</u> accordance with this Subpart
2744		will be posted to COOL by the Clerk's Office in text-searchable Adobe PDF.
2745		When practicable, persons should:
2746		

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2747 2748 2749		1)	Upload their electronic documents on COOL in text-searchable Adobe PDF; and
2750 2751 2752 2753		2)	Convert their electronic documents to a text-searchable Adobe PDF directly from the program used to create the document, rather than from a scanned image of the paper document.
2754 2755 2756 2757 2758 2759 2760 2761	c)	electron comply and sub person approp	gle electronic file uploaded on COOL, whether constituting all or part of an nic document, may contain more than 10 megabytes (MB) of data. To with this requirement, an electronic document may be divided into parts buitted as multiple electronic files, each file being 10 MB or less. The authorizing the filing is responsible for dividing the document into riately-sized files and naming each file to reflect its place within the nic document.
2762 2763 2764 2765	d)	procee	le electronic documents, whether for the same proceeding or different dings, must be uploaded separately on COOL and, therefore, must not be ned into a single electronic file for filing through COOL.
2766 2767 2768 2769 2770	e)	docum only.	onic documents may contain links to material external to the filed ent. However, links to external material are for convenience purposes The external material behind the link is not considered part of the filing or ord of the proceeding in which the document was filed.
2771 2772 2773 2774 2775 2776 2777	f)	process is uplo impose and bar	cuments uploaded on COOL must be free of viruses or other harmful ses. If an electronic document containing a virus or other harmful process aded on COOL, the Board may, consistent with Section 101.800(b) and (c), e sanctions, including barring the document from being filed in any manner rring the person authorizing the filing or the digital signature certificate from any further electronic filing through COOL.
2778 2779	g)	Docum	nents filed under Section 101.302(h)(2) must:
2780 2781 2782 2783 2784		1)	Include bookmarks, immediately viewable when the document is opened, to individual documents in the same order as they appear in the corresponding Table of Contents to facilitate navigation and location of specific contents within the document; and
2785 2786		2)	Have pagination displayed on each document in the top right corner of each page.
2787 2788 2789	(Sourc	e: Ame	ended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)

 a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), a person required to serve a document may serve the document by e-mail, in lieu of serving a paper document, if the recipient has consented to e-mail service in the proceeding and has not revoked the consent. (See Section 101.1070.) 1) A person serving a document by e-mail must successfully transmit the document to the recipient's primary e-mail address or any of the recipient's secondary e-mail addresses. (See Section 101.1070(b).) 200 2) To serve a document by e-mail, it is not necessary to electronically file the document or to obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate. 20) Service of enforcement complaints and EMSA statements of deficiency on a respondent must be made personally, by U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature recorded, or by a third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature recorded. (See Section 101.304(c)(2).) 20) Service of administrative citations must be made as required under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108. 21) A person required to serve a document on the hearing officer se-mail address in lieu of serving a paper document upon the hearing officer's e-mail address in lieu of serving a paper document to e-mail. 21) When a document is served by e-mail, documentation of service in that proceeding. A sample form of affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service by e-mail. 22) The number of pages in the e-mail service by e-mail. 231) The e-mail address of the recipient and the <u>e-mail address of the person available in Appendix</u> H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service by e-mail. 231) The e-mail address of the recipient and the <u>e-mail address of the person available in Appendix</u> H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service by e-mail; and 232 24) The date of th	2790	Section 101.1	060 E-Mail Service
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2793 document may serve the document by e-mail, in lieu of serving a paper document, if the recipient has consented to e-mail service in the proceeding and has not revoked the consent. (See Section 101.1070.) 2796 1) A person serving a document by e-mail must successfully transmit the document to the recipient's primary e-mail address or any of the recipient's secondary e-mail addresses. (See Section 101.1070(b).) 2790 2) To serve a document by e-mail, it is not necessary to electronically file the document or to obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate. 2801 2) To serve a document by e-mail, by U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature certificate. 2803 b) Service of enforcement complaints and EMSA statements of deficiency on a respondent must be made personally, by U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature recorded, or by a third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature recorded. (See Section 101.304(c)(2).) 2809 c) Service of administrative citations must be made as required under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108. 2811 21 A person required to serve a document on the hearing officer must serve the hearing officer by sending the document by e-mail. 2812 d) A person required to serve a document to the hearing officer if the person has the capability of serving a paper document by e-mail. 2811 Code 108. Code 108. 2812 eving a paper document by e-mail. Code 108.	2792	a)	Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), a person required to serve a
2794 if the recipient has consented to e-mail service in the proceeding and has not revoked the consent. (See Section 101.1070.) 2795 1) A person serving a document by e-mail must successfully transmit the document to the recipient's primary e-mail address or any of the recipient's secondary e-mail addresses. (See Section 101.1070(b).) 2800 2) To serve a document by e-mail, it is not necessary to electronically file the document or to obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate. 2801 2) To serve a document by e-mail, by U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature recorded, or by a third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature recorded. (See Section 101.304(c)(2).) 2808 20) Service of administrative citations must be made as required under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108. 2811 21) A person required to serve a document on the hearing officer must serve the hearing officer by sending the document to the hearing officer's e-mail address in lieu of serving a paper document upon the hearing officer if the person has the capability of serving the document by e-mail. 2816 21 Coervice of affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service must include the following: 2812 21 The e-mail address of the recipient and the <u>e-mail address of the person authorizing the filing;</u> 2817 e) When a document is served by e-mail. 2818 21 The number	2793		
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2796 27971)A person serving a document by e-mail must successfully transmit the document to the recipient's primary e-mail address or any of the recipient's secondary e-mail addresses. (See Section 101.1070(b).)28002)To serve a document by e-mail, it is not necessary to electronically file the document or to obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate.2801 28022)To serve a document by e-mail, it is not necessary to electronically file the document or to obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate.2803 2804b)Service of enforcement complaints and EMSA statements of deficiency on a respondent must be made personally, by U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature recorded, or by a third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature recorded. (See Section 101.304(c)(2).)2806 2807 2809c)Service of administrative citations must be made as required under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108.2811 2812 2812d)A person required to serve a document on the hearing officer must serve the hearing officer by sending the document to the hearing officer's e-mail address in lieu of serving a paper document upon the hearing officer if the person has the capability of serving the document by e-mail.2816 2817 2820 2821When a document is served by e-mail, documentation of service must be filed with the Clerk and served on all persons entitled to service in that proceeding. A sample form of affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H.	2795		
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2798 document to the recipient's primary e-mail address or any of the recipient's secondary e-mail addresses. (See Section 101.1070(b).) 2800 20 2801 2) To serve a document by e-mail, it is not necessary to electronically file the document or to obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate. 2803 20 Service of enforcement complaints and EMSA statements of deficiency on a respondent must be made personally, by U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature recorded, or by a third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature recorded. (See Section 101.304(c)(2).) 2809 c) Service of administrative citations must be made as required under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108. 2811 21 d) A person required to serve a document on the hearing officer must serve the hearing officer by sending the document to the hearing officer's e-mail address in lieu of serving a paper document upon the hearing officer's e-mail address in lieu of serving the document by e-mail. 2817 e) When a document is served on all persons entitled to service in that proceeding. A sample form of affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix 2821 1) The e-mail address of the recipient and the <u>e-mail address of the person authorizing the filing;</u> 2822 2) The number of pages in the e-mail transmission; 2823 3) A statement that the document was serve	2797		1) A person serving a document by e-mail must successfully transmit the
2799 secondary e-mail addresses. (See Section 101.1070(b).) 2800 2) To serve a document by e-mail, it is not necessary to electronically file the document or to obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate. 2803 20 Service of enforcement complaints and EMSA statements of deficiency on a respondent must be made personally, by U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature recorded, or by a third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature recorded. (See Section 101.304(c)(2).) 2806 c) Service of administrative citations must be made as required under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108. 2811 Code 108. 2812 d) A person required to serve a document on the hearing officer must serve the hearing officer by sending the document to the hearing officer's e-mail address in lieu of serving a paper document upon the hearing officer if the person has the capability of serving the document by e-mail. 2816 20 2817 e) When a document is served by e-mail, documentation of service must be filed with the Clerk and served on all persons entitled to service is available in Appendix. A sample form of affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix. A sample form of affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix. 2822 1) The e-mail address of the recipient and the e-mail address of the person authorizing the filing; 2824 2) The number of pages in the e-mail transmission; 2825 <td>2798</td> <td></td> <td></td>	2798		
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2829 4) The date of the e-mail transmission and the time by when it took place.			
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2831 2832 2833 2834	f)	If any computer malfunction precludes the e-mail service of a document, the person authorizing the filing must promptly serve the document in paper under Section 101.304(c).
2835 2836 2837 2838	g)	Except for <u>a</u> final adjudicatory <u>orderorders</u> of the Board <u>in an enforcement</u> <u>proceeding under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103</u> , which the Clerk's Office serves <u>on the</u> <u>respondent or respondents</u> in paper by certified mail, the Clerk's Office will serve Board orders and hearing officer orders by e-mail, in lieu of serving paper
2839 2840 2841		documents, if the recipient has consented to e-mail service in the proceeding and has not revoked the consent. (See Section 101.1070.)
2842 2843 2844		1) The Clerk will record the date and time of e-mail service, consistent with subsection (e).
2845 2846		2) When serving a Board order or hearing officer order by e-mail, the Clerk will transmit the order to all the recipient's e-mail addresses designated
2847 2848 2840		under Section 101.1070(b), simultaneously requesting a delivery receipt. If the Clerk receives no delivery receipt within 24 hours after transmission, the Clerk will promote some the Decade and an an bearing
2849 2850 2851		transmission, the Clerk will promptly serve the Board order or hearing officer order in paper under Section 101.304(c).
2852 2853	(Sourc	ce: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)
	tion 101.1	070 Consenting to Receipt of E-Mail Service
2856 2857 2858	a)	In any proceeding, a person consents to e-mail service of documents in lieu of receiving paper documents by:
2858 2859 2860 2861		 Filing a "Consent to Receipt of E-Mail Service" (see sample form of consent in Appendix I);
2861 2862 2863 2864		2) Providing the hearing officer, during a hearing or conference, with an e- mail address that is designated for receiving service;
2865 2866		3) Filing an attorney's appearance; or
2867 2868 2869		4) Appearing on a notice list or service list and providing the Clerk's Office with an e-mail address that is designated for receiving service.
2870 2871 2872 2873	<u>b)</u>	Any person who consents to email service under subsection (a) must designate a primary e-mail address for receiving service and may designate up to 2 secondary e-mail addresses for receiving service.

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2874 2875	<u>c</u> b)	At any time during a proceeding, consent to e-mail service may be provided <u>underas set forth in</u> subsection (a). To accept e-mail service, it is not necessary to
2876		obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate.
2877		
2878	de)	A person's consent to receiving e-mail service may be revoked by that person at
2879	- /	any time during the proceeding upon the person's filing of a notice of the
2880		revocation with the Clerk's Office. However, an attorney who filed an appearance
2881		must not revoke consent unless the appearance is withdrawn.
2882		
2883	<u>e</u> d)	Upon a change in <u>any primary or secondarythe</u> e-mail address of a recipient of e-
2884		mail service, the recipient must file a noticenotify the Clerk's Office of the e-mail
2885		address change with the Clerk's Office for each pending proceeding in which the
2886		person has consented to e-mail service.
2887		
2888	(Source	e: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg., effective)
2889	<u></u>	······································

2890 2891	Section 101.APPENDIX I Consent to Receipt of E-Mail Service
2892 2893	BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
)
	Applicable Caption)
	(see Appendix A) docket number
2894)
2895	
2896	I, the undersigned, authorize the service of documents on me by e-mail in lieu of receiving paper
2897	documents in the above-captioned proceeding. My primary e-mail address to receive service is
2898	as follows: [you must designate a primary e-mail address]. My secondary e-mail
2899	address or e-mail addresses, if any, to receive service are [you are
2900	not required to designate a secondary e-mail address, but if you do, you may designate up to two
2901	secondary e-mail addresses].
2902	
2903	
2904	[signature]
2905	
2906	[date]
2907	
2908	(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg, effective)

MEMORANDUM

- TO: Matt Perez, State Fire Marshal Office of the State Fire Marshal
- FROM: Vicki Thomas Executive Director
- DATE: 4/24/2019

NIB & B

RE: Fire Prevention and Safety (41 Ill. Adm. Code 100) 43 Ill. Reg. 125 - 1/4/19

Pursuant to Section 5-40(c) of the Administrative Procedure Act, JCAR is requesting from your agency an analysis of the economic and budgetary effects of the above-referenced rulemaking. The analysis can be completed using the standard JCAR economic impact form and can be transmitted to JCAR as soon as it is ready, but at least by the time the agency submits its Second Notice on this rulemaking.

JCAR staff will contact you if they need any further economic information not covered by your submission of the form. The information from the economic and budgetary analysis will be presented to the members of JCAR as part of the staff's review of this issue.

Thank you for your cooperation. If you have any questions regarding this request, please contact us at 217/785-2254.

VT:BT:cw cc: Cathy Stashak TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE A: GENERAL PROVISIONS CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD PART 101 GENERAL RULES SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS Section 101.100 Applicability 101.102 Severability 101.104 Repeals 101.106 Board Authority 101.108 Board Proceedings 101.110 Public Participation 101.111 Informal Recordings of Board Meetings 101.112 Bias and Conflict of Interest 101.114 Ex Parte Communications SUBPART B: DEFINITIONS Section 101.200 Definitions-Contained in the Act 101.202 Definitions for Board's Procedural Rules SUBPART C: COMPUTATION OF TIME, FILING, SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS, AND STATUTORY DECISION DEADLINES Section 101.300 Computation of Time 101.302 Filing of Documents 101.304 Service of Documents 101.306 Incorporation of Documents from Another Proceeding 101.308 Statutory Decision Deadlines and Waiver of Deadlines SUBPART D: PARTIES, JOINDER, AND CONSOLIDATION Section 101.400 Appearances, Withdrawals, and Substitutions of Attorneys in Adjudicatory Proceedings 101.402 Intervention of Parties 101.403 Joinder of Parties 101.404 Agency as a Party in Interest Consolidation of Claims 101.406 101.408 Severance of Claims SUBPART E: MOTIONS Section 101.500 Filing of Motions and Responses 101.502 Motions Directed to the Hearing Officer

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101.504 Contents of Motions and Responses 101.506 Motions Attacking the Sufficiency of the Petition, Complaint, or Other Pleading 101.508 Motions to Board Preliminary to Hearing 101.510 Motions to Cancel Hearing 101.512 Motions for Expedited Review 101.514 Motions to Stay Proceedings 101.516 Motions for Summary Judgment 101.518 Motions for Interlocutory Appeal from Hearing Officer Orders
101.520 Motions for Reconsideration
101.522 Motions for Extension of Time SUBPART F: HEARINGS, EVIDENCE, AND DISCOVERY Section 101.600 Hearings 101.602 Notice of Board Hearings
101.604 Formal Board Transcript
101.606 Informal Recordings of the Proceedings 101.608 Default 101.610 Duties and Authority of the Hearing Officer 101.612 Schedule to Complete the Record 101.614 Production of Information 101.616 Discovery 101.618 Admissions
101.620 Interrogatories
101.622 Subpoenas and Depositions 101.624 Examination of Adverse, Hostile, or Unwilling Witnesses 101.626 Information Produced at Hearing 101.627 Electronic Filing of Hearing Exhibits After Adjudicatory or TLWQS Hearing 101.628 Statements from Participants 101.630 Official Notice and Evidence Evaluation 101.632 Viewing of Premises SUBPART G: ORAL ARGUMENT Section 101.700 Oral Argument SUBPART H: SANCTIONS Section 101.800 Sanctions for Failure to Comply with Procedural Rules, Board Orders, or Hearing Officer Orders 101.802 Abuse of Discovery Procedures SUBPART I: REVIEW OF FINAL BOARD OPINIONS AND ORDERS Section 101.902 Motions for Reconsideration 101.904 Relief from Final Opinions and Orders

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101.906 Judicial Review of Board Orders 101.908 Interlocutory Appeal SUBPART J: ELECTRONIC FILING AND E-MAIL SERVICE Section 101.1000 Electronic Filing and E-Mail Service 101.1010 Electronic Filing Authorization and Signatures 101.1020 Filing Electronic Documents Form of Electronic Documents for Filing 101.1030 101.1040 Filing Fees 101.1050 Documents Required in Paper or Excluded from Electronic Filing 101.1060 E-Mail Service Consenting to Receipt of E-Mail Service 101.1070 101.APPENDIX A Captions 101.ILLUSTRATION A Enforcement Case 101.ILLUSTRATION B Citizen's Enforcement Case 101.ILLUSTRATION C Variance 101.ILLUSTRATION D Adjusted Standard Petition 101.ILLUSTRATION E Joint Petition for an Adjusted Standard 101.ILLUSTRATION F Permit Appeal 101.ILLUSTRATION G Underground Storage Tank Appeal 101.ILLUSTRATION H Pollution Control Facility Siting Appeal 101.ILLUSTRATION I Administrative Citation 101.ILLUSTRATION J Administrative Citation Under Section 23.1 of the Public Water Supply Operations Act 101.ILLUSTRATION K General Rulemaking 101.ILLUSTRATION L Site-specific Rulemaking 101.APPENDIX B Appearance Form 101.APPENDIX C Withdrawal of Appearance Form 101.APPENDIX D Notice of Filing 101.APPENDIX E Affidavit or Certificate of Service 101.ILLUSTRATION A Service by Non-Attorney 101.ILLUSTRATION B Service by Attorney 101.APPENDIX F Notice of Withdrawal (Repealed) 101.APPENDIX G Comparison of Former and Current Rules (Repealed) 101.APPENDIX H Affidavit or Certificate of E-Mail Service E-Mail Service by Non-Attorney 101.ILLUSTRATION A 101.ILLUSTRATION B E-Mail Service by Attorney 101.APPENDIX I Consent to Receipt of E-Mail Service

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 5, 7.1, 7.2, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 40.1, 40.2, 41, and 58.7 of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) [415 ILCS 5/5, 7.1, 7.2, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 40.1, 40.2, 41, and 58.7] and authorized by Sections 26 and 27 of the Act [415 ILCS 5/26 and 27] and Section 25-101 of the Electronic Commerce Security Act [5 ILCS 175/25-101].

SOURCE: Filed with Secretary of State January 1, 1978; codified 6 Ill. Reg. 8357; Part repealed, new Part adopted in R88-5A at 13 Ill. Reg. 12055, effective July 10, 1989; amended in R90-24 at 15 Ill. Reg. 18677, effective December 12, 1991; amended in R92-7 at 16 Ill. Reg. 18078, effective November 17, 1992; old Part repealed, new Part adopted in R00-20 at 25 Ill. Reg. 446, effective January 1, 2001; amended in R04-24 at 29 Ill. Reg. 8743, effective June 8, 2005; amended in R06-9 at 29 Ill. Reg. 19666, effective November 21, 2005; amended in R07-17 at 31 Ill. Reg. 16110, effective November 21, 2007; amended in R10-22 at 34 Ill. Reg. 19566, effective December 3, 2010; amended in R12-22 at 36 Ill. Reg. 9211, effective June 7, 2012; amended in R13-9 at 37 Ill. Reg. 1655, effective January 28, 2013; amended in R14-21 at 39 Ill. Reg. 2276, effective January 27, 2015; amended in R15-20 at 39 Ill. Reg. 12848, effective September 8, 2015; amended in R16-17 at 40 Ill. Reg. 7912, effective May 20, 2016; amended in R17-18 at 41 Ill. Reg. 9930, effective July 5, 2017; amended in R19-19 at 43 Ill. Reg. ______,

SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 101.100 Applicability

a) This Part sets forth the rules generally applicable to proceedings before the Illinois Pollution Control Board (Board), and should be read in conjunction with procedural rules for the Board's specific proceedings, found at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102 through 130, and the Board's Administrative Rules, found at 2 Ill. Adm. Code 2175. If <u>In the event</u> of a conflict between the rules of this Part and those found in subsequent Parts conflict, the more specific requirement applies.

b) Except when the Board's procedural rules provide otherwise, the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5] and the Supreme Court Rules [Ill. S. Ct. Rules] do not apply to proceedings before the Board. However, the Board may look to the Code of Civil Procedure and the Supreme Court Rules for guidance when the Board's procedural rules are silent.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.106 Board Authority

a) The Board has the authority to determine, define and implement the environmental control standards applicable in the State of Illinois and may adopt rules and regulations in accordance with Title VII of the Act. [415 ILCS 5/5(b)]

b) The Board has the authority to conduct proceedings upon complaints charging violations of the Act, any rule or regulation adopted under the Act, any permit or term or condition of a permit, or any Board order; upon administrative citations; upon petitions for variances, or adjusted standards, or time-limited water quality standards; upon petitions for review of the Agency's final determinations on permit applications in accordance with Title X of the Act; upon petitions for review of final determination which are made pursuant to the Act or Board rules and which involve a subject which the Board is authorized to regulate. The Board may also conduct other proceedings as may be provided by the Act or any other statute or rule. [415 ILCS 5/5(d)]

c) In addition to subsections (a) and (b), the Board has the authority to act as otherwise provided by law.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.108 Board Proceedings

a) Board proceedings can generally be divided into two2 categories: rulemakings rulemaking proceedings and adjudicatory proceedings. However, a time-limited water quality standard proceeding (35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subtitle E) is a non-adjudicatory proceeding that is not subject to the procedural requirements for rulemakings. <u>+(See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (1)</u>

b) The following are examples of Board rulemakings rulemaking proceedings: Identical-in-Substance, Clean Air Act/Fast Track, Federally Required Rulemaking, General Rulemaking, and Site-Specific Rulemaking. Procedural rules for these types of proceedings can be found at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.

c) The following are examples of Board adjudicatory proceedings: Enforcement Proceedings (35 Ill. Adm. Code 103), Variance Petitions (35 Ill. Adm. Code 104), Adjusted Standard Petitions (35 Ill. Adm. Code 104), Permit Appeals (35 Ill. Adm. Code 105), Leaking Underground Storage Tank Appeals (35 Ill. Adm. Code 105), Pollution Control Facility Siting Appeals (35 Ill. Adm. Code 107), and Administrative Citations (35 Ill. Adm. Code 108).

d) Board decisions will be made at meetings open to the public. Except as provided in subsection (e), three 3 members of the Board formconstitute form a quorum, and three 3 affirmative votes are required to adopt a Board decision.

e) At a hearing under Section 34(d) of the Act to determine whether a seal should be removed, at least one Board member Member shall be present, and those Board members Members present may render a final decision without regard to the requirements of Section 5(a) of the Act. [415 ILCS 5/34(d)]

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.110 Public Participation

a) General. The Board encourages public participation in all of its proceedings. The extent to which the law allows for the participation varies, depending on the type of Board proceeding involved, the party status of the person or persons seeking to participate, and the rules

governing that type of proceeding. Public participation in particular proceedings may be more specifically delineated by Board or hearing officer order consistent with the provisions of applicable law and the Board's procedural rules. (See Sections 101.114 and 101.628.)

b) Party/Non-Party Status. The issue of who is constitutes a proper party in each type of adjudicatory proceeding before the Board is addressed in the rules. A person who wishes to participate in a Board adjudicatory proceeding and who is not a party will be considered deemed a participant and will have only those rights specifically provided in these rules. A person who wishes to participate in a Board regulatory or time-limited water quality standard proceeding will be considered deemed a participant and will have only those rights specifically provided in these rules. this Part.

c) Amicus Curiae Briefs. Amicus curiae briefs may be filed in any adjudicatory proceeding by any interested person, if the Board grantsprovided permission is granted by the Board. Response briefs will may be allowed only with Board by permission of the Board, but not as of right. The briefs must consist of argument only and must may not raise facts that are not in evidence in the relevant proceeding. Amicus curiae briefs, and any responses, will be considered by the Board only as time allows. The briefs will not delay the Board's decision-makingof the Board. (See also Section 101.302(k).)

d) Public Remarks at a Board Meeting. During the time period designated for public remarks, any person physically present, once recognized by the Chairman, may make public remarks to the Board concerning a proceeding listed on that meeting's agenda.

1) Sign-In Sheet. Beginning at least 15 minutes before the scheduled start of each Board meeting, a public remarks sign-in sheet will be available to the public at the meeting. Anyone who wishes to make public remarks at the meeting must provide the following information on the sign-in sheet:

A) Full name;

B) Any person he or she is representing; and

C) The docket number of the proceeding on which he or she would like to make public remarks.

2) Time Limits. A time period of up to 30 minutes at the beginning of each Board meeting, as designated on the meeting agenda, is reserved for public remarks. The Chairman may extend the duration of the public remarks portion of the meeting as necessary to accommodate persons who signed in under subsection (d)(1). A person's public remarks on a givenproceeding must not exceed five5 minutes in length, but this time period may be extended with the Chairman's permission. 3) Nature of Public Remarks. Public remarks are not made under oath or affirmation and are not subject to cross-examination. Public remarks that are relevant to the proceeding for which they are made may be considered by the Board, but factual statements made during public remarks are <u>do</u> not <u>constitute</u> evidence in the proceeding. The public remarks portion of a Board meeting is not a hearing and cannot be used to offer documentary or other physical evidence to the Board. The Chairman may direct persons to stop <u>cease</u> public remarks that are irrelevant, repetitious, or disruptive. Persons engaging in disorderly conduct may be asked by the Chairman to leave the meeting.

4) Transcription. The Board will arrange for public remarks to be transcribed. Transcripts of public remarks will be made a part of the record of the proceeding to which the remarks correspond. (See 5 ILCS 120/2.06(g).)

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.112 Bias and Conflict of Interest

a) No Board member <u>Member</u> or Board employee may represent any other person in any Board proceeding.

b) No former Board member <u>Member</u> or Board employee may represent any other person in any Board proceeding in which he or she participated personally and substantially as a Board member <u>Member</u> or Board employee, unless the Board and, as applicable, all parties in the adjudicatory proceeding, or all proponents in the rulemaking, or all petitioners in the time-limited water quality standard proceeding consent in writing after disclosure of the participation. For <u>purposes of</u> subsections (a) and (b), representation includes consulting on legal or technical matters, and Board employee means a person the Board employs on a full-time, part-time, contract, or intern basis.

c) The Board, on its own motion or the motion of any party, may disqualify a hearing officer for bias or conflict of interest as provided by Section 10-30(b) of the IAPA [5 ILCS 100/10-30(b)].

d) In compliance accordance with Section 128 of the federal Clean Air Act, at least a majority of Board members must represent the public interest and must not derive any significant portion of their income from persons subject to permits or enforcement orders under the Clean Air Act or Illinois Environment Protection Act. Any potential conflicts of interests by Board members must be adequately disclosed.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.114 Ex Parte Communications

a) For the purposes of this Section, "interested person or party" means a person or entity whose rights, privileges, or interests are the

subject of or are directly affected by a regulatory, quasi-adjudicatory, investment, or licensing matter. [5 ILCS 430/5-50(d)] For this definition, a time-limited water quality standard proceeding is considered a regulatory matter.

b) For the purposes of this Section, "Executive Ethics Commission" means the commission created by the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act [5 ILCS 430].

c) Adjudicatory, and Regulatory, and Time-Limited Water Quality Standard Proceedings. Board members <u>Member</u> and Board employees must not engage in an ex parte communication designed to influence their action regarding with respect to an adjudicatory, or a regulatory, or a time-limited water quality standard proceeding pending before or under consideration by the Board. (See definition of "ex parte communication" in Section 101.202.) Whenever practicable, an interested person or party or his or her official representative or attorney should make all communications regarding with respect to an adjudicatory, or regulatory, or time-limited water quality standard proceeding pending before or under consideration by the Board in writing and address them to the Clerk rather than to individual Board members <u>Members</u> or Board employees. (See Sections 101.110 and 101.628.)

d) Nothing in this Section precludes Board members <u>Members</u> or Board employees from receiving informal complaints about individual pollution sources, or forbids the administrative contacts as would be appropriate for judges and other judicial officers. Information about a pollution source included in the record of a regulatory or time-limited water quality standard proceeding is not an ex parte communication regardingwith respect to any adjudicatory proceeding concerning the pollution source.

e) When the Clerk on behalf of the Board, a Board member, or a Board employee receives an ex parte communication from an interested person or party or his or her official representative or attorney, the recipient, in consultation with the Board's ethics officer or his or her designee, will must promptly memorialize the communication and make it part of the record of the proceeding. To make an oral ex parte communication part of the record, the substance of the oral communication, along with the identity of each person involved in the communication, will be either stated set forth in a memorandum and placed in the record or announced on the record at a public hearing.

f) When the Clerk on behalf of the Board, a Board member, or a Board employee receives an ex parte communication, other than an ex parte communication received from an interested person or party or his or her official representative or attorney, that communication will <u>must</u> be promptly reported to the Board's ethics officer or his or her designee by the recipient of the communication and by any other employee of the Board who responds to the communication. 1) The ethics officer or his or her designee, in consultation with the recipient of the ex parte communication, will<u>must</u> ensure that the ex parte communication is promptly made part of the record of the proceeding. [5 ILCS 430/5-50(c)]

2) The ethics officer or his or her designee, in consultation with the recipient of the ex parte communication, will<u>must</u> promptly file the ex parte communication with the Executive Ethics Commission, including:

A) All written communications;

B) All written responses to the communications;

C) A memorandum prepared by the ethics officer stating the nature and substance of all oral communications;

D) The identity and job title of the person to whom each communication was made;

E) All responses made;

F) The identity and job title of the person making

each response;

G) The identity of each person from whom the written or oral ex parte communication was received;

H) The individual or entity represented by that

person;

I) Any action the person requested or recommended;

and

L

J) Any other pertinent information.

3) The disclosure shall also contain the date of any ex parte communication. [5 ILCS 430/5-50(c)]

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

SUBPART B: DEFINITIONS

Section 101.200 Definitions Contained in the Act

Unless otherwise provided in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101-<u>through</u> 130, or unless a different meaning of a word or term is clear from the context, the definitions of the Act apply to the Board's procedural rules, found in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 through 130.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)
Section 101.202 Definitions for Board's Procedural Rules

Unless otherwise provided in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101-130, or unless a different meaning of a word or term is clear from the context, the following definitions also apply to the Board's procedural rules, found in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 through 130:

"Act" means the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5].

"Adjudicatory proceeding" means an action of a quasi-judicial nature brought before the Board under authority granted to the Board by Section 5(d) of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Adjudicatory proceedings include enforcement, variance, permit appeal, pollution control facility siting appeal, Underground Storage Tank (UST) Fund determination, water well set back exception, adjusted standard, and administrative citation proceedings. Adjudicatory proceedings do not include regulatory, quasi-legislative, or informational, or time-limited water quality standard proceedings.

"Adjusted standard" or "AS" means an alternative standard granted by the Board in an adjudicatory proceeding under Section 28.1 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subpart D. The adjusted standard applies instead of the rule or regulation of general applicability.

"Administrative citation" or "AC" means a citation issued by the Agency or by a unit of local government acting as the Agency's delegate. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108.)

"Administrative citation review" or "administrative citation appeal" means a petition for review of an administrative citation. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108.)

"Affidavit" means a sworn, signed statement witnessed by a notary public.

"Agency" means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency as established by Section 4 of the Act.

"Agency recommendation" means the document filed by the Agency under Section 28.1(d)(3), Sections 37(a), or 38.5(g) and 28.1(d)(3) of the Act in which the Agency provides its recommended disposition of a petition for variance or an adjusted standard, a variance, or a time-limited water quality standard, respectively. This includes a recommendation to deny, or a recommendation to grant with or without conditions. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.218, and 104.416, and 104.550.)

"Amicus curiae brief" means a brief filed in a proceeding by any interested person who is not a party. (See Sections 101.110 and 101.628.)

"Applicant" means any person who submits, or has submitted, an application for a permit or for local siting approval under any of the

authorities to issue permits or granting of siting approval identified in Sections 39, 39.1, and 39.5 of the Act.

"Article" means any object, material, device or substance, or whole or partial copy thereof, including any writing, record, document, recording, drawing, sample, specimen, prototype, model, photograph, culture, microorganism, blueprint or map. [415 ILCS 5/7.1]

"Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the State of Illinois or his or her representatives thereof.

"Authorized representative" means any person who is authorized to act on behalf of another person.

"Board" means the Illinois Pollution Control Board as created in Section 5 of the Act or, if applicable, its designee.

"Board decision" means an opinion or an order voted in favor of by at least three3 members of the Board at an open Board meeting except in a proceeding to remove a seal under Section 34(d) of the Act.

"Board designee" means an employee of the Board who has been given authority by the Board to carry out a function for the Board (e.g., the Clerk, Assistant Clerk of the Board, or hearing officer).

"Board meeting" means an open meeting held by the Board under Section 5(a) of the Act in which the Board makes its decisions and determinations.

"Board's procedural rules" means the Board's regulations set forth at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 through 130.

"Brief" means a written statement that summarizes <u>contains a summary of</u> the facts of a proceeding, states the pertinent laws, and argues <u>an</u> argument of how the laws apply <u>law applies</u> to the facts supporting a position.

"CAAPP" means the Clean Air Act Permit Program, as adopted in Section 39.5 of the Act.

"Certificate of acceptance" means a certification, executed by a successful petitioner in a variance proceeding, in which the petitioner agrees to be bound by all terms and conditions that the Board has affixed to the grant of variance.

"Chairman" means the Chairman of the Board designated by the Governor under Section 5(a) of the Act.

"Citizen's enforcement proceeding" means an enforcement action brought before the Board under Section 31(d) of the Act by any person who is not authorized to bring the action on behalf of the People of the State of Illinois. "Clean Air Act" or "CAA" means the federal Clean Air Act, as now and hereafter amended (42 USC 7401 et seq.). [415 ILCS 5/39.5]

"Clean Water Act" means the federal Clean Water Act (33 USC 1251 et seq.).

"Clerk" means the Clerk of the Board.

"Clerk's Office On-Line" or "COOL" means the Board's web-based file management system that allows electronic filing of and access to electronic documents in the records of the Board's adjudicatory, and regulatory, and time-limited water quality standard proceedings. COOL is located on the Board's website at pcb.illinois.govhttp://www.ipcb.state.il.us/COOL/ external/.

"Complaint" means the initial filing that begins an enforcement proceeding under Section 31 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103.

"Compliance plan" means a detailed description of a program designed to achieve compliance with the Act and Board regulations.

"Copy" means any facsimile, replica, photograph or other reproduction of an article, and any note, drawing or sketch made of or from an article. [415 ILCS 5/7.1]

"Counter-complaint" means a pleading that a respondent files statingsetting forth a claim against a complainant in an enforcement proceeding. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103.206.)

"Cross-complaint" means a pleading that a party files stating setting forth a claim against a co-party in an enforcement proceeding. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103.206.)

"Cross-media impacts" means impacts that concern multiple environmental areas, such as air, land, and and/or water.

"Decision date" means the date of the Board meeting immediately preceding the decision deadline.

"Decision deadline" means the last day of any decision period, as established by law, within which the Board must decide is required to render a decision in an adjudicatory proceeding. (See Subpart C. See also Sections 38(a), 40, and 40.1 of the Act that establish 120-day decision deadlines for variances, permit appeals, and review of pollution control facility siting decisions respectively.)

"Decision period" means the timeframe period of time established by the Act within which the Board must is required to make a final Board decision in specified certain adjudicatory proceedings. (See Subpart C. See also Sections 38(a), 40, and 40.1 of the Act, which that establish

120-day decision deadlines for variances, permit appeals, and review of pollution control facility siting decisions, respectively.)

"Deinked stock" means paper that has been processed to remove inks, clays, coatings, binders and other contaminants. [415 ILCS 20/2.1]

"Delegated unit" means the unit of local government to which the Agency has delegated its administrative citation or other function under Section 4(r) of the Act.

"Digital signature" means a type of electronic signature created by transforming an electronic document using a message digest function and encrypting the resulting transformation with an asymmetric cryptosystem using the signer's private key such that any person having the initial untransformed electronic document, the encrypted transformation, and the signer's corresponding public key can accurately determine whether the transformation was created using the private key that corresponds to the signer's public key and whether the initial electronic document has been altered since the transformation was made. A digital signature is a security device. [5 ILCS 175/5-105]

"Discovery" means a pre-hearing process that can be used to obtain facts and information about the adjudicatory proceeding—in order to prepare for hearing. The discovery tools include depositions upon oral and written questions, written interrogatories, production of documents or things, and requests for admission.

"DNR" means the Illinois Department of Natural Resources.

"DOA" means the Illinois Department of Agriculture.

"Duplicative" means the matter is identical or substantially similar to one brought before the Board or another forum.

"Electronic" includes electrical, digital, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, or any other form of technology that entails capabilities similar to these technologies. [5 ILCS 175/5-105]

"Electronic document" means any notice, information, or filing generated, communicated, received or stored by electronic means to use in an information system or to transmit from one information system to another. (See 5 ILCS 175/5-105.)

"Electronic signature" means a signature in electronic form attached to or logically associated with an electronic document. [5 ILCS 175/5-105]

"Environmental Management System Agreement" or "EMSA" means the agreement between the Agency and a sponsor, entered into under Section 52.3 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 187, that describes the innovative environmental measures to be implemented, schedules to attain goals, and mechanisms for accountability. "Enforcement proceeding" means an adjudicatory proceeding brought upon a complaint filed under Section 31 of the Act by the Attorney General, State's Attorney, or other persons, in which the complaint alleges violation of the Act, any rule or regulation adopted under the Act, any permit or term or condition of a permit, or any Board order.

"EPRR Act" means the Electronic Products Recycling and Reuse Act [415 ILCS 150].

"Ex parte communication" means any written or oral communication by any person that imparts or requests material information or makes a material argument regarding potential action concerning regulatory, quasi-adjudicatory, investment, or licensing matters pending before or under consideration by the Board. For this definition, a time-limited water quality standard proceeding is considered a regulatory matter. "Ex parte communication" does not include the following:

statements by a person publicly made in a public forum, including pleadings, transcripts, public comments, and public remarks made part of the proceeding's record;

statements regarding matters of procedure and practice, such as format, the number of copies required, the manner of filing, and the status of a matter; and

statements made by a State employee of the Board to Board members or other employees of the Board. [5 ILCS 430/5-50(b)] For purposes of this definition, "Board employee" means a person the Board employs on a full-time, part-time, contract or intern basis. (See Section 101.114.)

"Fast-Track rulemaking" means a Clean Air Act rulemaking conducted under Section 28.5 of the Act.

"Federally required rule" means a rule that is needed to meet the requirements of the federal Clean Water Act, Safe Drinking Water Act, Clean Air Act (including required submission of a State Implementation Plan), or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, other than a rule required to be adopted under subsection (c) of Section 13, Section 13.3, Section 17.5, subsection (a) or (d) of Section 22.4, or subsection (a) of Section 22.40. [415 ILCS 5/28.2]

"Filing" means the act of delivering a document or article into the custody of the Clerk with the intention of incorporating that document or article into the record of a proceeding before the Board. The Clerk's Office is located at 100 West Randolph Street, Suite 11-500, Chicago IL 60601. Electronic filing is done through COOL on the Board's website.

"Final order" means an order of the Board that terminates the proceeding leaving nothing further to litigate or decide and that is subject to judicial review. (See Subpart I.) "Frivolous" means a request for relief that the Board does not have the authority to grant, or a complaint that fails to state a cause of action upon which the Board can grant relief.

"Hearing" means a public proceeding conducted by a hearing officer wherewhen the parties and other interested persons, as provided for by law and the Board's procedural rules, present evidence and argument regarding their positions.

"Hearing officer" means a person licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois who presides over hearings and otherwise carries out record development responsibilities as directed by the Board.

"IAPA" means the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100].

"Identical-in-substance rules" or "identical-in-substance regulations" means State regulations which require the same actions with respect to protection of the environment, by the same group of affected persons, as would federal regulations if USEPA administered the subject program in Illinois. [415 ILCS 5/7.2]

"Initial filing" means the filing that initiates a Board proceeding and opens a docket. For instance, the initial filing in an enforcement proceeding is the complaint; in a permit $appeal_{\tau}$ it is a petition for review; and in a regulatory proceeding τ it is the proposal.

"Innovative environmental measures" means any procedures, practices, technologies or systems that pertain to environmental management and are expected to improve environmental performance when applied. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 106.Subpart G.)

"Inquiry hearing" means a hearing conducted by the Board to seek for the purpose of seeking input and comment from the public regarding the need for a rulemaking on proceeding in a specific subject area.

"Interlocutory appeal" means an appeal of a Board decision to the appellate court that is not dispositive of all the contested issues in the proceeding. (See Section 101.908.) An interlocutory appeal may also be the appeal of a hearing officer ruling to the Board. (See Section 101.518.)

"Intervenor" means a person, not originally a party to an adjudicatory proceeding, who voluntarily participates as a party in the proceeding with the permission of the Board. (See Section 101.402.)

"Intervention" means the procedure by which a person, not originally a party to an adjudicatory proceeding, voluntarily comes into the proceeding as a party with the permission of the Board. (See Section 101.402.)

"JCAR" means the Illinois General Assembly's Joint Committee on Administrative Rules established by the IAPA (see 5 ILCS 100/5-90).

"Joinder" means the procedure by which the Board adds a person, not originally a party to an adjudicatory proceeding, as a party to the proceeding. (See Section 101.403 and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103.206.)

"Misnomer" means a mistake in the name of a, giving an incorrect name in a complaint or other document with respect to any properly included party.

"Motion" means a request made to the Board or the hearing officer forthe purposes of obtaining a ruling or order directing or allowing some act to be done in favor of the movant. (See definition of "movant" in this Section.)

"Movant" means the person who files a motion.

"New pollution control facility" means a pollution control facility initially permitted for development or construction after July 1, 1981; or the area of expansion beyond the boundary of a currently permitted pollution control facility; or a permitted pollution control facility requesting approval to store, dispose of, transfer or incinerate, for the first time, any special or hazardous waste. [415 ILCS 5/3.330(b)]

"Non-disclosable information" means information which constitutes a trade secret; information privileged against introduction in judicial proceedings; internal communications of the several agencies; information concerning secret manufacturing processes or confidential data submitted by any person under the Act. [415 ILCS 5/7(a)]

"Notice list" means the list of persons in a regulatory or time-limited water quality standard proceeding who will receive all Board opinions and orders and all hearing officer orders. Persons on a notice list generally do not receive copies of motions, public comments, or testimony. (See definition of "service list" in this Section. See also 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.422 and 104.520(b)(4).)

"Notice to reinstate" means a document filed that restarts recommences the decision period after a decision deadline waiver has been filed. The notice will give the Board a full decision period in which to make a decision. (See Section 101.308.)

"Oral argument" means a formal verbal statement of advocacy on a proceeding's legal questions made at a Board meeting with the Board's permission. (See Section 101.700.)

"OSFM" means Office of the State Fire Marshal.

"OSFM appeal" means an appeal of an OSFM final decision concerning eligibility and deductibility made under Title XVI of the Act.

"Participant" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who takes part in an adjudicatory proceeding but who is not a party, or-

a person who takes part in a regulatory or other quasi-legislative proceeding or a time-limited water quality standard proceeding before the Board. A person becomes a participant in any of several ways, including filing a comment, being added to the proceeding's notice listof a particular proceeding, testifying at hearing, or making public remarks at a Board meeting. The participants in a time-limited water quality standard proceeding include the petitioner and the Agency and are further described at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.520(b).

"Participant in a CAAPP Comment Process" means a person who takes part in a Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) permit hearing before the Agency or comments on a draft CAAPP permit.

"Party" means the person by or against whom an adjudicatory proceeding is brought or who is granted party status by the Board through intervention or joinder.

"Party in interest" means the Agency when asked to conduct an investigation under Section 30 of the Act during an ongoing proceeding. (See Section 101.404.)

"Peremptory rulemaking" means any rulemaking that is required as a result of federal law, federal rules and regulations, or an order of a court, under conditions that preclude compliance with the general rulemaking requirements of Section 5-40 of the IAPA and that preclude the exercise by the Board as to the content of the rule it is required to adopt. [5 ILCS 100/5-50]

"Permit appeal" means an adjudicatory proceeding brought before the Board under Title X of the Act.

"Person" means any individual, partnership, co-partnership, firm, company, limited liability company, corporation, association, joint stock company, trust, estate, political subdivision, state agency, or any other legal entity, or their legal representative, agent or assigns. [415 ILCS 5/3.315]

"Petition" means the initial filing in an adjudicatory proceeding (other than an enforcement proceeding) or a time-limited water quality standard proceeding, including permit appeals, OSFM appeals, UST appeals, appeals of pollution control facility siting decisions, variances and adjusted standards.

"Pilot project" means an innovative environmental project that covers one or more designated facilities, designed and implemented in the form of an EMSA. (See Section 52.3 of the Act.)

"Pollution control facility" is defined at Section 3.330(a) of the Act for purposes of this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 107.

"Pollution control facility siting appeal" means an appeal of a decision made by a unit of local government filed with the Board under Section 40.1 of the Act.

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"Postconsumer material" means paper, paperboard, and fibrous wastes from retail stores, office buildings, homes, and so forth, after the waste has been passed through its end usage as a consumer item, including used corrugated boxes, old newspapers, mixed waste paper, tabulating cards, and used cordage. Additionally, it includes all paper, paperboard, and other fibrous wastes that are diverted or separated from the municipal solid waste stream. [415 ILCS 20/3(f)(2)(i) and (ii)] (See also definition of "recycled paper" in this Section.)

"Prehearing conference" means a meeting held in an adjudicatory case or a time-limited water quality standard proceeding to determine the status of the proceedings. A prehearing conference may also be a meeting held in a regulatory proceeding prior to the hearing, the purposes of which shall be to maximize understanding of the intent and application of the proposal, if possible, and to attempt to identify and limit the issues of disagreement among participants to promote efficient use of time at hearing. [415 ILCS 5/27(d)] (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.404 and 102.406.)

"Proceeding" means an action conducted before the Board under authority granted by <u>under</u> Section 5 of the Act or as otherwise provided by law. Board proceedings are generally of <u>two2</u> types: quasi-legislative (rulemaking and inquiry proceedings) and quasi-judicial (adjudicatory proceedings). A time-limited water quality standard proceeding is neither adjudicatory nor subject to rulemaking procedural requirements. $\frac{1}{(See 415 ILCS 5/38.5(a), (1)}$

"Proponent" means any person, not including the Board or its staff, who submits a regulatory proposal to the Board for the adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation.

"Provisional variance" means a short-term variance sought by an applicant and issued by the Agency under Section 35(b) of the Act. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subpart C.)

"Public comment" means information submitted to the Board during a pending proceeding either by oral statement made at hearing or written statement filed with the Board.

"Public remarks" mean an oral statement that is publicly made at a Board meeting and directed to the Board concerning a proceeding listed on that meeting's agenda. (See Section 101.110(d).)

"PWSO Act" means the Public Water Supply Operations Act [415 ILCS 45].

"Qualitative description" means a narrative description pertaining to attributes and characteristics.

"Quantitative description" means a numerically based description pertaining to attributes and characteristics.

"RCRA variance" means a variance from a RCRA rule or a RCRA permit required under Section 21(f) of the Act.

"Record" means the official collection, as kept by the Clerk, of all documents and exhibits including pleadings, transcripts, and orders filed during the course of a proceeding.

"Recycled paper" means paper whichthat contains at least 50% recovered paper material. The recovered paper material must contain at least 45% deinked stock or postconsumer material. (See also "postconsumer material" in this Section.)

"Regulatory hearing" or "proceeding" means a hearing or proceeding held under Title VII of the Act or other applicable law regarding with respect to regulations.

"Regulatory relief mechanisms" means variances, provisional variances, and adjusted standards, and time-limited water quality standards. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.)

"Representing" means, for purposes of Part 130, describing, depicting, containing, constituting, reflecting or recording. [415 ILCS 5/7.1]

"Requester" means, for purposes of Part 130, the person seeking from the agency the material claimed or determined to be a trade secret (see 415 ILCS 5/7.1).

"Resource Conservation and Recovery Act" or "RCRA" means the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 USC 6901 et seq.).

"Responsible Operator in Charge" means an individual who is designated as a Responsible Operator in Charge of a community water supply under Section 1 of the PWSO Act.

"Rulemaking" or "rulemaking proceeding" means a proceeding brought under Title VII of the Act or other applicable law to adopt, amend, or repealfor the purpose of adoption, amendment, or repeal of a regulation.

"Sanction" means a penalty or other mechanism used by the Board to provide incentives for compliance with the Board's procedural rules, Board orders, or hearing officer orders. (See also Subpart H.)

"SDWA" means the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (42 USC 300f et seq.).

"Service" means delivery of a document upon a person. (See Sections 101.300(c) and 101.304.)

"Service list" means the list of persons designated by the hearing officer or Clerk in a regulatory, or adjudicatory, or time-limited water quality standard proceeding upon whom parties or participants must serve motions, prefiled questions, and prefiled testimony, and any other documents that the parties or participants file with the Clerk unless the hearing officer otherwise directs. (See definition of "notice list" in this Section. See also 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.422.)

"Severance" means the separation of a proceeding into two2 or more independent proceedings, each of which terminates in a separate, final judgment.

"Site-specific rule or regulation" means a proposed or adopted regulation, not of general applicability, that applies only to a specific facility, geographic site, or activity. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.208.)

"Sponsor" means the proponent of a pilot project that enters into an EMSA with the Agency.

"State enforcement proceeding" means an enforcement proceeding, other than a citizen's enforcement proceeding, that is brought under Section 31 of the Act.

"Stay" means a temporary suspension of the regular progress of a proceeding under an order of the Board or by operation of law. (See Section 101.514.)

"Subpoena" means a command to appear at a specified certain time and place to testify on give testimony upon a specified certain matter.

"Subpoena duces tecum" means a document that compels the production of specific documents and other items at a specified time and place.

"Summary judgment" means the disposition of an adjudicatory proceeding without hearing when the record, including pleadings, depositions and admissions on file, together with any affidavits, shows that there is no genuine issue of material fact, and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. (See Section 101.516.)

"Third-party complaint" means a pleading that a respondent files statingsetting forth a claim against a person who is not already a party to the enforcement proceeding. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103.206.)

"Time-Limited Water Quality Standard" or "TLWQS" means a time-limited designated use and criterion for a specific pollutant or water quality parameter that reflects the highest attainable condition during the term of that relief. (See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.Subtitle E.)

"Trade secret" means the whole or any portion or phase of any scientific or technical information, design, process (including a manufacturing process), procedure, formula or improvement, or business plan which is secret in that it has not been published or disseminated or otherwise become a matter of general public knowledge, and which has competitive value. A trade secret is presumed to be secret when the owner thereof takes reasonable measures to prevent it from becoming available to persons other than those selected by the owner to have access thereto for limited purposes. [415 ILCS 5/3.490]

"Transcript" means the official recorded testimony from a hearing or public remarks from a Board meeting.

"USEPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

"Underground storage tank appeal" or "UST appeal" means an appeal of an Agency final decision made under Title XVI of the Act.

"UST" means underground storage tank.

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"Variance" means a temporary exemption from any specified regulation, requirement, or order of the Board granted to a petitioner by the Board under Title IX of the Act upon presentation of adequate proof that compliance with the rule or regulation, requirement or order of the Board would impose an arbitrary or unreasonable hardship. [415 ILCS 5/35(a)]

"Waiver" means the intentional relinquishing of a known right, usually regarding with respect to a hearing before the Board or entry of a Board decision within the decision period. (See also Section 101.308.)

"Website" means the Board's computer-based informational and filing service accessed on the Internet at pcb.illinois.govhttp://www.ipcb.state.il.us.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

SUBPART C: COMPUTATION OF TIME, FILING, SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS, AND STATUTORY DECISION DEADLINES

Section 101.300 Computation of Time

a) Computation of Time. Computation of any period of time prescribed in the Act, other applicable law, or this Subpart will begin with the first calendar day following the day on which the act, event, or development occurs and will run until the close of business on the last day, or the next business day if the last day is a Saturday, Sunday, or national or State legal holiday.

b) Date of Filing. Documents will be considered filed with the Clerk only if they are filed in compliance with Section 101.302 and any other filing requirements specified elsewhere in the Board's procedural rules (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 through 130). Subpart J states sets forth when electronic documents submitted to COOL will be considered filed. 1) If a document is submitted to the Clerk for filing in person, by U.S. Mail, by e-mail or facsimile under Section 101.302(d), or by third-party commercial carrier, the document is considered filed on the date it is received by the Clerk, except as provided in subsection (b)(2). However, a document received by the Clerk after 4:30 p.m. is considered filed on the next business day. The Clerk will mark the filing date on each filed document.

2) If Notwithstanding subsection (b)(1), if the Clerk receives a document by U.S. Mail or third-party commercial carrier after a filing deadline date, the document will be considered deemed filed on:

A) The date on which the document was provided to the U.S. Postal Service; or

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B) The date on which the document was provided to the third-party commercial carrier for delivery to the Clerk within three3 business days.

3) For purposes of subsection (b)(2), documentation of when the document being filed was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier consists of the affidavit or certificate required by Section 101.304(d)(2)(A) or (d)(4) and must accompany the document being filed. In addition, for delivery by a third-party commercial carrier, the affidavit or certificate must contain the filing party's representation that the charge for delivery to the Clerk within three3 business days was prepaid.

4) For <u>purposes of</u> Board decision deadlines, the decision period does not begin until the date marked by the Clerk on the initial filing.

c) Date of Service. Documents will be considered served upon another party only if they are served in compliance with Section 101.304 and any other service requirements specified elsewhere in the Board's procedural rules. The date of service is determined as follows:

1) Personal Service. Personal service of a document is complete on the date on which the document was delivered, as specified in either the affidavit or certificate of service signed by the person who made personal delivery or the declaration of service signed by the process server who made personal delivery.

2) Service by U.S. Mail or Third-Party Commercial Carrier with Recipient Signature. If a recipient's signature is recorded by the U.S. Postal Service or a third-party commercial carrier upon delivery of a document, service is complete on the date on which the document was delivered, as specified in the signed delivery confirmation.

3) Service by E-Mail or Facsimile. Service of a document by e-mail or facsimile is complete on the date on which the document was successfully transmitted, as specified in the affidavit or certificate of service, signed by the party to the proceeding who is serving the document. However, a document successfully e-mailed or faxed on a Saturday or Sunday, on a national or State legal holiday, or after 5:00 p.m. on a weekday is considered deemed served on the next business day.

4) Service by U.S. Mail or Third-Party Commercial Carrier without Recipient Signature. If a recipient's signature is not recorded by the U.S. Postal Service or a third-party commercial carrier upon delivery of a document, service is presumed complete <u>four4</u> days after the date on which the document was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier.

A) The presumption applies only if an affidavit or certificate of service, signed by the party to the proceeding who is serving the document, states the following: the date, the time by when, and the place the document was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier; the address appearing on the envelope or package containing the document; and that proper postage or the delivery charge was prepaid.

B) The presumption can be rebutted by proper proof, which may include delivery tracking information from the website of the U.S. Postal Service or the website of the third-party commercial carrier.

d) Date of Board Decision and Date of Service of Final Board Decision.

1) For a purposes of statutory decision deadline proceedingproceedings, the date of the Board decision is the date of the Board meeting at which a final Board order was adopted.

2) For purposes of appealing a final adjudicatory decision of the Board, the date of service of the final decision is the date on which the party receives the Board's <u>certified</u> mailing of the decision. If a motion for reconsideration is timely filed under Section 101.520, the date of service of the final decision is the date on which the party receives the Board's <u>certified</u> mailing of the Board order ruling upon the motion.

3) For purposes of appealing a final rulemaking decision of the Board in which a rule is adopted, amended, or repealed, a person is considereddeemed to have been served with the final decision on the date on which the new rule, the amendment, or the repealer becomes effective under the IAPA. For purposes of appealing a final rulemaking decision in which no rule is adopted, amended, or repealed, the date of service of the final decision is the date on which the participant receives the Board's mailing of the decision. If a motion for reconsideration is timely filed under the Board's procedural rules (35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.700 and 102.702), the date of service of the final decision is the date on which the participant receives the Board's mailing of the Board order ruling upon the motion. 4) For appealing a final decision of the Board in a TLWQS proceeding, a person is considered to have been served with the final decision on the date on which the decision is first published on the Board's website. $\frac{(See 415 \text{ ILCS } 5/38.5(j))}{(1-1)}$

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.302 Filing of Documents

a) This Section contains the Board's general filing requirements. Additional requirements may exist for specific proceedings elsewhere in the Board's procedural rules (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 101 through 130). The Clerk will refuse for filing any document that does not comply with the minimum requirements of this Section.

b) All documents to be filed with the Board must be filed with the Clerk.

1) If allowed by the Board, the hearing officer, the Clerk, or the procedural rules to be filed in paper under subsection (h), documents must be filed at the following address:

Pollution Control Board, Attn: Clerk 100 West Randolph Street James R. Thompson Center, Suite 11-500 Chicago, Illinois 60601-3218

2) All documents filed with the Clerk must provide the name and signature of the person seeking to file the document and identify the name of the person on whose behalf the document is being filed. If a paper document is submitted for filing, the original must bear the original pen-and-ink signature of the person seeking to file the document. Signatures for purposes of electronic filings through COOL are addressed in Section 101.1010.

3) Each document being filed with the Clerk must be accompanied by a notice of filing (see Appendix D) and documentation of service (see Section 101.304(d)).

4) The date on which a document is considered to have been filed is determined under Section 101.300(b).

5) Serving Service of a document upon a hearing officer does not qualify as constitute filing it with the Clerk unless the document is submitted to the hearing officer during the course of a hearing.

c) Electronic documents may be filed through COOL under Subpart J. Paper documents may be filed with the Clerk by U.S. Mail, in person, or by third-party commercial carrier. d) A filing by e-mail or facsimile will only be allowed with the prior approval of the Clerk of the Board or the hearing officer assigned to the proceeding. Any prior approval by the Clerk or hearing officer applies only to the specified filing.

e) The initial filings listed in this subsection require filing fees and will only be considered filed when accompanied by the appropriate fee. The fee may be paid in the form of government voucher, money order, or check made payable to the Illinois Pollution Control Board, or electronically through COOL with a valid credit card in accordance with Section 101.1040(b)(1), but cannot be paid in cash.

1) Petition for Site-Specific Regulation, \$75;

2) Petition for Variance, \$75;

3) Petition for Review of Agency Permit Decision, UST Decision, or any other appeal filed under Section 40 of the Act, \$75;

4) Petition to Review Pollution Control Facility Siting Decisions, under Section 40.1 of the Act, \$75; and

5) Petition for Adjusted Standard, under Section 28.1 of the Act, \$75; and-

6) Petition for TLWQS, under Section 38.5, \$75.

f) For each document filed with the Clerk, the filing party must serve a copy of the document upon the other parties and, if a hearing officer has been assigned, upon the hearing officer in complianceaccordance with Section 101.304.

g) All documents filed with the Board must contain the relevant proceeding caption and docket number. All documents must be submitted on or formatted to print on 81/2 x 11- inch paper, except as provided in subsection (j). Paper documents must be submitted on recycled paper as defined in Subpart B, and double sided. All pages in a document must be sequentially numbered. All documents created by word processing programs must be formatted as follows:

1) The margins must each be a minimum one inch on the top, bottom, and both sides of the page; and

2) The size of the type in the body of the text must be at least noless than 12-point font, and in footnotes at least no less than 10-point font.

 h) Unless the Board, the hearing officer, the Clerk, or the procedural rules provide otherwise, all documents must be filed through COOL electronically. 1) If a document is filed in paper, the original and two2 copies of the document (three3 total) are required. If a document is filed through COOL in compliance accordance with Subpart J, no paper original or copy of the document is required.

2) The following documents must be filed through COOL or on compact disk or other portable electronic data storage device, comply with meet the requirements of Section 101.1030(g), and, to the extent technically feasible, be in text-searchable Adobe PDF:

A) The Agency record required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 105.212, 105.302, or 105.410, or 35 Ill. Adm. Code 125.208 (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 105.116);

B) The OSFM record required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 105.508 (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 105.116);

C) The local siting authority record required by 35 Ill. Adm. Code 107.302 (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 107.304); and

D) A petition filed under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104 or 35 Ill. Adm. Code 106 (see 35 Ill. Adm. Code 104.106 and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 106.106).

3) A document containing information claimed or determined to be a trade secret, or other non-disclosable information under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130, is prohibited from being filed electronically and must instead be filed only in paper. The version of the document that is redacted under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130 must be filed through COOL.

4) When filing a rulemaking proposal, if any document protected by copyright law (17 USC 101 et seq.) is proposed under Section 5-75 of the IAPA [5 ILCS 100/5-75] to be incorporated by reference, the copyrighted document is prohibited from being filed electronically, but the remainder of the rulemaking proposal must be filed through COOL. In addition, the rulemaking proponent must:

A) File a paper original of the copyrighted document. The rulemaking proposal also must include:

i) The copyright owner's written authorization for the Board to make, at no charge to the Board, no more than a total of two2 paper copies of the copyrighted document if the Board is required by State law to furnish a copy to JCAR, a court, or a member of the public during or after the rulemaking; or

ii) The proponent's representation that it will, at its own expense, promptly acquire and deliver to the Clerk's Office no more than a total of two2 paper originals of the copyrighted document if the Clerk's Office notifies the proponent in writing that the Board is required by State law to furnish a copy to JCAR, a court, or a member of the public during or after the rulemaking; or

B) File a license or similar documentation of access that, at no charge to the Board, gives the Board the rights, during and after the rulemaking, to do the following: electronically access the copyrighted document from the sole designated computer at the Board's Chicago office; print a single copy of the copyrighted document to maintain at the Board's Chicago office; and print no more than a total of two2 copies of the copyrighted document if the Board is required by State law to furnish a copy to JCAR, a court, or a member of the public.

i) No written discovery, including interrogatories, requests to produce, and requests for admission, or any response to written discovery, may be filed with the Clerk of the Board except with permission or direction of the Board or hearing officer. Any discovery request under these rules to any nonparty must be filed with the Clerk of the Board in compliance accordance with subsection (h).

j) Oversized Exhibits. When reasonably practicable, oversized exhibits must be reduced to conform to or be formatted to print on 81/2 x 11-inch paper for filing with the Clerk's Office. However, even when an oversized exhibit is so reduced or formatted, the original oversized exhibit still must be filed with the Clerk's Office. In complianceaccordance with 2 Ill. Adm. Code 2175.300, the original oversized exhibit may be returned to the person who filed it.

k) Page Limitation. No motion, brief in support of a motion, or brief may exceed 50 pages, and no amicus curiae brief may exceed 20 pages, without prior approval of the Board or hearing officer. These limits do not include appendices containing relevant material; however, materials that may be readily available to the Board, such as prior Board opinions and orders, federal regulations, and statutes, need not be included in appendices.

1) Documents filed that do not comply with <u>meet the requirements of</u> 35 Ill. Adm. Code.Subtitle A may be rejected by the Clerk or the hearing officer. Any rejection of a filing will include a description of the Board's rules that have not been met.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.304 Service of Documents

a) Service Requirements. This Section contains the Board's general service requirements. However, the more specific Part for a proceeding type may contain additional requirements.

b) Duty to Serve and When to Initiate Service. A party filing a document with the Clerk under Section 101.302 must also serve one copy of the document upon each of the other parties to the adjudicatory proceeding and, if a hearing officer has been assigned, upon the assigned hearing officer. Service of a document must be initiated concurrently with submitting the document to the Clerk for filing.

1) Service of a document upon a party must be made upon a person authorized by law to receive service on behalf of the party. If a party is represented by an attorney who has filed an appearance, service upon the party is made by serving the document upon the party's attorney. If more than one attorney appears for a party, service upon one of the party's attorneys is sufficient.

2) Each document being served (e.g., enforcement complaint, petition for review) must be accompanied by a notice of filing (see Appendix D) and a copy of the documentation of service (see subsection (d)).

3) The date on which service of a document is considered to have been completed is determined under Section 101.300(c).

4) A proceeding is subject to dismissal, and the filing party is subject to sanctions, if service is not timely initiated or completed.

5) Whether service of a document was proper may be challenged by the party allegedly served. To avoid waiving the right to contest personal jurisdiction, any challenge to service must be made under Section 101.400(a)(5).

c) Methods of Service. A document must be served in one of the following ways:

1) Except as provided in subsection (c)(2), service of documents may be made by any of the following methods:

- A) Personal service;
- B) U.S. Mail;

- C) Third-party commercial carrier;
- D) E-mail in compliance accordance with Subpart J; and

E) Facsimile, but only if the party being served has filed a notice consenting to receipt of facsimile service and not filed a notice revoking that consent.

2) Service of enforcement complaints and EMSA statements of deficiency upon respondents must be made by:

A) Personal service;

B) U.S. Mail with a recipient's signature recorded by the U.S. Postal Service upon delivery; or

C) A third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature recorded by the third-party commercial carrier upon delivery.

3) Service of administrative citations must be made as required under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 108.

d) Documentation of Service and When to File Documentation of Service. A party serving a document upon another party must also file documentation of that service. A proceeding is subject to dismissal, and the filing party is subject to sanctions, if documentation of service is not timely filed with the Clerk. Documenting service and filing that documentation must be done as follows:

1) For personal service of a document, either an affidavit or certificate of service signed by the person who made personal delivery or a declaration of service signed by the process server who made personal delivery must accompany the document being filed with the Clerk. However, if the signed affidavit, certificate, or declaration is not available to the filing party when the document is filed with the Clerk, the filing must include:

A) An affidavit or certificate of service, signed by the filing party, stating that service has been initiated, but not yet completed, and providing the following: the date, the time by when, and the place the document was provided to the person making personal delivery; the address appearing on the envelope or package containing the document; and a statement that the delivery charge was prepaid; and

B) Within <u>seven7</u> days after it becomes available to the filing party, the affidavit or certificate of service containing the signature of the person who made personal delivery or the declaration of service containing the signature of the process server, accompanied by a notice identifying the filed document to which the signed affidavit, certificate, or declaration corresponds. A copy of the signed affidavit, certificate, or declaration and the notice must be served under subsection (a).

2) For service of a document by U.S. Mail or third-party commercial carrier with a recipient's signature recorded by the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier upon delivery, the delivery confirmation containing the recipient's signature must accompany the document being filed with the Clerk. However, if the delivery confirmation containing the recipient's signature is not available to the filing party when the document is filed with the Clerk, the filing must include:

A) An affidavit or certificate of service, signed by the filing party, stating that service has been initiated, but not yet completed, and providing the following: the date, the time by when, and the place the document was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier; the address appearing on the envelope or package containing the document; and a statement that the proper postage or the delivery charge was prepaid; and B) Within <u>seven7</u> days after it becomes available to the filing party, the delivery confirmation containing the recipient's signature, accompanied by a notice identifying the filed document to which the signed delivery confirmation corresponds. A copy of the delivery confirmation and the notice must be served under subsection (a).

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3) For service of a document by e-mail or facsimile, an affidavit or certificate of service must accompany the document being filed with the Clerk. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service must comply with Section 101.1060. An affidavit or certificate of facsimile service must include the date and time of the facsimile transmission, the telephone number to which the transmission was sent, the number of pages transmitted, and a statement that the document was served by facsimile.

4) For service of a document by U.S. Mail or a third-party commercial carrier without a recipient's signature recorded by the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier upon delivery, an affidavit or certificate of service must accompany the document being filed with the Clerk. The affidavit or certificate must state the following: the date, the time by when, and the place the document was provided to the U.S. Postal Service or the third-party commercial carrier; the address appearing on the envelope or package containing the document; and that proper postage or the delivery charge was prepaid.

5) An affidavit of service must be notarized and is for use by a non-attorney. A certificate of service is for use by an attorney. Sample forms of an affidavit of service and a certificate of service are available in Appendices E and H.

6) A certificate of service must bear an attorney's signature. Signatures in affidavits of service, declarations of service, and delivery confirmations must be written by hand. A handwritten signature in documentation of service filed with the Clerk may be a facsimile or digitized electronic signature.

e) Service of Amicus Curiae Briefs. Any person who files an amicus curiae brief with the Board in any proceeding must serve copies of that brief on all parties in compliance accordance with this Section.

f) Service of Comments of Participants in an Adjudicatory Proceeding. Participants must<u>are required to</u> serve comments upon the parties to the proceeding. The Board will consider the comments as time and the Act or other applicable law allow.

g) Service on Agencies. Service must be at the addresses listed below unless a specific person has an appearance on file with the Board or has, in compliance <u>accordance</u> with Section 101.1070, consented to e-mail service.

1) Service on the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The Agency must be served at:

Division of Legal Counsel Illinois Environmental Protection Agency 1021 North Grand Avenue East P.O. Box 19276 Springfield IL 62794-9276 epa.dlc@illinois.gov

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2) Service on Office of State Fire Marshal. The OSFM must be served at:

Division of Petroleum and Chemical Safety Office of the State Fire Marshal 1035 Stevenson Dr. Springfield IL 62703

3) Service on the Illinois Attorney General. The Office of the Attorney General must be served at:

Division Chief of Environmental Enforcement Office of the Attorney General 100 West Randolph St., Suite 1200 Chicago IL 60601 enviro@atg.state.il.us

4) Service on the Illinois Department of Natural Resources. DNR must be served at:

Office of Legal Services Illinois Department of Natural Resources One Natural Resources Way Springfield IL 62702-1271

5) Service on the Illinois Department of Transportation. IDOT must be served at:

Office of Chief Counsel DOT Administration Building 2300 S. Dirksen Parkway, Room 300 Springfield IL 62764

6) Service on Region V of the United States Environmental Protection Agency. USEPA Region V must be served at:

USEPA, Region V 77 West Jackson Chicago IL 60604 (Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____) Section 101.306 Incorporation of Documents from Another Proceeding a) Upon the separate written request of any person or on its own initiative, the Board or hearing officer may incorporate materials from the record of another Board docket into any proceeding. The person seeking incorporation must file the material to be incorporated with the Board in compliance accordance with Section 101.302(h). The person seeking incorporation must demonstrate to the Board or the hearing officer that the material to be incorporated is authentic, credible, and relevant to the proceeding. Notice of the request must be given to all identified participants or parties by the person seeking incorporation.

b) The Board will give the incorporated matter the appropriate weight in light of the following factors: the standard of evidence under which the material was previously presented to the Board; the present purpose for incorporating the material; and the past and current opportunity for cross-examination of the matters asserted within the incorporated material.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective ____)

Section 101.308 Statutory Decision Deadlines and Waiver of Deadlines

a) Petitions in the following proceedings each have a 120-day statutory decision deadline: Variances (Section 38 of the Act), Permit Appeals and UST appeals (Section 40 of the Act), and Pollution Control Facility Siting Review (Section 40.1 of the Act). Other adjudicatory proceedings may be subject to decision deadlines as provided by law.

b) Where When the petitioner does not waive the decision deadline, the Board will proceed expeditiously to establish all hearing and filing requirements. Willful or unexcused failure to follow Board requirements on the deadlines will subject the party to sanctions under Subpart H. This Section will be strictly construed where when there is a decision deadline unless the Board receives a waiver under as set out in subsection (c).

c) All waivers of a deadline for Board action must be filed as a separate document. Waivers must be titled and state which type of waiver it is, identify the proceeding by name and docket number, and be signed by the party or by an authorized representative or attorney. A waiver of a statutory deadline does not preclude the Board from issuing an opinion or order prior to any decision deadline, nor does it preclude the filing of a motion seeking a decision on the matter.

1) An open waiver waives the decision deadline completely and unequivocally until the petitioner elects to reinstate the 120-day decision period by filing a notice to reinstate. Upon proper filing of the notice, the decision period is reinstated. Under <u>In accordance with</u> Section 101.300(b)(4), the decision period restarts on <u>recommences as of</u> the date on which the notice to reinstate is filed with the Board.

2) A time certain waiver must be expressed in length of days or to a specific calendar date. If expressed in length of days, day one will be

the first day after the date upon which the current time clock expires. If the petitioner files a time certain waiver before the hearing date, the waiver must be for at least 40 days. If the extension is not renewed for at least 40 days prior to the decision deadline, the Board will set the matter for hearing.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. — , effective ____)

SUBPART D: PARTIES, JOINDER, AND CONSOLIDATION

Section 101.400 Appearances, Withdrawals, and Substitutions of Attorneys in Adjudicatory Proceedings

a) Appearances. A person who is a party in a Board adjudicatory proceeding may appear as follows:

1) Individuals may appear on their own behalf or through an attorney-at-law licensed and registered to practice law. (See Section 1 of the Attorney Act [705 ILCS 205/1].)

2) When appearing before the Board, any person other than individuals must appear through an attorney-at-law licensed and registered to practice law. (See Section 1 of the Corporation Practice of Law Prohibition Act [705 ILCS 220/1] and Section 1 of the Attorney Act.)

3) An out-of-state attorney may appear as counsel and provide legal services in a particular proceeding before the Board only if the attorney has permission to do so under Illinois Supreme Court Rule 707-[Ill. Sup. Ct. Rule 707].707. No Board order is required for an out-of-state attorney to appear and no motion to appear pro hac vice is necessary. The out-of-state attorney's appearance must include the following:

A) A representation that the out-of-state attorney is in, and will maintain throughout the proceeding, compliance with Supreme Court Rule 707; and

B) Identification of the active status Illinois attorney associated with the out-of-state attorney under Supreme Court Rule 707 and the date on which the active status Illinois attorney filed an appearance in the proceeding.

4) Any attorney appearing in a representative capacity must file a separate written appearance with the Clerk, together with documentation of service of the appearance under Section 101.304(d) and notice of filing of the appearance under Section 101.304(b)(2). The appearance must include:

A) For law firms, the Agency, and the Attorney General's Office, a lead attorney must be designated for purposes of phone and mail contact pertaining to the proceeding. Absent written notice, the Board will

designate the attorney whose signature appears first on the party's first filing as the lead attorney.

B) The attorney's business address and designation of a primary e-mail address for service by e-mail. Up to two2 secondary e-mail addresses may also be included.

5) Any person seeking to contest personal jurisdiction must do so by filing a motion with the Board consistent in accordance with Section 2-301 of the Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5/2-301].

b) Withdrawals. An attorney who has appeared in a representative capacity and who wishes to withdraw from that representation must file a notice of withdrawal with the Clerk, together with documentation of service and notice of filing on all parties or their representatives.

c) Substitution. Any attorney who substitutes for an attorney of record must file a written appearance under subsection (a). That appearance must identify the attorney for whom the substitution is made. However, no attorney will be considered withdrawn from a proceeding until a formal withdrawal is filed in compliance accordance with subsection (b).

d) Any person may appear on his or her own behalf of himself or on others' behalf others in a rulemaking, proceeding consistent in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 102.100(b), or in a TLWQS proceeding.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.402 Intervention of Parties

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a) The Board may permit any person to intervene in any adjudicatory proceeding. If a person seeks to intervene in an adjudicatory proceeding, the person must file a motion to do so with the Clerk and serve a copy of the motion on all parties to the proceeding. The motion must state set forth the grounds for intervention.

b) In determining whether to grant a motion to intervene, the Board will consider the timeliness of the motion and whether intervention will unduly delay, materially prejudice, or otherwise interfere with an orderly or efficient proceeding.

c) Subject to subsection (b), the Board will permit any person to intervene in any adjudicatory proceeding if:

1) The person has an unconditional statutory right to intervene in the proceeding; or

2) It may be necessary for the Board to impose a condition on the person.

d) Subject to subsection (b), the Board may permit any person to intervene in any adjudicatory proceeding if:

1) The person has a conditional statutory right to intervene in the proceeding;

2) The person may be materially prejudiced absent intervention; or

3) The person is so situated that the person may be adversely affected by a final Board order.

e) An intervenor will have all the rights of an original party to the adjudicatory proceeding, except that the Board may limit the rights of the intervenor as justice may require. The limits may include providing that: the intervenor is bound by Board and hearing officer orders already issued or by evidence already admitted; that the intervenor does not control any decision deadline; and that the intervenor cannot raise issues that were raised or might more properly have been raised at an earlier stage of the proceeding.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.404 Agency as a Party in Interest

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a) Under Section 30 of the Act, the Board may request that the Agency investigate:

1) Any any alleged violation of the Act, any the regulations adopted under the Act, any permit or term or condition of a permit granted by the Agency, or any Board order; term or condition of any such permit and

2) Any any such other matters investigations as the Board finds may deem advisable.

b) Upon a such request under subsection (a), the Board may designate the Agency as a party in interest in any ongoing proceeding concerningin that matter. The designation of the Agency as a party in interest does not require the Agency to take a position on the merits of the proceeding.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.406 Consolidation of Claims

The Board, upon the motion of any party or upon its own motion, may consolidate <u>two2</u> or more proceedings for <u>the purpose of</u> hearing or decision or both. The Board will consolidate the proceedings if consolidation is in the interest of convenient, expeditious, and complete determination of claims, and if consolidation would not cause

material prejudice to any party. The Board will not consolidate proceedings wherein which the burdens of proof vary.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

SUBPART E: MOTIONS

Section 101.500 Filing of Motions and Responses

a) The Board may entertain any motion the parties wish to file that is permissible under the Act or other applicable law, these rules this Part, or the Illinois Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5].

b) All motions must be in writing, unless made orally on the record during a hearing or during a status conference, and must state whether the motion is directed to the Board or to the hearing officer. A party's oral Oral motion made to the Board made at hearing is waived if the party fails to file the motion must be filed in writing within 14 days after the Board receives the hearing transcript or the motion is deemed waived. Motions that should be directed to the hearing officer are specified set out in Section 101.502. All motions must be filed and served in compliance conformance with Subparts C and J.

c) Motions may be filed at any time unless otherwise specifically provided.

d) Within 14 days after service of a motion, a party may file a response to the motion. If no response is filed, the party waives will be deemed to have waived objection to the granting of the motion, but the waiver of objection does not bind the Board or the hearing officer in its disposition of the motion. Unless undue delay or material prejudice would result, neither the Board nor the hearing officer will grant any motion before expiration of the 14-day response period expires, except in decision deadline driven proceedings wherein which no decision deadline waiver has been filed. Parties may request that the Board grant more time to respond by filing a motion for extension of time before the response period expires.

e) The moving person will not have the right to reply, except aspermitted by the Board or the hearing officer permits to prevent material prejudice. A motion for permission to file a reply must be filed with the Board within 14 days after service of the response.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 101.502 Motions Directed to the Hearing Officer

a) The hearing officer has the authority to rule on all motions that are not dispositive of the proceeding. Dispositive motions include motions to dismiss, motions to decide a proceeding on the merits, motions to strike any claim or defense for insufficiency or want of proof, motions claiming lack of jurisdiction, motions for consolidation, motions for summary judgment, and motions for reconsideration. Oral motions directed to a hearing officer at a status conference will be summarized in a written hearing officer order. The duties and authorities of the hearing officer are further specified set out in Section 101.610.

b) At hearing, objections and hearing officer rulings must be made on the record. A party's An objection to a hearing officer ruling made at hearing is will be deemed waived if the party fails to file the objection not filed within 14 days after the Board receives the hearing transcript.

c) Unless the Board orders otherwise ordered by the Board, neither the filing of a motion, nor any appeal to the Board of a hearing officer order will stay the proceeding or extend the time to perform for the performance of any act. Unless otherwise provided, all hearing officer orders will remain in effect during the pendency of any appeal to the Board.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.504 Contents of Motions and Responses

All motions and responses must state the grounds upon which the motion is made and must concisely state <u>contain a concise statement of</u> the position or relief sought. Facts asserted that are not of record in the proceeding must be supported by oath, affidavit, or certification consistent <u>in accordance</u> with Section 1-109 of the Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5/1-109]. A brief or memorandum in support of the motion or response may be included.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.508 Motions to Board Preliminary to Hearing

Motions that a party desires the Board to rule on before hearing should be filed at least 21 days prior to the regularly scheduled Board meeting before the noticed hearing date. Any motion filed after this the above prescribed time will be considered by the Board if time permits.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.510 Motions to Cancel Hearing

a) Time to File. Unless the Board or the hearing officer orders otherwise the hearing officer may grant motions to cancel hearings that are filed no fewer than 10 days or, if all parties agree to the motion, 5 days before the scheduled hearing date. The hearing officer may grant a motion filed after the prescribed time only if the movant demonstrates that the movant will suffer material prejudice if the hearing is not canceled. b) Contents. All motions to cancel a hearing must state set forth a proposed date to reschedule the hearing and must be supported by an affidavit of the person or persons with knowledge of the facts that support the motion. The affidavit must include the factual basis for the request to cancel and a complete status report that describes the progress of the proceeding and sets forth the number of cancellation requests previously granted to the movant. The hearing officer will grant the motion only if the movant demonstrates that the request to cancel is not due to the result of the movant's lack of diligence.

c) In a proceeding with for which there is a decision deadline, the hearing officer will deny a motion to cancel a hearing if the decision deadline does not allow enough time for the Board to reschedule the hearing, provide the required notice of the rescheduled hearing, complete the hearing, and deliberate and decide the matter.

d) If the hearing officer grants a motion to cancel a hearing, the hearing officer will revise the schedule to complete the record in compliance accordance with Section 101.612. The hearing officer also will file the revised schedule with the Clerk and serve a copy of the revised schedule on all parties in compliance accordance with Subpart C.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.512 Motions for Expedited Review

a) Motions for expedited review must be directed to the Board. All motions for expedited review must completely state contain a complete statement of the facts and reasons for the request and must be accompanied by an oath or affirmation attesting that the facts cited are true.

b) In acting on a motion for expedited review, the Board will, at a minimum, consider all statutory requirements and whether material prejudice will result from the motion being granted or denied.

c) The Board will grant a motion for expedited review consistent with available resources and decision deadlines.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.514 Motions to Stay Proceedings

a) Motions to stay a proceeding must be directed to the Board and must be accompanied by sufficient information detailing why a stay is needed, and in decision deadline proceedings, by a waiver of any decision deadline. A status report detailing the progress of the proceeding must be included in the motion. (See also Section 101.308.)

b) If the motion to stay is granted, at the close of the stay, the parties must file a status report in compliance accordance with Subpart

C. Additional requests for stay of the proceedings must be directed to the hearing officer.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.516 Motions for Summary Judgment

a) Any time after the opposing party has appeared (or after the expiration of time within which any party must is required to appear), but no fewer than 30 days prior to the regularly scheduled Board meeting before the noticed hearing date, a party may move the Board for summary judgment for all or any part of the relief sought. Any response to a motion for summary judgment must be filed within 14 days after service of the motion for summary judgment. The hearing officer may extend the filing and response deadlines contained in this subsection upon written motion by a party, consistent with any statutory deadlines.

b) If the record, including pleadings, depositions and admissions on file, together with any affidavits, shows that there is no genuine issue of material fact, and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, the Board will enter summary judgment.

c) Any party wishing to cancel a hearing pending decision on a motion for summary judgment must file a motion to cancel hearing under Section 101.510.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.518 Motions for Interlocutory Appeal from Hearing Officer Orders

A party may take to the Board an interlocutory appeal Interlocutory appeals from a hearing officer ruling of the hearing officer may betaken to the Board by filing a motion within 14 days after the party receives receipt of the hearing officer's written order. However, if the hearing officer makes the officer's ruling is rendered on the record at hearing, any motion for interlocutory appeal must be filed within 14 days after the Board receives the hearing transcript. Filing a motion for interlocutory appeal will not postpone a scheduled hearing, stay the effect of the hearing officer's ruling, or otherwise stay the proceeding. Failure of a party to timely file a motion forinterlocutory appeal constitutes a waiver of any objection to the hearing officer's ruling.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.520 Motions for Reconsideration

a) Any motion for reconsideration or modification of a Board order must be filed within 35 days after the receipt of the order. (See Section 101.902.)

b) Any response to a motion for reconsideration or modification must be filed within 14 days after the filing of the motion.

c) A timely-filed motion for reconsideration or modification stays the effect of the order until final disposition of the motion $\frac{1}{1000}$ accordance with Section 101.300(d)(2).

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.522 Motions for Extension of Time

If a party's motion shows good cause, the <u>The</u> Board or hearing officer, for good cause shown on a party's motion after notice to the opposite party, may extend any deadline the time for filing any document or doing any act which is required by these rules to be done within a limited <u>period, this Part</u>. The motion may be filed either before or after the deadline expires expiration of time.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

SUBPART F: HEARINGS, EVIDENCE, AND DISCOVERY

Section 101.602 Notice of Board Hearings

a) The Clerk hearing officer will serve give the parties with the hearing officer's at least 21 days written notice of a hearing at least 21 days before the hearing.

b) The Clerk will provide notice of all hearings, except for administrative citation hearings, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the facility or pollution source is located, or where the activity in question occurred. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, when a hearing is to be held to satisfy the public hearing requirement of the Clean Air Act (42 USC 7401 et seq.) for State Implementation Plan revisions, the Clerk will give notice of the hearing by publication in the Illinois Register in lieu of newspaper notice. Notice must be published at least 21 days before the hearing. If the proceeding involves federal rules that the State has been delegated authority to administer, notice must be published at least 30 days before the hearing.

c) Whenever a proceeding before the Board may affect the right of the public individually or collectively to the use of community sewer or water facilities provided by a municipally owned or publicly regulated company, the Board shall at least 30 days prior to the scheduled date for the first hearing in the proceeding, give notice of the date, time, place, and purpose of the hearing by public advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the State concerned [415 ILCS 5/33(c)].

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.604 Formal Board Transcript

All Board hearings will be transcribed by a certified court reporter in compliance accordance with Section 32 of the Act or other applicable law. Any party or witness may file a motion with the hearing officer to correct the transcript within 21 days after the Board receives receipt of the transcript in the Clerk's Office. If a Failure of any party or witness fails to timely file a motion to correct the transcript, the party or witness waives constitutes a waiver of the right to correct, unless material prejudice would result results.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.606 Informal Recordings of the Proceedings

Informal recording of Board proceedings is allowed as provided for in this Section. The hearing officer may prohibit audio or video recording at hearing if a witness refuses to testify on the grounds that the witness must-may not be compelled to testify if any portion of the testimony is to be broadcast or televised. If the hearing officer determines that recording is disruptive or detrimental to proper development of the record, the hearing officer may limit or prohibit audio and <u>and/or</u> video recording.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.608 Default

a) If Failure of a party fails to appear at the hearing, or fails failure to proceed as ordered by the Board or hearing officer ordered, the party defaults will constitute default.

b) If a respondent fails to appear at hearing, the complainant or petitioner must prove its prima facie case in order to prevail on the merits.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.610 Duties and Authority of the Hearing Officer

The hearing officer has the duty to manage proceedings assigned, to set hearings, to conduct a fair hearing, to take all necessary action to avoid delay, to maintain order, and to ensure development of a clear, complete, and concise record for timely transmission to the Board. The hearing officer has all powers necessary to these ends, including the authority to: a) Require parties to proceed to hearing and establish a schedule for, and notice and service of, any prefiled submission of testimony and written exhibits;

b) Administer oaths and affirmations;

c) Allow for the examination of or examine witnesses to ensure a clear and complete record;

d) Regulate the course of the hearing, including controlling the order of proceedings;

e) Establish reasonable time limits on the duration of the testimony and questioning of any witness, and limit repetitive or cumulative testimony and questioning;

f) Determine that a witness is adverse, hostile, or unwilling under Section 101.624;

g) Issue an order compelling the answers to interrogatories or responses to other discovery requests;

h) Order the production of evidence under Section 101.614;

i) Order the filing of any required record or recommendation in a manner whichthat provides for a timely review and development of issues prior to the hearing and consistent with any statutory decision deadline;

j) Initiate, schedule, and conduct a pre-hearing conference;

 k) Order a briefing and comment schedule and exclude late-filed briefs and comments from the record;

1) Rule upon objections and evidentiary questions;

m) Order discovery under Sections 101.614 and 101.616;

 n) Rule on any motion directed to the hearing officer or deferred to the hearing officer by the Board consistent in accordance with Section 101.502;

o) Set status report schedules;

p) Require all participants in a rulemaking proceeding or TLWQS proceeding to state their positions regarding with respect to the proposal or petition, as applicable; and

q) Rule upon offers of proof and receive evidence and rule upon objections to the introduction of evidence.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.612 Schedule to Complete the Record

a) The hearing officer will must establish a schedule to complete the record by hearing officer order. The schedule may provide dates and deadlines for pre-hearing conferences, discovery completion, and hearing and post-hearing submissions (including public comments). The schedule must provide for a completed record at least 30 days before the decision date, unless the hearing officer orders otherwise to prevent material prejudice. The hearing officer will must file the schedule with the Clerk and serve a copy of the schedule on all parties in compliance-accordance with Subpart C.

b) The hearing officer may rule upon any motion to revise the schedule to complete the record. The hearing officer may grant the motion to the extent that the revised schedule provides for a completed record at least 30 days before the decision date or to prevent material prejudice. If the hearing officer grants a motion to revise the schedule, the hearing officer will must file the revised schedule with the Clerk and serve a copy of the revised schedule on all parties in compliance accordance with Subpart C. (See also Section 101.510(d).)

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.616 Discovery

The assigned hearing officer will set all time deadlines for discovery not already provided for in this Subpart consistent with Board deadlines. For <u>purposes of</u> discovery, the Board may look to the Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5] and the <u>Illinois</u> Supreme Court Rules [Ill. Sup. Ct. Rules] for guidance wherewhen the Board's procedural rules are silent (see Section 101.100(b)). All discovery disputes will be handled by the assigned hearing officer.

a) All relevant information and information calculated to lead to relevant information is discoverable, excluding those materials that would be protected from disclosure in the courts of this State under statute, Supreme Court Rules or common law, and materials protected from disclosure under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130.

b) If the parties cannot agree on the scope of discovery or the time or location of any deposition, the hearing officer has the authority to order discovery or to deny requests for discovery.

c) All discovery must be completed at least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing in the proceeding unless the hearing officer orders otherwise.

d) The hearing officer may, on his or her own motion or on the motion of any party or witness, issue protective orders that deny, limit, condition or regulate discovery to prevent unreasonable expense, or harassment, to expedite resolution of the proceeding, or to protect non-disclosable materials from disclosure consistent with Sections 7 and 7.1 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130.

e) Unless a claim of privilege is asserted, it is not a ground for objection that the testimony of a deponent or person interrogated will be inadmissible at hearing, if the information sought is reasonably calculated to lead to relevant information. Any appeals of rulings by the hearing officer regarding discovery must be in writing and filed with the Board prior to hearing.

f) Failure to comply with any order regarding discovery may subject the offending persons to sanctions under Subpart H.

g) If any person serves any request for discovery or answers to discovery for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation, or knowingly gives a false answer to discovery questions, the Board, on its own motion or the motion of a party, may impose sanctions under Subpart H.

h) A party must amend any prior responses to interrogatories, requests for production, or requests for admission if the party learns that the response is in some material respect incomplete or incorrect, and the additional or corrected information has not otherwise been made known to the other parties during the discovery process or in writing.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.618 Admissions

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a) General. All requests to admit must be served upon a party no later than 35 days before hearing. All answers or objections to requests to admit must be served upon the party requesting the admission within 28 days after the service of the request.

b) Extension of Time. Under In accordance with Sections 101.522 and 101.610, the hearing officer may extend the time for filing any request, answer, or objection either before or after the expiration of time.

c) Request to Admit. Any party serving a request to admit under in accordance with subsection (d) or (e) must include the following language in the first paragraph of the request: - "Failure to respond to the following requests to admit within 28 days may have severe consequences. If you fail Failure to respond to the following requests, you will be considered to have admitted that result in all the facts requested are being deemed admitted as true for this proceeding. If you have any questions about this procedure, you should contact the hearing officer assigned to this proceeding or an attorney."

d) Request for Admission of Fact. A party may serve a written request for admission of the truth of specific statements of fact on any other party.

e) Request for Admission of Genuineness of Document. A party may serve a written request for admission of the genuineness of documents on any other party. Copies of the document must be served unless the document has already been furnished in the present proceeding.

f) Admitted If Not Denied Admission in the Absence of Denial. Each of the matters of fact and the genuineness of each document of which admission is requested is admitted unless, within 28 days after service, the party to whom the request is directed serves upon the party requesting the admission either a sworn statement denying specifically the matters of which admission is requested or stating setting forth in detail the reasons why the party cannot truthfully admit or deny those matters, or written objections on the ground that some or all of the requested admissions are privileged or irrelevant or that the request is otherwise improper in whole or in part. If written objections to a part of the request are made, the remainder of the request must be answered within the period designated in the request. A denial must fairly address the substance of the requested admission.

g) Partial Denial or Qualification. If good faith requires that a party deny a part of a matter for which an admission is requested, or if a part requires qualification, the party must specify the part which that is denied or qualified and admit only the remainder.

h) Objection. Any objection to a request or to any answer must be stated with specificity, and will be heard by the hearing officer upon notice and motion of the party making the request.

i) Effect of Admission. Any admission made by a party to <u>under</u> a request under this Section is for the <u>purpose of the</u> pending proceeding only. It is <u>does</u> not <u>constitute</u> an admission by the party for any other purpose and must <u>may</u> not be used against him<u>or her</u> in any other proceeding.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.620 Interrogatories

a) Unless ordered otherwise by the hearing officer orders otherwise, a party may serve a maximum of 30 written interrogatories, including subparts, on any other party, no later than 35 days before hearing.

b) Within 28 days after service, the party to whom the interrogatory is directed must serve the answers and objections, if any, upon the party submitting the interrogatories. Each interrogatory must be

answered separately and fully in writing under oath, unless it is objected to. Answers must be signed by the person making them and objections must be signed by the attorney making them or, if in the event of an individual represents representing himself or herself, the individual making them.

c) Grounds for an objection to an interrogatory must be stated with specificity, and be accompanied by a copy of the interrogatory. Any ground that is not stated in a timely objection is waived unless waiver would result it results in material prejudice or good cause for the delay is shown.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.622 Subpoenas and Depositions

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a) Upon request by any party to a contested proceeding, the Clerk will issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses at a hearing or deposition. Subpoena forms are available at the Board's Chicago office. The person requesting the subpoena is responsible for completing the subpoena and serving it upon the witness.

b) Service of the subpoena on the witness must be completed no later than 10 days before the date of the required appearance. A copy of the subpoena must be filed with the Clerk and served upon the hearing officer within 7 days after service upon the witness. Failure to serve both the Clerk and the hearing officer makes will render the subpoena null and void. Service and filing must comply be in accordance with Subpart C.

c) Subpoenas may include a command to produce books, papers, documents, or other tangible things designated in the subpoena therein and relevant to the matter under consideration.

d) The hearing officer, upon motion made promptly and in any event at or before the time specified in the subpoena for compliance, may quash or modify the subpoena if it is unreasonable or irrelevant. The hearing officer, under the standards of Section 101.614, will rule upon motions to quash or modify material requested in the subpoena under subsection (c) in accordance with the standards articulated in Section 101.614.

e) Each witness subpoenaed by a party under this Section is entitled to receive witness fees from that party as provided in Section 4.3 of the Circuit Courts Act [705 ILCS 35/4.3].

f) Unless the hearing officer orders otherwise, any witness subpoenaed for a deposition may be required to attend only in the county in which he or she resides or maintains an office address. Consistent In accordance with Illinois Supreme Court Rule 206(d) [Ill. Sup. Ct. Rule 206(d)], all depositions must be limited to 3 hours in length unless the parties and the non-party deponent by stipulation agree to a longer time frame or unless the hearing officer orders otherwise after a showing of good cause. <u>(See Ill. S. Ct. Amended Rule 206(d).)</u>

g) Failure of any witness to comply with a subpoena will subject the witness to sanctions under this Part, or the judicial enforcement of the subpoena. The Board may, upon proper motion by the party requesting the subpoena, request the Attorney General to pursue judicial enforcement of the subpoena on behalf of the Board.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.624 Examination of Adverse, Hostile, or Unwilling Witnesses

a) Adverse Witnesses. At hearing, upon motion granted by the hearing officer, any party, or any person for whose immediate benefit the proceeding is prosecuted or defended, or any officers, directors, managing agents, or foremen of any party may be called as an adverse witness consistent with Section 2-1102 of as allowed by the Code of Civil Procedure [735 ILCS 5/2-1102]. (See Section 2 1102 of the Code of Civil Procedure.) Adverse witnesses may be examined as if under cross-examination. The party calling the adverse witness may rebut the testimony and may impeach the witness.

b) Hostile or Unwilling Witnesses. If the hearing officer determines that any witness is hostile or unwilling, the witness may be examined by the party calling the witness as if under cross-examination.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.626 Information Produced at Hearing

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16 IN B

In compliance accordance with Section 10-40 of the IAPA, the hearing officer will admit evidence that is admissible under the rules of evidence as applied in the civil courts of Illinois, except as otherwise provided in this Part.

a) Evidence. The hearing officer may admit evidence that is material, relevant, and would be relied upon by prudent persons in the conduct of serious affairs, unless the evidence is privileged.

b) Admissibility of Evidence. When the admissibility of evidence depends upon a good faith argument as to the interpretation of substantive law, the hearing officer will admit the evidence.

c) Scientific Articles and Treatises. Relevant scientific or technical articles, treatises, or materials may be introduced into evidence by a party. The materials are subject to refutation or disputation through introduction of documentary evidence or expert testimony. d) Written Testimony. Written testimony may be introduced by a party in a hearing only if provided to all other parties of record beforeprior to the date of the hearing and only after the opposing parties have had an opportunity to object to the written testimony and to obtain a ruling on the objections before prior to its introduction. Written testimony may be introduced by a party only if the persons whose written testimony is introduced are available for cross-examination at hearing.

e) Admission of Business Records. A writing or record, whether in the form of any entry in a book or otherwise made as a memorandum or record of any act, transaction, occurrence, or event, may be admissible as evidence of the act, transaction, occurrence, or event. To be admissible, the writing or record must have been made in the regular course of business, if provided it was the regular course of business to make the memorandum or record at the time of the act, transaction, occurrence, or event, or within a reasonable time afterwards. All other circumstances of the making of the writing or record, including lack of personal knowledge by the entrant or maker, may be admitted to affect the weight of the evidence, but will not affect admissibility. The term "business," as used in this subsection (e), includes businesses, professions, occupations, and callings of every kind.

f) Prior Inconsistent Statements. Prior statements made under oath may be admitted to impeach a witness if the statement is inconsistent with the witness' testimony at hearing.

g) Oral and Written Statements. Oral and written statements from participants may be taken at hearing under in accordance with Section 101.628.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.627 Electronic Filing of Hearing Exhibits After Adjudicatory or TLWQS Hearing

a) Scope. After an adjudicatory or TLWQS hearing, an accurate reproduction of each exhibit offered for admission at the hearing must be electronically filed through COOL under Subpart J by the party or participant who offered the exhibit, unless the hearing officer determines that it is not practicable for the offering party or participant to do so.

1) This electronic filing requirement:

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A) Applies regardless of whether the hearing exhibit was admitted by the hearing officer; and

B) Does not apply to a hearing exhibit that contains information claimed or determined to be a trade secret or other <u>non-disclosable_nondisclosable</u> information under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130, but it does apply to the version of the exhibit that is redacted under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 130.

2) When practicable, the offering party or participant must:

A) Reduce an oversized hearing exhibit to conform to or be formatted to print on $81/2 \times 11$ -inch paper; and

B) Electronically file the version of the oversized exhibit reduced under subsection (a)(2)(A).

b) Timing. The offering party or participant must comply with subsection (a) within <u>five5</u> days after the last day of the hearing at which the exhibit was offered. Upon good cause shown, the hearing officer may extend this deadline.

c) Certification. The electronic filing under subsection (a) must include a certification in which the offering party or participant certifies that each hearing exhibit being filed is an accurate reproduction of the corresponding exhibit offered at the hearing.

d) Exhibit Number. The offering party or participant must mark each hearing exhibit electronically filed under subsection (a) with the number assigned to that exhibit by the hearing officer.

e) Form. Each hearing exhibit electronically filed under subsection(a) must comply with Section 101.1030, except as follows:

1) The exhibit must, to the extent technically feasible, be in a text-searchable format; and

2) Multiple exhibits may be filed as a single electronic file, subject to the size limit of Section 101.1030(c).

f) Service. The offering party or participant must serve the other parties or participants and the hearing officer with its notice of filing the hearing exhibits under subsection (a). (See Section 101.302(b)(3).) The offering party or participant is not required to serve the hearing exhibits, unless the hearing officer orders otherwise.

g) Objection and Response

1) No later than five5 days after the offering party or participant files a hearing exhibit under subsection (a), any other party or participant may file an objection but only to allege that the filed exhibit is not an accurate reproduction of the exhibit offered at the hearing. Each hearing exhibit filed under this Section will be promptly posted to COOL by the Clerk's Office.

2) No later than $five_{5}$ days after being served with an objection under subsection (g)(1), the offering party or participant may file a response to the objection.

3) Upon good cause shown or to avoid undue delay, the hearing officer may modify one or both deadlines under this subsection (g).

(Source: Added at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective _____)

Section 101.628 Statements from Participants

a) Oral Statements. The hearing officer may permit a participant to make oral statements on the record when time, facilities, and concerns for a clear and concise hearing record so allow. The oral statements must be made under oath and are subject to cross-examination. (See Sections 101.110 and 101.114.)

b) Written Statements. Any participant may submit written statements relevant to the subject matter at any time before prior to hearing or at hearing. The participant Participants submitting the such a statement will be subject to cross-examination by any party. Written statements submitted without the availability of cross-examination will be treated as public comment in compliance accordance with subsection (c) and will be afforded lesser weight than evidence subject to cross-examination.

c) Public Comments or Amicus Curiae Briefs. Oral public comment may be made on the record at a hearing and is not subject to cross-examination. Additionally, participants may file written public comments subject to the requirements of this Section and the hearing officer's schedule for completing completion of the record. The Board also allows for the filing of amicus curiae briefs by non-party participants. Amicus curiae briefs will be allowed in compliance accordance with Section 101.110.

1) Written public comments must be filed within 14 days after the close of the last hearing unless the hearing officer specifies a different date for submission of post-hearing comments. However, all public comments must be filed with the Board no later than 30 days before the decision date, unless the hearing officer orders otherwise to prevent material prejudice. Consistent with the burden of proof in an adjudicatory a proceeding or with the designation of the proponent in a rulemaking or the petitioner in a TLWQS proceeding, the hearing officer may provide for differing filing deadlines regarding with respect to post-hearing comments by different persons. Under hearing officer order, rebuttal public comments may be submitted.

2) All public comments must present arguments or comments based on evidence contained in the record. The comments may also present legal argument citing legal authorities.

3) Comments must be filed with the Board. Comments will be distributed to parties and the hearing officer by the Clerk's office.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective ____) Section 101.630 Official Notice and Evidence Evaluation

a) Official notice may be taken of:

1) Matters all facts of which the circuit courts of this State may take judicial notice; may be taken and of other

2) Generally recognized technical or scientific facts within the Board's specialized knowledge and experience of the Board.

b) Parties will be notified of the material noticed under subsection(a) and they will be given an opportunity to contest that material.

c) The Board may use its experience, technical competence, and specialized knowledge in evaluating evidence.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

SUBPART G: ORAL ARGUMENT

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Section 101.700 Oral Argument

a) The Board may hear oral argument upon written motion of a party or the Board's own motion. The oral argument will be transcribed by a stenographer provided by the Board and become part of the record of the proceedings before the Board. The purpose of oral argument is to address legal questions. Oral argument is not intended to address new facts.

b) Motions for oral argument must contain arguments supporting the grant of the motion for oral argument. In considering a motion for oral argument, the Board will consider, but is not limited to considering, the uniqueness of the issue or proceeding and whether the issue or proceeding involves a conflict of law.

c) In any proceeding with a statutory decision deadline, the Board will deny the request for oral argument if there is insufficient time to schedule oral argument and allow time for the Board to issue its decision.

d) If the Board grants the motion for oral argument, it will issue an order stating setting forth a schedule for oral argument that may include a briefing schedule. The brief will be limited to the issues for which oral argument was granted.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

the Board's decision was in error. (See also Section 101.520.) A motion for reconsideration of a final Board order is not a prerequisite to for the appeal of appealing the final Board order.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.904 Relief from Final Opinions and Orders

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a) Upon its own motion or motion of any party, the Board may correct clerical mistakes in orders or other parts of the record and errors in the record therein arising from oversight or omission before the appeal is docketed in the appellate court. While the appeal is pending, the mistakes may be corrected only with permission of the appellate court. Any corrected order will be delivered mailed to all parties and participants in that proceeding.

b) On written motion, the Board may relieve a party from a final order entered in a contested proceeding, for the following:

1) Newly-discovered evidence that existed at the time of hearing and that by due diligence could not have been timely discovered;

2) Fraud (whether intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation, or other misconduct of an adverse party; or

3) Void order, such as an order based upon jurisdictional defects.

c) A motion under this Section does not affect the finality of a Board order or suspend the operation of a Board order. The motion must be filed in the same proceeding in which the order was entered but is not a continuation of the proceeding. The motion must be supported by oath or affidavit or other appropriate showing as to matters not of record. All parties or participants in the proceeding must be notified by the movant as provided by Section 101.304.

d) A motion under subsection (b) must be filed with the Board within one year after entry of the order, except that a motion under subsection (b)(3) must be filed within a reasonable time after entry of the order.

e) Any response to a motion under this Section must be filed within 14 days after the filing of the motion.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.906 Judicial Review of Board Orders

a) Under Sections 29(a), 38.5(j), and 41(a) of the Act <u>[415 ILCS</u> 5/29(a), 38.5(j), 41(a)] and <u>Illinois</u> Supreme Court Rule 335 [Ill. S. Ct. Rule 335],335, judicial review of final Board orders is available 4) Keep Retain the paper original of the document, including the original pen-and-ink signatures of the additional persons, for one year after the later of the following:

A) The date on which the time period expires for appealing the final order of the Board; or

B) If the final order of the Board is appealed, the date on which thetime period expires for seeking any further review in the courts.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.1020 Filing Electronic Documents

a) COOL. To file an electronic document through COOL, the document must first be uploaded on COOL.

b) Digital Signature Certificate. Uploading a document on COOL requires a valid State of Illinois digital signature certificate.

c) Uploading Hours. Electronic documents may be uploaded on COOL 24 hours per day, every day.

d) E-Mail Receipt. Uploading a document on COOL will generate an e-mail receipt for the digital signature certificate holder. The receipt will verify the date and time when the document was uploaded on COOL.

e) Time of Filing. Subject to subsection (f), an electronic document uploaded on COOL will be considered filed as of the date and time specified on the e-mail receipt generated under subsection (d), except that:

1) A document uploaded on a Saturday or Sunday, on a national or State legal holiday, or after 4:30 p.m. on a weekday is considereddeemed filed the next business day.

2) A document uploaded without one or more portions of the filing (e.g., oversized exhibit; trade secret or non-disclosable information; copyrighted document proposed for incorporation by reference in a rule) or without a required oath, affidavit, notarization, signature, or filing fee is considered filed on the date that the Clerk receives the document's last missing item, except as provided in subsection (e)(2)(A) or (e)(2)(B). If the Clerk receives the document's last missing item by U.S. Mail or third-party commercial carrier after the document's filing deadline date, the document will be considered filed on:

A) On the date that the Clerk receives the document's last missing item; orAB) The On the postmark date on which of the document's last missing item was provided to the U.S. Postal Service (see Section 101.300(b)(3)); or if that item was sent by U.S. Mail, was received after the date of a filing deadline, and has a postmark date that precedes or is the same as the deadline date.

B) The date on which the document's last missing item was provided to the third-party commercial carrier for delivery to the Clerk within three3 business days (see Section 101.300(b)(3)).

3) A document consisting of multiple electronic files is considered filed as of the date and time specified on the e-mail receipt generated under subsection (d) for the last file uploaded to complete the document.

f) Review by the Clerk. The Clerk will review electronically each document uploaded on COOL, validate the proceeding information provided, and accept or reject the document for filing.

1) If the Clerk accepts an uploaded document, the Clerk's Office will e-mail a notice of acceptance to the digital signature certificate holder, indicating that the filed document may be viewed on COOL.

2) If the Clerk rejects an uploaded document, the Clerk's Office will e-mail a notice of rejection to the digital signature certificate holder. The Clerk may reject an uploaded document because the document is prohibited from being filed electronically under Section 101.302(h)(3) or (h)(4), the document fails to comply with file size or naming requirements of Section 101.1030(c), or the document is corrupted or otherwise cannot be readily opened. If an uploaded document is rejected by the Clerk, the Board may, upon good cause shown, enter an order ruling <u>deeming</u> the document filed as of the date and time specified when the document was uploaded on COOL, subject to subsections (e)(1) through (e)(3).

g) Technical Failure. If an electronic document is not uploaded, or is materially delayed in uploading, on COOL due to a technical failure, the Board may, upon good cause shown, enter an order ruling<u>deeming</u> the document uploaded under subsection (d) as of the date and time of the first attempted uploading. "Technical failure" as used in this subsection is limited to a system outage of COOL or other malfunction of the hardware, software, or telecommunications facilities of the Board or the Board's electronic filing provider. "Technical failure", therefore, does not include any malfunction of the equipment used by the person authorizing the filing or the digital signature certificate holder.

h) Clerk's Electronic Stamp. An electronic document uploaded on COOL and accepted by the Clerk for filing will be endorsed by the Clerk with a file stamp stating setting forth the date of filing. This file stamp will be merged with the electronic document and visible when the document is viewed on COOL. Electronically filed documents so endorsed have the same legal effect as paper documents file- stamped by the Clerk conventionally under in accordance with Section 101.300(b). hearing officer if the person has the capability of serving the document by e-mail.

e) When a document is served by e-mail, documentation of service must be filed with the Clerk and served on all persons entitled to service in that proceeding. A sample form of affidavit or certificate of e-mail service is available in Appendix H. An affidavit or certificate of e-mail service must include the following:

1) The e-mail address of the recipient and the e-mail address of the person authorizing the filing;

2) The number of pages in the e-mail transmission;

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3) A statement that the document was served by e-mail; and

4) The date of the e-mail transmission and the time by when it took place.

f) If any computer malfunction precludes the e-mail service of a document, the person authorizing the filing must promptly serve the document in paper under Section 101.304(c).

g) Except for a final adjudicatory order<u>orders</u> of the Board in an enforcement proceeding under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 103, which the Clerk's Office serves on the respondent or respondents in paper by certified mail, the Clerk's Office will serve Board orders and hearing officer orders by e-mail, in lieu of serving paper documents, if the recipient has consented to e-mail service in the proceeding and has not revoked the consent. (See Section 101.1070.)

1) The Clerk will record the date and time of e-mail service, consistent with subsection (e).

2) When serving a Board order or hearing officer order by e-mail, the Clerk will transmit the order to all the recipient's e-mail addresses designated under Section 101.1070(b), simultaneously requesting a delivery receipt. If the Clerk receives no delivery receipt within 24 hours after transmission, the Clerk will promptly serve the Board order or hearing officer order in paper under Section 101.304(c).

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.1070 Consenting to Receipt of E-Mail Service

a) In any proceeding, a person consents to e-mail service of documents in lieu of receiving paper documents by:

1) Filing a "Consent to Receipt of E-Mail Service" (see sample form of consent in Appendix I);

2) Providing the hearing officer, during a hearing or conference, with an e-mail address that is designated for receiving service;

3) Filing an attorney's appearance; or

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4) Appearing on a notice list or service list and providing the Clerk's Office with an e-mail address that is designated for receiving service.

b) Any person who consents to email service under subsection (a) must designate a primary e-mail address for receiving service and may designate up to two2 secondary e-mail addresses for receiving service.

cbc) At any time during a proceeding, consent to e-mail service may be provided under as set forth in subsection (a). To accept e-mail service, it is not necessary to obtain a State of Illinois digital signature certificate.

ded) A person's consent to receiving e-mail service may be revoked by that person at any time during the proceeding upon the person's filing of a notice of the revocation with the Clerk's Office. However, an attorney who filed an appearance must not revoke consent unless the appearance is withdrawn.

ede) Upon a change in any primary or secondary the e-mail address of a recipient of e-mail service, the recipient must file a notice notify the Clerk's Office of the e-mail address change with the Clerk's Office for each pending proceeding in which the person has consented to e-mail service.

(Source: Amended at 43 Ill. Reg. ____, effective

Section 101.APPENDIX I Consent to Receipt of E-Mail Service

BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

)Applicable Caption)(see
Appendix A))	docket number)

I, the undersigned, authorize the service of documents on me by e-mail in lieu of receiving paper documents in the above-captioned proceeding. My primary e-mail address to receive service is as follows: [you must designate a primary e-mail address]. My secondary e-mail address or e-mail addresses, if any, to receive service are [you are not required to designate a secondary

e-mail address, but if you do, you may designate up to two secondary e-mail addresses].

Document comparison by Workshare Compare on Wednesday, April 24, 2019 2:50:35 PM

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Document 1 ID	file://I:\Input\Agency Rulemakings - Files Received\2019\April 2019\35-101-Agency Proposed-(issue 18).docx	
Description	35-101-Agency Proposed-(issue 18)	
Document 2 ID	file://I:\Input\Agency Rulemakings - Files Received\2019\April 2019\35-101-r01(issue 18).docx	
Description	35-101-r01(issue 18)	
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Legend:	
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Deleted cell	
Moved cell	
Split/Merged cell	
Padding cell	

4 25

Statistics:				
	Count			
Insertions	118			
Deletions	434			
Moved from	0			
Moved to	0			
Style change	0			
Format changed	0			
Total changes	552			